Science-Informed Decision-Making U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management Alaska

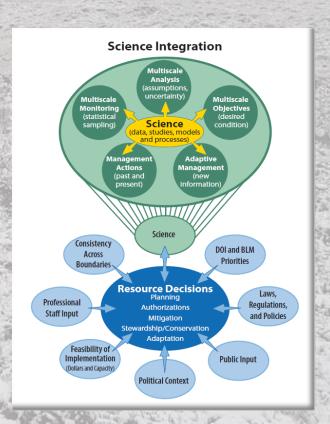


Overview

Key Roles of Science in Relation to BLM Management

BLM Alaska Science Investments

BLM Alaska Science Collaborations

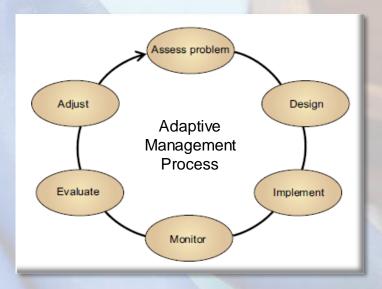


Key Roles of Science

1. Baseline research & monitoring

2. Applied environmental-impact research

3. Effectiveness monitoring



BLM Alaska Science Investments

- Baseline Ecological Characterization & Monitoring
 - North Slope Rapid Ecoregional Assessment (REA)
 - Assessment, Inventory, & Monitoring Program (AIM)
- Project-Specific Studies & Monitoring
- Broad-Scale Science Collaborations
 - North Slope Science Initiative (NSSI)
 - Circumpolar Biodiversity Monitoring Program (CBMP)
 - Integration of Indigenous Knowledge and Stakeholder Collaboration into science-informed decision-making

Baseline Ecological Characterization

North Slope Rapid Ecoregional Assessment (REA)

- Transcends management boundaries
- Synthesizes data at the ecoregional level
- Addresses current problems / issues
- Supports efforts to project future conditions
- Supports analysis and decision making by BLM & other federal, state, local agencies
- Informs and benefits public stakeholders

Baseline Ecological Characterization

North Slope Assessment, Inventory and Monitoring (AIM)

- Implements & evaluates applicability of bureauwide protocols in the Arctic
- Establishes framework for characterizing ecosystem conditions and dynamics
- Supports adaptive management by providing a framework for future monitoring of ecosystem dynamics in relation to development activities.

Project-Specific Studies & Monitoring Examples

- Air quality modeling/monitoring
- Subsistence monitoring
- Caribou monitoring
- Fish Creek watershed aquatics and hydrology

Broad-Scale Science Collaborations



Fostering Science Collaboration on Alaska's North Slope

NSSI works with partners to facilitate

collection, communication, synthesis, and application



high-quality scientific information and indigenous knowledge



development
planning,
implementation,
and impact
mitigation

Broad-Scale Science Collaborations

Conservation of Arctic Flora and Fauna (CAFF)

Circumpolar Biodiversity Monitoring Program (CBMP)

- On behalf of BLM, NSSI represents U.S. as co-lead of CBMP with Kingdom of Denmark.
- CBMP seeks to harmonize and enhance Arctic monitoring efforts in order to facilitate more rapid detection, communication, and response to significant trends and pressures.
- Concurrent CBMP workshop in Anchorage to work on coastal and marine monitoring plans.





Questions & Discussion