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3	BUREAU OF OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT	
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7	Tuesday, April 24, 2012	
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9	1:00 p.m.	
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13	Hilton Norfolk Airport	
14	1500 North Military Highway	
15	Norfolk, Virginia	
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21	Reported By: Lois B. Boyle, RMR	
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1 MR. BENNETT: Good afternoon. I'd like to 2 welcome you all to this public hearing on the 3 Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement on 4 Geological and Geophysical Activities in the Mid- and South Atlantic. My name is Jim Bennett. I am with the 5 6 Bureau of Ocean Energy Management at its headquarters. 7 Safety first. In the event of an emergency, 8 the closest exits are the ones right behind you. The 9 restrooms are down the hall in the lobby to the right 10 of the elevators. 11 First I want to mention that the Bureau of 12 Ocean Energy Management is an bureau within the United 13 States Department of the Interior. We are responsible 14 for research and environmental protection on the Outer 15 Continental Shelf. 16 We are here to take your comments on the 17 environmental impact statement and I'd like to 18 introduce several people to you because, like I say, we 19 are here to get your comments. But if you have 20 questions or seek some information, there are a number 2.1 of people here who may be able to help you or we could 22 find the information for you. 23 The first person, of course, is our Director, Tommy Beaudreau up on the panel and the Project 24 25 Manager, Tom Bergstadt, to his right. Also Tershara

- 1 Matthews, Regional Environmental Assessment Unit
- 2 Supervisor and Gary Goeke, the Regional Environmental
- 3 Section Chief. Cathy Rosa is here with logistics. I
- 4 think she is out at the table. And John Filostrat is
- 5 with our Office of Public Affairs. John? There is
- 6 John.
- 7 Also, from our consultants, Continental Shelf
- 8 Associates, the Project Manager, Will Sloger. Is he in
- 9 here?
- 10 Kim Olsen, the Deputy Project Manager and
- 11 Robin -- you know, I know I am going to get this wrong
- 12 because she explained it to me -- Schuricht.
- With that, like I said, again, we are here to
- 14 receive your comments. But before we do that, we have
- 15 some remarks from our Director, Tommy Beaudreau, and a
- 16 short presentation on the project and the EIS itself
- 17 from Tom Bergstadt. Tommy.
- MR. BEAUDREAU: Good afternoon everyone.
- 19 Thank you very much for attending this public hearing
- 20 on our Draft Programmatic EIS for Geological and
- 21 Geophysical Activities in the Mid- and South Atlantic.
- 22 Let me start by just providing a little bit of context
- 23 for the Programmatic EIS so that everyone here
- 24 understands how it fits in with our responsibilities
- 25 and our oversight activity.

1	The Bureau of Ocean Energy Management was
2	formed last October. It's one of the two new agencies
3	in the Interior Department that were created following
4	the Deepwater Horizon blowout and oil spill in the Gulf
5	of Mexico two years ago, two years ago last week.
6	The reorganization was one of the fundamental
7	responses that the Federal Government took in the wake
8	of the Deepwater Horizon accident to provide for more
9	effective oversight of offshore energy activity, oil
10	and gas as well as renewable energy development.
11	The way we designed the reorganization was
12	essentially to separate out environmental assessment
13	and leasing activity and long-term offshore energy
14	planning activity from a more pure safety oversight.
15	And so the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, which is
16	our agency, is responsible for long-term planning for
17	energy activity on the U.S. OCS. That includes
18	development of the five-year oil and gas leasing
19	program. It includes conducting all environmental
20	assessments under NEPA as well as other statutes and
21	overseeing actual lease sales for oil and gas as well
22	as the development and leasing related to offshore
23	renewable energy including wind energy.
24	The Bureau of Safety and Environmental
25	Enforcement, which is our sister agency, is responsible

- 1 for overseeing the safety of offshore energy activities
- 2 including the safety of drilling operations, overseeing
- 3 spill response in the event of an accident or an oil
- 4 spill, and conducting inspections.
- 5 And so broadly speaking, that is the
- 6 breakdown of responsibilities between the two new
- 7 agencies. So BOEM, as I said, is responsible for
- 8 developing the five-year oil and gas leasing program.
- 9 We put out a draft of the five-year program last
- 10 November that laid out a proposed schedule for oil and
- 11 gas lease sales on the U.S. OCS for the period starting
- 12 later this year, 2012 through 2017.
- 13 That program includes potential lease sales
- in the Gulf of Mexico, in the central and western Gulf
- of Mexico, a sliver in the eastern Gulf of Mexico,
- 16 potential sales in Alaska, my home state, off of the
- 17 Beaufort and Chukchi Sea planning areas and the Cook
- 18 Inlet planning area. These are all areas that have had
- 19 lease sales in the past.
- 20 And so we designed the program focused on
- 21 developing regionally tailored, regionally specific
- 22 approaches to oil and gas leasing, meaning getting away
- 23 from a default of area wide leasing that has existed in
- 24 the past and moving toward more narrowly tailored and
- 25 appropriate leasing programs, depending on the region.

1 And so, for example, with respect to the Gulf 2 of Mexico which is an extremely mature area for oil and 3 gas development, we do maintain or propose continuing area wide lease sales in the central and western Gulf 4 It's the area with the most resource potential, particularly in the central Gulf of Mexico 7 and the most mature infrastructure to both bring 8 resources to market and also to respond in the event of an accident or an oil spill. 9 10 With respect to the Artic, we have proposed 11 potential sales, one sale each in the Beaufort and the 12 Chukchi, but we set those sales very late in the 13 five-year program with the idea that we want to 14 continue developing the science including geological 15 science as well as environmental science to inform, A, 16 whether those lease sales should actually go forward, and B, if they do go forward, what should the 17 18 configuration of the lease sale be? 19 We are not going to do an area wide lease 20 sale in the Artic where in the past we've made 2.1 available essentially the entire area and the oil and 22 gas companies chose within that area where they would 23 be interested in purchasing acreage. 24 Instead, what we believe is more appropriate 25 for the Artic would be focusing on where the resource

- 1 potential is, understanding through scientific
- 2 development including seismic surveys where the
- 3 resource potential is and then taking a hard look at
- 4 how that lines up with environmentally sensitive areas
- 5 and other leases including subsistence hunts which they
- 6 are extremely important to native Alaskans.
- 7 And so out of that, if a lease sale goes
- 8 forward, we intend for the sale to be much more narrow,
- 9 deconflicted and focused on areas where there is
- 10 actually significant resource potential.
- We have not scheduled, to the disappointment
- 12 of some of the folks in this room, we have not at this
- 13 time scheduled lease sales in the Mid- and South
- 14 Atlantic. And we did that for a very specific reason.
- 15 We are pursuing an energy strategy with respect to the
- 16 Mid- and South Atlantic that is quite deliberate and
- 17 quite focused, but in our judgment, now would not be
- 18 the time to schedule lease sales. There is some
- 19 preliminary work that needs to be done before any, in
- 20 our judgment, any oil and gas leasing would be
- 21 appropriate.
- 22 Some of that work includes what is being
- 23 contemplated or studied in this Programmatic EIS. Our
- 24 understanding of the resource potential off of the Mid-
- 25 and South Atlantic states at this point in time is

- 1 limited. The last seismic surveys in these areas were
- 2 conducted twenty-five, thirty years ago with technology
- 3 that frankly is quite out of date at this point. There
- 4 have been a lot of developments in geology and in
- 5 seismic surveys.
- And so our information about the resource
- 7 potential, both the magnitude of the resource potential
- 8 but also the locations of where potential reservoirs
- 9 may be at this point in time is limited. So consistent
- 10 with that regionally tailored approach to leasing that
- 11 I described to you, we believe that a first critical
- 12 step to even considering whether or not to hold the
- 13 lease sale is to understand what the resource potential
- 14 and where the resource may be.
- 15 And then given that information, that
- 16 scientific information about the geology and the
- 17 resource potential, take that and similar to what we
- 18 would be doing in Alaska, line that up against
- 19 environmental concerns and other uses. Obviously there
- 20 is not subsistence hunts off of the east coast as there
- 21 is in Alaska, but there are significant other uses.
- The military, extremely important to Norfolk
- 23 and Virginia as well as North Carolina has significant
- 24 operations, obviously, in the Mid- and South Atlantic
- 25 including right out of Norfolk.

1 Everyone here respects the military's 2 prerogatives and missions, understands how important that is and so we need to do a lot of work to figure 3 out how any offshore energy development can be 4 reconciled with the military's needs. 5 There's also commercial fishing interest, 6 7 recreational interest, shipping, commercial shipping interest that need to be taken into account and lined 8 up against any potential interest in oil and gas. 9 10 And so that is the process that we're going 11 through now. The stage we are in, we have put out a 12 draft of the Programmatic EIS that evaluates the 13 potential environmental impact of geological and 14 geophysical surveys including specifically seismic 15 surveys, acoustic surveys that use sound to penetrate 16 geological formations and develop data about what may 17 be down there including oil and gas reserves 18 potentially. Those activities we know may have effects on 19 20 critters that are in the ocean including in particular 21 marine mammals. And so we are going through a very 22 exhaustive and deliberate study of the potential 23 effects in this area, in these regions given the ecosystem and the animals that live in these areas, 24 25 what the potential effects may be and what mitigation

- 1 measures would be appropriate if this activity is to go
- 2 forward.
- 3 So that is the entire purpose of our EIS and
- 4 that is why your participation today is extremely
- 5 important. It's extremely important under our process
- 6 and our Democratic system of government to get the
- 7 public's input on things we should consider in
- 8 finalizing the EIS. Have we missed something? Are
- 9 there issues that we didn't give appropriate weight to?
- 10 And also what public sentiment is around this potential
- 11 activity. It's extremely important to us. It's a
- 12 factor that we have to consider going forward in
- 13 evaluating whether any energy leasing off of Virginia,
- 14 for example, should take place at all. What is the
- 15 public sentiment around that?
- So this is an important step in that process.
- 17 I commend each and every one of you for taking the time
- 18 out of your day to participate in this process. Your
- 19 voices will be heard. I will be sitting through much
- 20 of the testimony today paying close attention, and as
- 21 we work to finalize the EIS, you will see your comments
- 22 and consideration of your comments reflected in the
- 23 final document.
- So with that, I will turn it over to Tom
- 25 Bergstadt. He is a member of BOEM scientific staff.

- 1 He has been overseeing the preparation of the
- 2 Programmatic EIS and is truly our agency's expert on
- 3 these issues for this region. So thank you very much.
- 4 MR. BERGSTEDT: Thank you, Mr. Beaudreau.
- 5 This is the meeting scheduled for the public meetings
- 6 being held for this Programmatic EIS. You can see that
- 7 we've had -- last week we were in these places in the
- 8 southern part; Jacksonville, Savannah, Charleston,
- 9 today Norfolk and in the course of the week, before the
- 10 end of the week, you can see the other places we will
- 11 be visiting to have similar meetings such as this one
- 12 to receive public comments.
- 13 The draft environmental impact statement has
- 14 been distributed to anyone who gave us their e-mail or
- 15 address information. We had a publication in Federal
- 16 Register on March 30, and as objective evidence, it's
- 17 sitting right there on the edge of the dais there or
- 18 the table. We are here today to get your comments and
- 19 to help draft -- to help evolve the draft into a final
- 20 decision document to the Secretary of the Interior as
- 21 the best we can put forward for him.
- The purpose of the Programmatic EIS is to
- 23 assess the potential environmental impact of the
- 24 various types of G&G activities, geological and
- 25 geophysical. We projected activity levels in these

- 1 areas on the Outer Continental Shelf, evaluated
- 2 mitigation measures that could be applied to reduce or
- 3 eliminate impacts, and the purpose of the EIS is to
- 4 provide our agency and other agencies having
- 5 responsibilities under environmental law to be informed
- 6 before decisions are authorized in these areas.
- 7 This slide shows the areas that have been
- 8 identified on permit applications that the Bureau of
- 9 Ocean Energy Management received as early as 2009 for
- 10 surveying these areas. The relative gray scale shows
- 11 the area of more intense activity relative to the
- 12 lighter gray scale. So we do have permit applications
- in hand for work in these areas, primarily seismic
- 14 activity, and I will talk a little bit about what that
- 15 entails in a moment.
- 16 The proposed action for the environmental
- 17 impact statement is to authorize geological and
- 18 qeophysical activities to support all three program
- 19 areas that the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management
- 20 manages; oil and gas renewable energy and also marine
- 21 minerals.
- These are the two OCS areas, and here is the
- 23 edge of the exclusive economic zone at 200 nautical
- 24 miles from shore. All the waters at seabed that are in
- 25 shore from this line are the territorial waters and

- 1 land of the United States.
- 2 This line here, it's hard to see, is the 300
- 3 nautical mile limit line. It's the edge of an extended
- 4 outer continental shelf. There is a provision in the
- 5 United Nation convention of the law of the sea for a
- 6 country to petition to add to their exclusive economic
- 7 zone out to an extended continental shelf.
- 8 The United States has not pursued that as of
- 9 yet, but in our EIS we wanted to include these waters
- 10 if or when the United States does seek to do that.
- 11 The types of activities are geological and
- 12 geophysical. Geological is coring of the seabed
- 13 generally or shallow test drilling but defined as less
- 14 than five hundred feet deep. Deep stratigraphic tests
- 15 are deeper than five hundred feet. These are not
- 16 exploration wells in the sense of oil and gas
- 17 exploring there for determining -- for scientific
- 18 research. And if there is something discovered, you
- 19 can't really produce it because you need a lease to
- 20 produce on the Outer Continental Shelf.
- 21 Geophysical work would be two and three
- 22 dimensional seismic surveying. Control source
- 23 electromagnetic surveys, these are used by industry to
- 24 determine the content of formation fluids and gases.
- 25 High-resolution geophysical surveys would be more

- 1 geo-engineering in nature that would be prior to
- 2 replacing bottom founded structures, either oil and gas
- 3 platform or a wind turbine mile pole, anything that
- 4 would be required to understand the sea bottom before
- 5 certain activity is undertaken, to understand the
- 6 telemetry, to understand what's there already at the
- 7 bottom or perhaps sea wreck, shipwreck.
- 8 Gravity and magnetic surveys are also an
- 9 issue. Impacting factors, these are stressors on the
- 10 environment. There is routine operations and
- 11 accidental events. Routine operations are things that
- 12 you can predict by the nature of the work that's
- 13 proposed. The seismic surveying is one, the
- 14 electromechanical sound sources that I mentioned, the
- 15 geo-engineering kind of techniques, they don't use
- 16 airguns. They use other sources of energy to capture a
- 17 profile of the sea bottom.
- Drilling and pouring often have operational
- 19 wastes associated. The cuttings generally are
- 20 discharged in the seabed. Air traffic helicopters that
- 21 might service large geophysical boats offshore.
- 22 Seafloor disturbances of any kind; sampling, drilling,
- 23 placement of anchors, cables or sensors. The onshore
- 24 base support services, people that work on the ocean
- 25 are supported on land. The ships have to berth. They

- 1 have to be serviced, bring supplies and, of course,
- 2 people live somewhere.
- 3 So it involves vessel traffic, it involves
- 4 noise, it involves exclusion zones for safety or for
- 5 observation of marine mammals wastes. Trash and debris
- 6 is also a consideration for any work that takes place
- 7 on the ocean.
- 8 Accidental events would be fuel spills
- 9 because we are not talking about producing oil and gas.
- 10 We are not talking about pipelines or tankers. It's
- 11 just the testing activity that takes place before that.
- 12 Environmental resources here, Benthic
- 13 communities, fish and fisheries, marine mammals, sea
- 14 turtles, coastal and marine birds, protected species,
- 15 for many of these categories, they are all in the
- 16 Environmental Draft EIS.
- 17 Socioeconomic issues like shipwrecks. The
- 18 Atlantic seaboard has a long history of human activity,
- 19 lots of shipwrecks there. Marine protected areas,
- 20 there are two special areas in these two planning
- 21 areas. In the Mid-Atlantic, we have Monitor National
- 22 Marine Sanctuary and in the South Atlantic you have
- 23 Ray's Reef. Recreational sources, human resources and
- land use and other marine uses such as the military
- 25 uses.

1 The heart and soul of the EIS are the 2. We structured them for this evaluation alternatives. 3 to be based on current regulations recognized by NOAA 4 fisheries or vessel speed restrictions at certain times Along the east coast, NOAA has recognized 5 of the year. certain seasonal management areas or critical habitat 6 7 areas for the Northern Right Whale. And we have taken a look at these and said, well, let's restrict airgun 8 activity during the periods of time that NOAA would 9 10 like to have vessels going slower. Generally that's 11 the greatest hazard to marine mammals is if they are 12 hit by the boat. 13 We have also included in Alternative A we 14 have the protective measures we have used in the Gulf 15 of Mexico over the many years of G&G activity there. 16 We have certain protocols for how to start surveys, how to conduct them, how to terminate them if marine 17 18 mammals encroach on a planned area. It involves using species observers. 19 20 involves using ramping up of the airguns before in a 2.1 gradual way to allow animals to exit the area if they 22 are disturbed. 23 Vessel strike avoidance, for observers to be observing at all times while the boat is moving. 24 25 Marine trash and debris awareness. These

- 1 animals sometimes confuse trash in the water for prey
- 2 items. That's sort of the philosophy for A is to look
- 3 at these time/area closures and also make them up with
- 4 the SMA protective measures we have in the Gulf of
- 5 Mexico as modified in the Atlantic.
- 6 For Alternative B, we said let's take all of
- 7 the protective measures for A and let's extend some of
- 8 the time area closures and also let's look at adding
- 9 some different kinds of mitigation in addition to those
- 10 that are in A.
- 11 The expanded time/area closures for Northern
- 12 Right Whales, I will show you a map of that in a
- 13 moment. Also a closure area for sea turtles along
- 14 Central Florida. Also, part of B would be separation
- 15 between of surveys taking place at the same time and
- 16 also the required use of passive acoustic monitoring,
- 17 that is, hydrophones in the water that are used to
- 18 sense if marine mammals are under water like if they
- 19 are making their characteristic noises.
- You can see them if they are on the surface,
- 21 but if they are under water you can't. But this
- 22 particular technique you can use to infer whether they
- 23 are close by. It's not a requirement for Alternative A
- 24 but we're saying Alternative B, let's make it
- 25 mandatory.

1 Now, for Alternative C, they require no 2 action alternative for our evaluation. Since we have three program areas and oil and gas work has not been 3 4 authorized in the Atlantic for a very long time, we looked at a no action alternative for oil and gas. 5 6 For the other program areas; renewable energy 7 and marine minerals, we are looking at -- that are 8 currently authorized in these areas and they can come to us on a case-by-case basis and be processed in that 9 10 manner, we are looking to say, okay, the status quo, 11 they continue to come to us, we process them on a 12 case-by-case basis. 13 These are the time/area closures I had 14 mentioned. The critical habitat offshore Jacksonville is right here, extends down close to Florida to the 15 16 southern boundary of the South Atlantic planning area. 17 This area in orange is the southeastern seasonal 18 The area in yellow is the management area. 19 Mid-Atlantic seasonal management area. These are 20 time/area closures recognized by NOAA for vessel speed. 21 During these windows, vessels are supposed to 22 go slower because there are whales in the area. 23 tend to be over summer in the New England states and 24 head down the coast line to, over winter, in this area 25 here.

1 For Alternative B, it's hard to see perhaps 2 but we extended to the south of the southern management 3 area an extension going out to 20 nautical miles. All the vessel speed zones head out from the shoreline to 4 about 20 nautical miles, and also proposed to fill in 5 these areas that are not continuous. These areas that 6 7 are recognized here are offshore major basin estuaries 8 where there is a lot of traffic converging. So these little cuspid areas are recognized there for vessel 9 10 speed control. 11 What we are saying for B is let's have a 12 continuous zone up the coast to both the planning areas 13 all the way from Delaware Bay to Cape Canaveral are as 14 a time closure for airguns during these periods of time 15 during the year. 16 AUDIENCE MEMBER: Ouestion. How wide is that 17 area? 18 MR. BERGSTEDT: 20 nautical miles from shore. 19 For turtles, this area here off Cape 20 Canaveral is a well known turtle nesting spot for the 2.1 loggerhead and leatherback. There are tens of 22 thousands of nests that have been observed there by This zone extends out 11 23 folks who watch there. 24 nautical miles, so we are saying no airguns in that 25 area in the periods of time that the turtles are coming

1 ashore, laying their eggs and their hatchlings are 2 coming offshore and going into the ocean. That's part 3 of Alternative B. The mitigation measures I had mentioned to 4 you; time/area closures, seismic survey protocol, ramp 5 up observer start-up, acoustic monitoring, they tend to 6 7 be -- they are shown here on the top and they are shown 8 whether they are applicable for each alternative, and they are shown whether they are required, optional, and 9 10 they give you an overview of sort of a summary role of 11 what mitigation they are applying to what activity. 12 If you look in the EIS, you will see that 13 Table 2-2 in the document is a really good place to 14 take a look and see how the totality of our evaluation is proposed. We've got on the left-hand boundary all 15 16 the Benthic communities, I mean, all of the affected resources, all of the impacting factors that pertain to 17 18 We've got the alternative over the top and each one. 19 then we have what are called significance criteria 20 assigned for each resource. They range from negligible 2.1 to minor to moderate to major. 22 In none of the resource areas or none of the 23 impacting factors is there a major impact. All of them are something less than that. Anyway, Table 2-2 is a 24 25 good place if you want to see in one place what we have

- 1 evaluated and what we think it means, that's where
- 2 you'd like to go.
- 3 The consultations required by law take place
- 4 at the same time that we are finalizing the EIS. We
- 5 have Section 7 consultations of the Endangered Species
- 6 Act and we have Marine Mammal Protection Act
- 7 consultation with NOAA Fisheries.
- 8 The next steps here, commentary is open in
- 9 April and May. We revise the documents based on
- 10 comments from folks like yourself and federal agencies,
- 11 state agencies, and we will present some
- 12 recommendations to the Department of Management for
- 13 consideration towards the end of the process.
- 14 All of the environmental consultations are
- 15 taking place concurrently, and at the end of it, there
- 16 is a record of decision, that is, a statement the
- 17 government makes in the Federal Register for what they
- 18 conclude about this evaluation, what they decide
- 19 amongst the alternatives and that we project to have
- 20 happen towards the end of the calendar year.
- I mentioned the comment period is open. It
- 22 closes on May 30th. We can collect comments from you
- 23 here in written form. The court reporter will take
- 24 testimony. We have a dedicated e-mail address;
- 25 ggeis@boem.gov, where you can send your comments.

- In the material on the tables outside, there
- 2 is a website that you can click up a copy of the
- 3 document and look at it online if that's what you
- 4 prefer.
- If you'd like to send us comments in the
- 6 United States post, you can send it to the address here
- 7 which is also in the materials outside. And in
- 8 closing, I will say we've spent about a year putting
- 9 this evaluation together. It involves state of the
- 10 practice modeling of noise in the ocean, noise in the
- 11 sea caused by these tools.
- We've secured a contractor to help us with
- 13 that, CSA International Incorporated. They are based
- 14 in Stuart, Florida. They prepared the modeling for
- 15 marine mammal impacts based on noise that you will see
- 16 in the document.
- 17 And after you have a chance to take a look at
- 18 it, send us what you think about it and we can use it
- 19 to try to make a better document but the best decision
- 20 document we can make for our department secretary.
- 21 And with that, I can close my presentation
- 22 and I can open the floor for comment. Before I do
- 23 that, I wish to explain some guidelines for fairness.
- 24 Our goal is to allow comment from everyone who signed
- 25 up to speak until we are done.

1 Federal or state representatives or other 2 elected officials that are either elected or appointed 3 will speak first and they have no time restrictions. We ask that members of the public self police 4 themselves to three minutes per speaker. When all who 5 have signed up to speak have spoken and people still 6 7 want to make a comment, we will open the floor later. 8 We are here trying to receive comment on the Comments about anything else other than our 9 10 draft really don't help our purpose for being here. 11 If you are speaking from notecards, we ask 12 that if you can provide a copy of your statement to us 13 so that the court reporter has an accurate record of 14 your testimony. Sometimes it's hard to hear, people 15 don't stand close to the mic. It helps the court 16 reporter to make an accurate record. And with these guidelines, I would call the 17 18 first speaker, State Senator Frank Wagner. 19 SENATOR WAGNER: Thank you. 20 Mr. Director, thank you for coming down and welcome to 21 Norfolk. We really really appreciate this opportunity 22 to speak before you. It's not the first time I have 23 spoken before this particular Bureau of Ocean Energy Management but MMS entirely on a series of issues as we 24 25 went through the sales as well, and I would like this

- 1 opportunity to say that I really want to commend all
- 2 the efforts BOEM has done in moving forward this
- 3 survey.
- 4 We have a saying in the General Assembly up
- 5 there that a vote against a study is a vote for
- 6 ignorance, and I really want to commend you for moving
- 7 forward with this study and moving forward with the
- 8 opportunity to do these seismic surveys in the
- 9 Mid-Atlantic and South Atlantic areas because this will
- 10 give us the opportunity to come to grips with what is
- 11 out there, what quantities are out there, where are the
- 12 locations, all of those things that we need to know to
- 13 formulate and debate a strategy.
- 14 What I've heard today, particularly
- 15 Mr. Director and Tom, about once we know these things,
- 16 then we can analyze whether it's safe, prudent to go
- 17 after these resources or whether it makes economic
- 18 sense to go after these resources. And more
- 19 importantly or just as importantly as representatives
- 20 that you are, that the government ensuring if there is
- 21 a lease sale, that you have a fair idea what the
- 22 quantity is and fair expectation of what rents and
- 23 royalties should be derived from those particular lease
- lots as you move towards the sale. All of those things
- 25 are very, very important based on some of the data you

- 1 have given upfront.
- I am sure if these seismic surveys move
- 3 forward it will be done in a responsible and
- 4 environmentally safe manner. But I can't overemphasize
- 5 the need to have the accurate information for the
- 6 citizens that we all represent, particularly in the
- 7 Mid-Atlantic and South Atlantic area to know what's out
- 8 there, with a reasonable expectation of what's out
- 9 there, not data based on technology that's 25 years old
- 10 and somewhat suspect, to have that actual information
- 11 to be able to formulate and base decisions on whether
- or not we should move forward with this, in what manner
- 13 we should move forward with this and what expectation
- 14 we can have and results out there. And for all those
- 15 reasons, I think this study is altogether appropriate,
- 16 and we need to move forward with the study.
- 17 Again, I won't usurp three minutes time. I
- 18 realize having been on your side how lengthy these can
- 19 be and I'm sure there are a lot of folks who will be
- 20 speaking on both sides of the issue. But again, I just
- 21 want to reiterate my support for the efforts that you
- 22 are doing now and to go forward and move forward with
- 23 these 2 and 3D seismic surveys.
- Having said that, I also have a written
- 25 statement from Delegate Ron Villanueva who represents a

- 1 district in the City of Virginia Beach, also very, very
- 2 supportive, and I will submit these for the record.
- 3 Thank you.
- 4 MR. BERGSTEDT: Virginia Secretary of Natural
- 5 Resources, Doug Domenech.
- 6 MR. DOMENECH: Thank you very much. I want
- 7 to say before I read my written statement, Mr. Bennett,
- 8 Mr. Bergstadt, welcome and especially to Director
- 9 Beaudreau. I hope everyone realizes how significant it
- 10 is that the Agency Director is here and I know you are
- 11 not able to attend all of the hearings, but we really
- 12 appreciate you coming to Virginia.
- 13 As a former Interior employee myself, I know
- 14 that there are many hard working dedicated employees at
- 15 Interior and I just appreciate your service to the
- 16 country.
- I do want to welcome you on behalf of
- 18 Governor Bob McDonnell. I welcome you to the energy
- 19 capital of the east coast. My name is Doug Domenech.
- 20 I serve as Secretary of Natural Resources for the
- 21 Commonwealth of Virginia. In my Secretariat, I oversee
- 22 six state environmental agencies and assist the
- 23 governor in implementing the Commonwealth's energy
- 24 program.
- Governor McDonnell is a strong advocate on

- 1 behalf of an "all of the above" energy security
- 2 strategy. However, unlike the President, when we say
- 3 "all of the above," we really mean it. Since his
- 4 inauguration in 2010, the Governor has been busy
- 5 promoting both conventional and renewable energy
- 6 sources of energy, both on shore and offshore,
- 7 including coal, gas, oil, nuclear, solar, wind and
- 8 energy efficiency. Just last week he signed thirteen
- 9 pieces of legislation to strengthen and expand
- 10 Virginia's energy infrastructure and expand alternative
- 11 energy resources.
- The Governor continues in his strong support
- 13 for exploration and development of oil and natural gas
- 14 resources off the coast of Virginia. And I was pleased
- 15 to join Secretary Salazar and BOEM Director Beaudreau
- 16 last month to applaud the Administration's completion
- of the Draft Programmatic EIS to evaluate potential
- 18 environmental effects for multiple G&G activities in
- 19 the Mid- and South Atlantic Planning Areas of the OCS.
- 20 Virginia is preparing formal comments on the plan and
- 21 will submit those before the May 17 deadline.
- I would like to add this very hearing feels a
- 23 little bit like Groundhog Day. Two years ago we were
- 24 here commenting on similar plans for G&G and
- 25 exploration after President Obama awarded Virginia a

- 1 lease sale in the 2007-2012 five-year plan. In fact,
- 2 the Director of the then Minerals Management Service
- 3 herself informed us that Virginia would be scheduled
- 4 for its first oil and gas lease sale in March of 2012.
- 5 Now two years later, while we are glad the draft PEIS
- 6 for G&G has been prepared, the Commonwealth again must
- 7 reiterate our strong disappointment that the
- 8 Administration has decided to keep Virginia out of the
- 9 next five-year plan for 2012 to 2017.
- In announcing the 2012-2017 plan, Secretary
- 11 Salazar stated two objections to holding a Virginia
- 12 lease sale; first, a lack of existing infrastructure,
- 13 and second, potential conflicts with the military.
- 14 Apparently these issues that now keep a Virginia sale
- 15 from proceeding were not an issue to the Secretary or
- 16 the President in March of 2010.
- 17 In March of 2010 in announcing his plan to
- 18 expand offshore oil and gas exploration off Virginia,
- 19 President Obama said this is a decision that I've not
- 20 made lightly. It's one that Ken Salazar and I as well
- 21 as Carol Browner, my energy adviser, and others in my
- 22 Administration looked at closely for more than a year.
- 23 But the bottom line is this, given our energy needs in
- 24 order to sustain economic growth and produce jobs and
- 25 keep our businesses competitive, we are going to need

- 1 to harness traditional sources of fuel.
- 2 As I have testified in the past, Virginia --
- 3 that's end quote. As I have testified in the past,
- 4 Virginia could not agree more with this statement.
- 5 Again, the question is what exactly has changed since
- 6 then that now prohibits Virginia's sale from being
- 7 allowed to proceed in this five-year plan?
- 8 Well, we urge the Administration to amend the
- 9 2012-2017 OCS five-year plan to allow for an oil and
- 10 gas lease sale off Virginia in this cycle. The
- 11 Governor is equally interested in moving forward with
- 12 siting for offshore wind, energy as well. We are
- 13 pleased this PEIS will consider G&G activities for all
- 14 three program areas managed by BOEM, oil and gas
- 15 exploration and development, renewable energy and
- 16 marine minerals.
- We feel Virginia is also ideal for the
- 18 development of offshore wind resources, and we have
- 19 been working with all the interested military and
- 20 civilian stakeholders to prepare and plan for this
- 21 development.
- To summarize a few key points, Virginia is
- 23 pleased that BOEM is taking this important step towards
- 24 leasing off the Virginia coast. Virginia's official
- 25 policy in the code of Virginia favors oil and gas

- 1 exploration and production.
- 2 Governor McDonnell's energy plan calls for
- 3 all of the above approach including offshore
- 4 conventional and renewable energy development.
- 5 Eighty percent of Virginia's voters favor expanded
- 6 offshore energy development, and our elected officials
- 7 at all levels support development on a bipartisan
- 8 basis. America needs this domestic energy source, and
- 9 while Virginia enjoys a lowering unemployment rate, we
- 10 need the jobs. The lack of modern data hinders efforts
- 11 to assess available resources.
- 12 In conclusion, on behalf of Governor
- 13 McDonnell, I want to thank Interior and BOEM for coming
- 14 to Norfolk to hold this important hearing. Thank you
- 15 very much.
- 16 MR. BEAUDREAU: Eileen Levandoski.
- MS. LEVANDOSKI: Is there a possibility of
- 18 upping those lights so I can read?
- MR. BEAUDREAU: We'll check.
- 20 MS. LEVANDOSKI: Little better. Good
- 21 afternoon. My name is Eileen Levandoski. I am the
- 22 Virginia Conservation Program Manager with the Sierra
- 23 Club, and I am a resident of Virginia Beach.
- 24 The seismic study is completely unnecessary
- 25 when it comes to supporting Virginia's offshore wind

- 1 Such geological and geophysical studies development. 2 are already covered by the Programmatic Environmental 3 Assessment that BOEM has already approved for the 4 Mid-Atlantic wind energy areas that includes Virginia. Secretary of Interior Salazar and others 5 6 contend that seismic testing will not only reveal how 7 much oil and gas may be on the Outer Continental Shelf but will also benefit for the research to the offshore 8 wind industry. However, it's really "dynamite versus a 9 10 hammer" when comparing the level of seismic study 11 necessary for oil and gas versus that for offshore wind. 12 13 The oil and gas industry wants to know what 14 is hundreds and thousands of feet below the seafloor. 15 To get information from that far below the ground, they 16 use extremely loud airguns. But the renewable energy 17 industry only wants to know what's on the seafloor and 18 just below, so they use echo-sounders and sub-bottom 19 profilers that are generally many orders of magnitude 20 quieter than airquns. 21 The difference is on the order of 250 plus
- decibels for airguns versus 200 decimals for sub-bottom profilers and echo-sounders. That's a huge gap since intensity goes up ten times for every ten decibels you gain. Not to mention that airguns put out broadband

- 1 sound, potentially affecting everything in the ocean
- 2 that can hear, while the sources used by renewable
- 3 industry are limited to a small part of the frequency
- 4 spectrum.
- 5 Having our wildlife and fishing and tourism
- 6 industries to explore for oil and gas is also
- 7 unnecessary since we don't want drilling to go forward
- 8 in any case. Almost 2,000 Virginians participated in
- 9 Hands Across the Sand protest to speak out against
- 10 using drilling off our Virginia coast. Our coastal
- 11 environment is just to precious to risk with any
- 12 drilling-related activity, to include seismic.
- While the Gulf and its people are to date
- 14 still reeling from the BP Gulf oil spill diaster, other
- 15 spills have since occurred off the coast of Scotland in
- 16 the North Sea and off the Brazilian coast. The risk
- 17 continues to be real and formidable. Why even kick off
- 18 the process with exploration?
- 19 Harmful seismic studies aren't needed for
- 20 offshore wind development, a clean energy source that
- 21 we can all support. The Sierra Club is ready to join
- 22 BOEM to help power America with clean renewable energy,
- 23 but we won't accept offshore drilling off our coast and
- 24 we won't accept putting our marine life at risk with
- 25 seismic airguns. Thank you.

1 MR. BERGSTEDT: Please don't forgot to 2 provide your written comments. Thank you. Mike Ward. 3 MR. WARD: Good afternoon. My name is 4 Michael Ward, Executive Director of Virginia Petroleum 5 Council, division of the American Petroleum Institute. 6 Thank you for the opportunity to speak today 7 about this PEIS, which will support the issuance of 8 geological and geophysical study on the activities on the Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf. 9 10 The oil and natural gas industry has a long 11 history of working with the Department of Interior to 12 develop this country's natural resources to the benefit 13 of U.S. economy and all Americans. Our industry stands 14 ready to invest in exploration off the Atlantic OCS. 15 This PEIS is a needed first step to begin the process 16 of generating the data to allow for more robust 17 estimates for the potential for oil and natural gas 18 development in this area. 19 Generating new data is very important for the 20 Atlantic OCS, given the current estimates are based on 21 decades-old data and have not benefited from the 22 technological advances in seismic surveying and 23 computer modeling used by the industry today. 24 Although it's difficult to accurately 25 estimate the amount of resources without the benefit of

- 1 drilling, current estimates are likely to be
- 2 conservative, given that the history has shown active
- 3 exploration and development often leads to increased
- 4 resource estimates.
- 5 However, the belief that moving forward with
- 6 this decision can quickly lead to filling the
- 7 information gap that we need in potential oil and gas
- 8 resources is misquided. This gesture falls short in
- 9 initiating forward-thinking and comprehensive energy
- 10 policy.
- In fact, the data-collection activities
- 12 envisioned by the Administration will not likely happen
- 13 unless companies are convinced the prospects for
- 14 leasing in the Atlantic OCS in the near future are
- 15 real. As we all know, the current OCS policy does not
- 16 allow for lease sale for Virginia or the Atlantic until
- 17 2017 at the earliest.
- 18 It is important to remember that the
- 19 government does not generate this data. As you
- 20 mentioned, seismic companies do. And they generally do
- 21 this on a speculative basis. They hope to sell the
- 22 data to operators who are looking to purchase lease
- 23 sales in an area or in lease areas. Since there is no
- 24 lease sales scheduled in the Atlantic and thus no
- 25 potential customers, seismic companies have little

1 incentive to gather new data. 2 Also, it's noticed that the North Atlantic 3 planning area is not included in this plan. That's 4 another step that should be followed because wherever seismic work will occur, marine exploration is 5 carefully regulated by the Federal Government and 6 7 managed by the operator to avoid impacting marine 8 mammals. Current regulations require that trained 9 marine mammal observers are onboard to watch for 10 When starting a seismic survey, operators use mammals. 11 a ramp-up procedure to gradually increase the sound 12 level being produced, which allows animals to leave the 13 area if the sound is uncomfortable. Also, operations 14 stop if a marine mammal enters an "exclusion zone" 15 around the operation and not restarted until the zone is all clear for at least 30 minutes. 16 17 Considering economic benefits, we can create 18 more jobs and generate more revenue if allowed to 19 responsibly develop and produce here in the United 20 States more of the oil and natural gas we all need. 21 The more development, especially on public 22 and federally controlled waters, requires that industry 23 and government share a vision of the potential benefits 24 and act as partners to fully realize them.

While Atlantic OCS leasing and development

25

- 1 would help the nation and its economy, it would also
- 2 have a significant positive effect on Virginia's
- 3 economy. It would bring much needed jobs in a variety
- 4 of industries. According to a recent Wood Mackenzie
- 5 study, opening up the Atlantic offshore study areas
- 6 that are currently unavailable could bring over
- 7 thirteen thousand jobs to Virginia.
- 8 We are not talking about jobs directly
- 9 associated with oil and natural gas development, but
- 10 the jobs created indirectly by those companies that
- 11 supply equipment and other support services, both
- 12 onshore and offshore.
- In addition, offshore development can
- 14 generate much needed revenue for critical services,
- 15 including roads, environmental conservation and
- 16 education. According to a Wood Mackenzie study, \$1.9
- 17 billion in revenue could be generated for the
- 18 Commonwealth of Virginia from 2012 to 2030 if offshore
- 19 development were allowed to take place in areas
- 20 currently off-limits from development.
- We appreciated the opportunity to comment on
- 22 this PEIS for geological and geophysical studies in the
- 23 Atlantic. The oil and natural gas industry stands
- 24 ready to invest in safe exploration and the development
- 25 of the OCS should Administration policies change to

take full advantage of all the opportunities that are 1 2 present. Thank you. 3 Thank you. Barry DuVal. MR. BERGSTEDT: 4 MR. DUVAL: Thank you, Mr. Director and 5 members of the Administration. Thank you for being here today. I am Barry DuVal. I am President and CEO 6 7 of the Virginia State Chamber of Commerce. appreciate the process of public hearing and public 8 I served six years as Mayor of Newport News and 9 10 also four years as Secretary of Commerce and Trade for the Commonwealth of Virginia and have a sense of both 11 12 the value of our ecosystem as well as the impact it has 13 on our commerce within the Commonwealth of Virginia. 14 I am here today as President and CEO of 15 Virginia State Chamber of Commerce which has over 16 thirteen thousand businesses. We represent over one 17 million employees in Virginia, and I am here today to 18 encourage you to move this process along in the most 19 expeditious path as possible. 20 We believe at the Virginia State Chamber that 21 all the above both espoused by our governor currently, 22 Governor McDonnell, as well as President Obama is a 23 compatible path to go down. We believe that offshore wind energy as well as oil and gas include all of the 24 25 above.

1 The Virginia business community sees that 2 there is great potential for economic benefit for the 3 private sector, but we also believe there is opportunity for revenues for state and Federal 4 Government. And equally importantly, we believe that 5 we have proven in other places in the world that you 6 7 can explore for oil and gas as well as produce them in 8 an environmentally sound and economically sound fashion. 9 10 So I want to encourage you on behalf of the 11 business community of Virginia to take steps forward 12 that will allow this process to move in an expeditious 13 Look at the national implications of the 14 decisions that are made. It seems to me that we are 15 somewhat at a crossroads in America. We can kind of 16 continue to bring energy in from other parts of the 17 world that are less friendly towards us or we can look 18 at our own domestic resources and realize that with the 19 proper environmental controls, we can find ourselves on 20 a path to energy independence. 21 So I encourage this process to move forward. 22 Clearly without the data we won't be able to implement 23 the actual work, but I want to thank you, the Director, 24 and thank you those who are here for the public hearing 25 as part of this process. I understand the value of

- 1 what you're doing and we hope that the results of your
- 2 study will allow us to take the next step in exploring
- 3 this offshore energy resource.
- 4 Thank you for allowing me to speak today.
- 5 MR. BERGSTEDT: Thank you. Deborah Murray.
- 6 MS. MURRAY: Good afternoon. My name is
- 7 Deborah Murray. Thank you for the opportunity to
- 8 speak. I am an attorney with the Southern
- 9 Environmental Law Center based in Charlottesville,
- 10 Virginia.
- 11 The Southern Environmental Law Center is a
- 12 regional organization, and we've worked for more than
- 13 twenty-five years to protect the coastal resources in
- 14 Virginia, the Carolinas, Georgia and Alabama.
- We are opposed to the Administration's plans
- 16 to allow for seismic exploration for oil and gas
- 17 because of the environmental harm, the harm to marine
- 18 animals as well as the potential threats to our
- 19 fisheries and coastal economies.
- The potential risks are tremendous. As just
- 21 one example, the airguns that release blasts of
- 22 compressed air every ten seconds for days, weeks and
- even months on end, the noise that's generated is
- 24 extremely loud. Imagine living next-door to a site
- 25 where dynamite blasts occur every few seconds. And

- 1 this noise can mask whale calls over thousands of miles
- 2 interfering with their ability to communicate with one
- 3 another and to breed, and in some cases forcing these
- 4 whales to abandon their habitat over areas as large as
- 5 a hundred thousand square miles.
- In closer proximity, the airgun blasts can
- 7 cause injury, death, loss of hearing to mammals and
- 8 other animals that depend on sound. The Northern Right
- 9 Whale is especially vulnerable. As pointed out in the
- 10 slides, it calves off of the coast of Georgia and
- 11 Florida and migrates up and down the Atlantic coast.
- 12 This species is virtually -- it is right on the brink
- 13 of extinction with only some 300 to 400 individuals
- 14 remaining.
- The seismic surveys can also threaten our
- 16 fisheries. Studies have shown and in fact it has been
- 17 shown that the use of these airguns can displace
- 18 commercial fish over vast expanses as well, over
- 19 thousands of square kilometers. This is important not
- 20 only for the fish but also for our coastal economies.
- In just Virginia alone, the commercial sales
- of fish amounts to more than \$1.7 billion and for
- 23 recreational sales in Virginia annually over
- 24 \$580 million. And the commercial sales support more
- 25 than 24,000 jobs. We are opposed to the

- 1 Administration's plans to allow for seismic exploration
- 2 not only because of these environmental threats and
- 3 others but also because it is a first step toward
- 4 allowing oil and gas exploration which we oppose.
- 5 Instead, we would urge the Administration to
- 6 abandon these plans and instead to redirect and focus
- 7 its efforts on continuing to expand fuel efficiency
- 8 standards, to improve efficiency of cars, reduce the
- 9 demand for oil and save consumers money and to also
- 10 develop alternative renewable energy sources.
- 11 We cannot drill our way to lower gas prices.
- 12 The information from the energy information agency
- 13 shows that even if we were to fully develop all the
- 14 recoverable oil reserves anywhere off our coast in this
- 15 entire country, it would only lead to a lowering of gas
- 16 prices at the pump of three cents, and that itself
- 17 would take over twenty years.
- So in closing, I want to thank you for the
- 19 opportunity and we urge the Administration to adopt
- 20 Alternative C. Thank you.
- 21 (Clapping)
- MR. BERGSTEDT: Catherine Molina.
- MS. MOLINA: Thank you for the opportunity to
- 24 comment. My name is Cathy Molina. I am an associate
- 25 attorney with the Southern Environmental Law Center in

- 1 Charlottesville, Virginia. As my colleague, Deborah
- 2 Murray, just stated, SELC is opposed seismic activities
- 3 in the Mid- and South Atlantic.
- 4 To offer a regional perspective for my
- 5 colleague's comments, in four coastal states of the
- 6 South Atlantic; Virginia, North Carolina, South
- 7 Carolina and Georgia, more than 36,000 jobs are
- 8 supported by the seafood industry and more than 29,000
- 9 jobs are supported by the recreational fishing
- 10 industry. Together these two industries which depend
- on healthy fisheries and coastal environments generate
- more than \$6.5 billion in sales annually. Seismic
- 13 exploration would jeopardize the regional economy if
- 14 these resources are harmed.
- In addition to adverse effects on fisheries,
- 16 noise from seismic surveying can also harm sea turtles,
- 17 and additional vessel traffic presents an increased
- 18 risk of shipwrecks. Species of sea turtles that live
- 19 and migrate through the Atlantic include a number that
- 20 are listed as federally endangered including the
- 21 loggerhead and leatherback sea turtles. These animals
- 22 respond negatively to noise and there is concern that
- 23 intense noise may drive them and other species to the
- 24 surface where they are more vulnerable to the hazards
- of ship strikes, predators and fishing.

1	Further, because of their swimming habits and
2	the amount of time they spend underwater, sea turtles
3	would be exposed to the highest levels of sound. These
4	harms and the harms outlined by my colleague in her
5	earlier comments show that the Administration should
6	keep dangerous oil and gas exploration off of our
7	coasts and look instead to clean renewable energy
8	sources such as offshore wind.
9	Thank you again for the opportunity to speak.
10	(Clapping)
11	MR. BERGSTEDT: Georgia Saunders.
12	MS. SAUNDERS: Good afternoon. I am a
13	concerned citizen. I live in Virginia Beach and I am
14	very much opposed to this seismic exploration and
15	drilling off of our coast. I hear from my friends in
16	the Gulf of Mexico every single day of shrimp caught
17	catches of shrimp with no eyes, fish with lesions,
18	bleeding lesions, dolphins sick from a mysterious
19	disease that no one seems to know the cause of even
20	though they dumped all that toxic chemicals into the
21	water, fishermen who no longer have a livelihood and
22	
	are still battling to get their money just so they can
23	are still battling to get their money just so they can pay for their house, so they can feed their families.

- 1 well, that's never going to happen in Virginia. We
- love our waters too much. We love our coastline too
- 3 much. We are not going to let that happen, especially
- 4 not for greedy corporate profits. That's all I have to
- 5 say. Thank you.
- 6 (Clapping)
- 7 MR. BERGSTEDT: Mike Brown.
- 8 MR. BROWN: Good afternoon. My name is Mike
- 9 Brown. I am here representing the Southeast Energy
- 10 Alliance which is the southeastern chapter of Consumer
- 11 Energy Alliance. CEA is a nonpartisan nonprofit group
- 12 dedicated to expanding the dialogue between the energy
- 13 and consuming sectors to ensure balanced national
- 14 energy policy. I am pleased to be here and I thank you
- 15 for your time today.
- 16 Considering that more than thirty years have
- 17 passed since the last estimates of Atlantic OCS energy
- 18 resources were completed, we must allow for seismic
- 19 studies to be conducted in a environmentally friendly
- 20 manner so that proper resource assessments can be made
- 21 to support future lease sales.
- 22 With the availability of newer and better
- 23 seismic exploration technologies, it is likely current
- 24 estimates of oil and natural gas resources in the
- 25 Atlantic will change. New technology will allow for

1 the development of resources that were previously 2 thought unrecoverable as well as finding new locations. 3 In fact, further exploration has led to 4 increased resource estimates in parts of offshore Alaska and the Gulf of Mexico where oil estimates 5 increased by four hundred percent and natural gas 6 7 estimates doubled between '95 and 2003. Quite simply, there is much for us to learn about the energy 8 resources contained within the Atlantic waters and we 9 10 must begin that process now. 11 We must recognize the tremendous economic 12 impact and opportunity that safe and responsible 13 offshore energy exploration presents to the citizens of 14 individual states and the nation at large. 15 According to a 2010 report from the Southeast 16 Energy Alliance, oil and gas development off Virginia 17 could add approximately 365 in gross domestic product 18 annually, generate almost \$19.5 billion in revenue for 19 federal, state and local governments and create about 20 1900 jobs in the Commonwealth. 21 Bipartisan leadership within the Commonwealth 22 overwhelmingly supports exploration and development of 23 its offshore energy resources. Virginia understands well the value that offshore energy production can add 24 25 to the state's economy and energy security.

- 1 addition, our policymakers have thoroughly considered
- 2 the steps necessary to ensure any further development
- 3 does not impede with military operations in the area.
- 4 In conclusion, CEA feels that with the
- 5 appropriate mitigation measures, seismic surveys can be
- 6 undertaken with little or no impact to marine life. As
- 7 such, we hope that the process surrounding the
- 8 development of the PEIS moves forward expeditiously so
- 9 this essential data can be available as soon as
- 10 possible to support future resales and ensure
- 11 development of the Atlantic proceeds.
- 12 The Southeast Energy Alliance thanks the
- 13 Bureau for its work and effort on this process, and I
- 14 thank for your time.
- MR. BERGSTEDT: Susanne Bell.
- MS. BELL: Hi, I thank you for allowing me to
- 17 be here to speak today. I am Susanne Bell, and I am
- 18 actually a member of the Sierra Club. I am a member
- 19 activist, a long time resident previously of
- 20 Chesapeake, Virginia and involved in local politics
- 21 where I was assigned to be on the Mayor's Task Force
- 22 for the Planning Commission Comprehensive Plan for the
- 23 South Military Reinvestment Project.
- Now, I am here as a citizen today and a
- 25 member activist of the Sierra Club. I am here to stand

- 1 up for the voiceless that cannot speak. I am against
- 2 the seismic survey which is intended to reveal
- 3 locations of oil and gas deposits below our Virginia
- 4 Beach shores. I recently moved back to Virginia Beach
- 5 where I grew up because of the beautiful shores,
- 6 because I have family in the area, all of us enjoy the
- 7 oceanfront.
- 8 I realize this is the first step of the
- 9 offshore drilling which I am against only because of
- 10 the impact that it will have on our environment, and I
- 11 know that you-all have done a lot of research and you
- 12 spent a whole year on this project, and I think that
- 13 the way of the future is the alternative fuels.
- I think the way of the future is, as you can
- 15 see, it's being picked up everywhere. I mean, there is
- 16 no reason why you couldn't have invested all this
- 17 year's time in talking to our military, which we have
- 18 so much of here that would work with you on getting the
- 19 beautiful offshore wind mills which would provide us
- 20 with the energy that we need which is clean energy.
- The endangered Right Whale, there are only
- 22 400 in the world, they would be affected. The
- 23 environmental impact of this would be huge on our
- 24 marine life. This would affect their breeding. The
- 25 airgun testing could affect their hearing, their

1 central nervous system which has not been investigated. 2 The only way this would not affect the fish, 3 even if you are doing it, you know, if it's a vessel 4 coming through would be different. I mean, if you are slowing it down on vessel time, you know, you are 5 slowing it down, as you said, the vessel time. If all 6 7 of our fish had earmuffs, you know. The central nervous system, it would effect and impact life as we 8 know it would be changed for these poor sea creatures. 9 10 All by the hand of man. Now, how can you harm the innocent wildlife and fishing which would 11 12 effect direct tourism in Virginia Beach which is big 13 revenue, big big revenue for the city of Virginia 14 We cannot afford another oil disaster on any of our coasts at all. 15 16 I could not imagine the heart break of the lives lost of the innocent, the ones without a voice, 17 18 the voiceless. The ones that are held accountable by God, we realize something has to be done. 19 Clean 20 sources are, you know, we know are all available. 21 all would support the wind energy, the offshore wind 22 development. Harmful studies aren't needed for this. 23 This is the way of our future and our children's future 24 to save our mother earth. That's all I have to say. 25 Thank you.

1	(Clapping)
2	MR. BERGSTEDT: Bob Matthias.
3	THE WITNESS: Ladies and gentlemen, thanks
4	for allowing me to speak today. I am Bob Matthias with
5	the city of Virginia Beach. The city of Virginia Beach
6	has committed to energy development off the coast of
7	Virginia. We, therefore, are completely in support of
8	the proposed geological and geophysical studies are
9	needed before either offshore wind energy can take
10	place or offshore oil and gas development can move
11	forward.
12	The city has been a leader of the development
13	of wind energy off the coast of Virginia. In 2009
14	Mayor Will Sessoms started an Alternative Energy Task
15	Force which provided a report to Council last year.
16	Although it addresses much issues, the report as
17	adopted by Council strongly supports the development of
18	offshore wind energy and offshore oil and gas
19	development.
20	Several examples exist in the City's
21	leadership in developing offshore wind energy. The
22	City is a founder of the Virginia Offshore Wind
23	Coalition or VOW. We have a City staffer who is a
24	gubernatorial appointee to the Virginia Offshore Wind
25	Development Authority, and the City provided five

- 1 hundred thousand dollars for an engineering study to
- 2 analyze the sensibility of constructing a
- 3 meteorological tower on the Chesapeake Light Tower to
- 4 investigate the feasibility of that location providing
- 5 market quality studies on wind development off the
- 6 coast of Virginia Beach.
- 7 We believe large scale wind development can
- 8 happen off the coast with little to no environmental
- 9 impact. In fact, when visiting the Chesapeake Light
- 10 Tower multiple times as we pursued that site as a
- 11 meteorological tower, we noticed an almost complete
- 12 absence of any evidence of large scale bird activity.
- 13 And as for offshore oil and gas development,
- 14 it will take place close to 50 miles off the coast of
- 15 Virginia Beach, at least by 2020, the Council when
- 16 adopting the Alternative Energy Task Force Report added
- 17 a caveat, that it should be done to the safest extent
- 18 possible and have no detrimental effect on the
- 19 operations of the United States Department of Defense,
- 20 National Aeronautics and Space Administration or
- 21 Wallops Island, which hopes to develop a growing space
- 22 exploration and launch site.
- I will also add we are also very interested
- 24 in minerals. We put a lot of sand in our beach over
- 25 the years, and we actually have quite a bit of

- 1 information that we've gathered between the Corps and
- 2 Virginia Institute Marine Science. We would be happy
- 3 to share with you on mineral resources, primarily sand
- 4 within five miles of the coast.
- 5 Again, thank you for the opportunity to
- 6 testify today. I will provide you with a copy of the
- 7 resolution adopted by Council supporting Mayor Sessoms'
- 8 Alternative Energy Task Force Report. Thank you.
- 9 (Clapping)
- 10 MR. BERGSTEDT: Bryan Pennington.
- 11 MR. PENNINGTON: Good afternoon. I am Bryan
- 12 Pennington, Director of the Inner Government Relations
- 13 for the City of Norfolk, and on behalf of Norfolk City
- 14 Council, I would like to welcome you to our fair city
- and we appreciate having the opportunity to host you in
- 16 this important occasion.
- We understand that there has not been any
- 18 geological or geophysical studies off the coast of
- 19 Virginia since the 1970s. And we feel it makes a lot
- 20 of sense to better understand what resources may
- 21 actually be available. Technology has greatly improved
- 22 since the 1970s, as we feel we might not have all of
- 23 the most accurate facts about what is contemplated out
- 24 on the shoreline.
- We believe informed decisions are best

- 1 decisions so Norfolk supports the proposed geological
- 2 and geophysical studies contemplated in the referenced
- 3 program in the EIS. Norfolk also continues to support
- 4 responsible environmental stewardship. Thank you.
- 5 (Clapping)
- 6 MR. BERGSTEDT: Shiela Rybak.
- 7 MS. RYBAK: My name is Shiela Rybak, and I
- 8 live in Virginia Beach. Thank you for giving me this
- 9 opportunity to express my concerns. All I would like
- 10 to say is no, no, no to seismic exploration off our
- 11 coasts and yes, yes, yes to renewable sources of
- 12 energy. We have the wind. We have the sun.
- The environmental impact on our sea mammals
- 14 would be incredible. It is very fine to say we make
- 15 sure the whales are out of the way and we make sure
- 16 there is nothing in the area. That's kind of a joke.
- 17 How do you make sure when you are fifty miles off the
- 18 coast that there is not sea mammals in the area?
- I believe this whole thing is about money and
- 20 power, and the most sensible thing we should do is look
- 21 into wind and solar. Have we learned nothing from the
- 22 Valdez Exxon spill and the BP debacle? That was
- 23 supposed to be so safe. They knew there were problems
- 24 with it and they did nothing, and people are
- 25 devastated. The oceans are devastated. The mammals

- 1 are devastated, and I have no title.
- I am just one of the general public. I am a
- 3 caring consumer. I care very much for the marine
- 4 mammals and the tragedy they have to suffer from our
- 5 greed.
- What we need to do more than anything is we
- 7 need to learn to conserve more. If everybody did their
- 8 part just a little bit, save, think about how much
- 9 gasoline you are burning when you are just going around
- 10 the corner to get a bottle of milk. Just think how
- 11 much water you are running down the drain.
- 12 Every choice you make of every day effects
- 13 some other living creature on this earth, and it is up
- 14 to us to start caring more and using less.
- If every one of us had to go to Europe which
- 16 I wish we could, England is my home. They pay eight to
- 17 nine dollars a gallon of gasoline. I hope and pray
- 18 that we will eventually get to have to pay that much
- 19 because that will get the tremendous vehicles off the
- 20 road, the SUVs, the massive un-energy efficient
- 21 automobiles. The whole thing is we have to care that
- 22 we share this planet with every other living creature
- 23 that would like to live here in peace.
- I also am a voice for the voiceless, and I
- 25 care very much and it just absolutely devastates me

- that we can only think about money and power and greed.
 Thank you so very much.
- 3 (Clapping)
- 4 MR. BERGSTEDT: James Barton.
- MR. BARTON: Hello. My name is James Barton,
- 6 and I am an internationally recognized expert on sea
- 7 dump munitions. In this capacity in the United States,
- 8 I have addressed the presidential commission, a
- 9 Congressional oversight committee hearing and federal
- 10 court case.
- I have prepared a brief one-page position
- 12 paper that I think would be of interest to you and many
- of the people in the room. The title of that is The
- 14 Need to Establish Threat Mitigation Protocols for
- 15 Offshore Natural Resource Development in Waters
- 16 Suspected to Contain Unexploded Munitions.
- 17 Responsible development of offshore natural
- 18 resources in waters fouled with unexploded munitions
- 19 can be accomplished but only if basic threat factors
- 20 are weighed at the planning stage. We have the
- 21 technology and superior service providers available to
- 22 conduct such operations, and given proper guidance and
- 23 funding, the potential for adverse impacts of these
- 24 efforts can be greatly minimized.
- I give you a little background. The eastern

- 1 seaboard is littered with unexploded munitions from
- 2 decades of industrial scale dumping and live fire
- 3 exercises. Everything in the arsenal has been posited
- 4 off our shores. In addition to heavy iron bombs and
- 5 projectiles, there are thin cased chemical weapons, and
- 6 aluminum bodied one ton bulk containers filled with
- 7 liquid agent. Residues from once liquid state agent
- 8 can form more or less a solidified shoe at the bottom
- 9 of individual munitions and bulk containers.
- 10 Threat one: When chemical filled containers
- 11 are ruptured through the use of high powered seismic
- 12 technology, these shoes are also broken up, making them
- more susceptible to disbursement across the seafloor.
- 14 This has already occurred in the Baltic Sea, where
- 15 solidified chunks of blister agent and white phosphorus
- 16 regularly wash ashore. Beachcombers mistake these for
- 17 amber and pocket them. Once the outer crust is brushed
- 18 away, they either get a blister agent burn or their
- 19 pants literally catch on fire.
- 20 The solution: Conduct archival research to
- 21 locate the general position of major dump sites. Use
- 22 more traditional and less destructive forms such as
- 23 wide area assessment such as magnetometer and side scan
- 24 sonar to pinpoint and investigate whether chemical
- 25 munitions are present. Chart these locations and avoid

1 the use of seismic testing in these areas. 2 Threat No. 2: Unlike large scale munitions 3 dumps, individual explosive filled iron bombs and projectiles deposited through live fire exercises can 4 migrate great distances from where they first came in 5 contact with the seafloor. When these come into 6 7 contact with man-made structures like platforms, cables 8 or pipelines, two things are likely to occur. The first is friction wear damage. The second is 9 10 dissimilar metals in the munition and structure combined to advance electrolytic activity which quickly 11 12 overwhelms the cathodic protection originally designed 13 for a clean seabed, thereby weakening the structure. In the North Sea where such 14 The solution: 15 occurrences are common, inspection of these structures 16 performed using ROV or AUV technologies takes place 17 with greater frequency than in waters where unexploded 18 munitions are not present. They also embrace 19 remediation strategy to remove these items and have 20 done so successfully on numerous occasions. The cost associated with these efforts are calculated at the 21 22 very beginning of the planning process. 23 And that's the extent of my prepared statement. But in lieu, in light of the fact that you 24 25 have mentioned that this is an ongoing effort and

- 1 lasted in the Arctic, I would also point out there are 2 numerous radioactive wastes from the former Soviet 3 Union in the Arctic. We are talking dozens of reactors 4 and hundreds if not thousands of tons of radioactive wastes in barrels and so forth. So these materials as 5 well can be damaged. 6 7 And I have identified chemical weapon sites 8 in the Aleutian Islands and other places in Alaska. So 9 for me as an expert, the question is where can I go 10 that I don't find munitions? I estimate there is a 11 couple million tons in the Great Lakes. I can point to 12 a ten mile spot in the Potomac River, a stones throw 13 from here, that has six to ten million munitions in 14 So they are everywhere. 15 We have been living with them silently and 16 okay, no big deal, but until you start to looking at what we could do to help disburse these things or right 17 18 now they are pretty much where they are set in their 19 But I personally don't want to see as a 20-year
- 21 I don't want to send my family to the beach and have
- 22 their pants catch on fire. We can avoid this with a
- little care and forethought. That's all I have to say.

resident of Norfolk and retired global bomb technician,

(Clapping)

20

MR. BERGSTEDT: Ellis James.

1 Thank you. My name is Ellis W. MR. JAMES: 2 Mr. Director, we welcome you and the panel to our wonderful city. I guess it would be easy for Ellis 3 James to say to you simply follow the science, follow 4 the reports because you've got most of them in hand 5 6 already. 7 There is currently an effort underway to 8 suggest that the data that was gathered 30 years ago approximately is not really accurate for the present. 9 10 I submit to you there has been no major significant change, otherwise the energy companies and the oil and 11 12 gas companies would have come back to the table that 13 they walked away from 30 some years ago. 14 It would be simple to say the way you avoid a 15 spill is not to drill. I'd like to pose a question for 16 you to seek an answer to in terms of not only recognizing the terrible impacts on wildlife and sea 17 18 mammals that seismic testing will create and the potential for devastating the city of Virginia Beaches 19 20 as well as the Southside Hampton Roads economy if there 2.1 is drilling and then there is an accident. I guess you 22 have paid close attention to the fact that people in 23 the Gulf and businesses in the Gulf are having a lot of trouble being able to get the money that they were 24 25 promised as reparations for what the accident caused.

1 Now, none of the proponents, with all due 2 respect to them, have suggested how they are going to deal with the issue of fallout from a major accident. 3 4 I'd like to call one other thing to your attention. Natural gas has suddenly gone from boom to a 5 precipitous position on the cliff. Natural gas has 6 7 plummeted to about \$2.08 and the experts and the 8 analysts, think it's going to go as low as possibly a 9 dollar. 10 What's the problem? The problem is simple; 11 the United States has been bringing in all of this 12 natural gas, which after all when you drill for oil, we 13 get the natural gas, too, in most instances. United States capacity for storing natural gas is about 14 15 to significantly run out. Approximately within now to 16 the end of the year, our capacity for storing natural 17 gas is going to be done. 18 If that were to occur, everything that the 19 Administration hopes for and everything that the 20 industry hopes for in terms of freeing us from 2.1 dependence on others for our energy sources is going to 22 be up for grabs in my opinion. 23 We will see a strange site; LNG type ships 24 taking natural gas to other parts of the world because 25 our storage capacity, somebody forgot to double-check

- 1 what the influx of all of this natural gas is and
- 2 results in. Somebody forgot to double-check how it was
- 3 going to be handled.
- I would certainly hope that BOEM would
- 5 closely look at that issue because it has a lot to do
- 6 with where we go and how we move forward. It is
- 7 obvious from the shirt that I proudly wear that I am
- 8 very much opposed to the offshore drilling, and I say
- 9 that to you with all due respect to my friends on the
- 10 other side of the issue. We need to take a much better
- 11 significant look at what it is we are proposing to do
- 12 in the Mid-Atlantic. We do not need to ruin our
- 13 Atlantic coast. Thank you.
- MR. BERGSTEDT: We have several more people
- 15 signed up to speak but some important business has to
- 16 be taken care of and I would propose a five-minute
- 17 break and to reconvene. We can then hear from the rest
- 18 of the people who have signed up to speak and anyone
- 19 else who would like to speak after that. Five minutes,
- 20 please.
- 21 (Short recess taken at 2:34 after which the
- proceedings continued at 2:44 p.m.)
- MR. BERGSTEDT: Ladies and gentlemen, if you
- 24 could please take your seats. Tom.
- MR. BENNETT: Let me just mention Director

- 1 Beaudreau sends his apologies. He was called away to
- 2 speak at the Maritime Association group that is cross
- 3 town here but he will be seeing all of the comments
- 4 whether he is actually here to receive them or not and
- 5 he appreciates everyone's participation.
- 6 MR. BERGSTEDT: Sam Schwartz
- 7 MR. SCHWARTZ: Thank you. I am representing
- 8 Senator Mark Warner today. The Senator apologizes that
- 9 he couldn't be here but sent a letter.
- I applaud the Bureau of Ocean Energy
- 11 Management for convening a series of public meetings on
- 12 the environmental impact of proposed geological and
- 13 geophysical activities in the Outer Continental Shelf
- 14 along the Mid- and South Atlantic coasts. I am
- 15 particularly pleased that BOEM chose Norfolk as the
- 16 site for this meeting. I think it is important that
- 17 the Hampton Roads community have the ability to speak
- 18 directly to federal officials and ask questions about
- 19 offshore resources, energy exploration and seismic
- 20 testing.
- I believe one of the most important pieces of
- 22 information we can gain from this process of
- 23 exploration is to get a clear, detailed accounting how
- 24 much oil and gas is present in the Atlantic Outer
- 25 Continental Shelf areas. Currently we are relying on

1 In order to make an informed 25-year-old data. cost-benefit analysis, we must have more information 2 3 about the amount and type of hydrocarbon resources and 4 any information on geological hazards. I support the Bureau's attention to this because that is necessary to 5 ensure safe, operations and environmental protections. 6 7 I also urge the Administration to revise the map of the Mid-Atlantic OCS to actually reflect 8 Virginia's resources as outlined in legislation that I 9 10 introduced along with Senator Jim Webb; the Virginia Outer Continental Shelf Energy Production Act of 2011. 11 12 That legislation also provides for revenue sharing with 13 the Commonwealth of Virginia that would pay for 14 transportation infrastructure improvements as well as 15 land and water conservation as well as alternative 16 energy advancement. Development of Virginia's OCS 17 resources with accompanying revenue sharing between the 18 federal and state governments will attract well-paying 19 jobs and boost much needed domestic energy production. 20 I look forward to working with the Bureau to 21 ensure Virginia's resources are developed in an 22 environmentally sound and safe manner, including a fair 23 distribution of revenues between the federal and state 24 governments. 25 Sincerely, Mark R. Warner, United States

1	Senator.
2	MR. BERGSTEDT: Thank you.
3	Shannon Kindrick.
4	MS. KINDRICK: Good afternoon everyone. I am
5	Shannon Kindrick, District Director for Congressman
6	Scott Rigell. Thank you for the opportunity for
7	hearing the voices of the citizens. The Congressman
8	represents the entire Atlantic seaboard and state of
9	Virginia, and we are well aware of the risks that are
10	imposed and the concerns mentioned by the citizens, but
11	we also think it's important to learn the opportunities
12	that exist with this exploration.
13	So with that said, I would like to share this
14	letter from Congressman Scott Rigell addressed to the
15	Honorable Ken Salazar, Secretary of the Department of
16	the Interior.
17	Dear Secretary Salazar, I appreciate the
18	opportunity to participate in the public comment
19	process on the Administration's Draft Programmatic
20	Environmental Impact Statement for Mid-Atlantic energy
21	development. While I am encouraged that the
22	Administration is giving consideration to the vast
23	energy potential waiting to be developed off our
24	shores, I am disappointed in the slow, tedious and
25	dismissive approach that has been taken thus far.

1 Leaving Virginia's Lease Sale 220 out of the 2 212 -- sorry, 2012-2017 five-year Outer Continental 3 Shelf (OCS) energy plan was a clear indicator that this 4 Administration has no intention of seeing offshore energy production in the Mid-Atlantic region any time 5 6 soon. 7 I welcome the opportunity for seismic studies 8 to supplement our understanding of the offshore energy resources, but I do not see a legitimate market for 9 10 that data when there is no plan to allow the energy 11 potential to be developed. Energy producers will only 12 be willing to purchase the data when there is a clear 13 evidence that -- I'm sorry, when there is clear 14 evidence they will be able to recover their investments 15 by harvesting the energy resource. 16 The ban on coastal energy is a ban on jobs and a ban on the revenue we need so Virginia can have 17 18 healthy schools, healthy children, and better roads. 19 This is why I introduced the Mid-Atlantic Energy and 20 Jobs Act of 2012 (HR3882) to open in a environmentally 21 responsible way the OCS off the coast of Virginia for 22 energy development. The legislation would help move 23 America away from its dangerous reliance on foreign oil and create an estimated 18,000 direct and indirect 24 25 local jobs.

- 1 This is not the time for another
- 2 government-funded study. It's time to unleash the
- 3 greatest economic engine the world has ever known the
- 4 American entrepreneur to create jobs, cut our
- 5 dangerous reliance on foreign energy and grow the
- 6 economy.
- 7 Yours in Freedom, Scott Rigell, Member of
- 8 Congress.
- 9 MR. BERGSTEDT: Sally McNeilan.
- 10 MS. MCNEILAN: Thank you. I am a member of
- 11 the Virginia Offshore Wind Coalition Executive
- 12 Committee and I am an employee of Food Grow. The G&G
- 13 studies you are proposing are extremely important for
- 14 the development of energy, both the renewable and
- 15 conventional, but more importantly, we have no idea of
- 16 what is off our coast.
- We have this huge area. It is a frontier
- 18 area. There is very limited knowledge and it is only
- 19 spotty, and we don't know what's out there. A few
- 20 years ago off of Florida, there was a -- Woods Hole
- 21 discovered several tracks of white coral. No one knew
- 22 they were there. We don't know what's out there. We
- 23 may discover things out there when we are doing these
- 24 studies.
- Yes, we will be investigating one to two

- 1 hundred meters. That is important for both resources,
- 2 for foundation designs and that sort of thing, but we
- 3 will also be discovering what is there. And if what is
- 4 there is things that should be protected, then you will
- 5 have the opportunity to make another Pennekamp or
- 6 something like that and protect areas that need to be
- 7 protected and allow development where there are the
- 8 resources. This is extremely important. These are our
- 9 national resources and we need to obtain this
- 10 information in a responsible manner.
- 11 MR. BERGSTEDT: Christine Morbach.
- MS. MORGAN: Christine Morgan.
- MR. BERGSTEDT: Morgan, excuse me.
- 14 MS. MORGAN: My name is Christine Morgan. I
- 15 am here as a citizen, resident of Virginia Beach and
- 16 small business owner. I know that Senator Wagner said
- 17 that a vote against a study is a vote for ignorance.
- 18 In most cases I would agree with that, but in some
- 19 cases it might actually be a vote against unneeded
- 20 spending and unneeded effort.
- I am opposed to the seismic testing that is
- 22 being proposed right now. This is the third time I
- 23 have been here to a hearing on this subject so I will
- 24 say it again. We do not want this seismic testing
- 25 because we do not want drilling in any way, shape or

- 1 form. (Clapping)
- 2 Contrary to what you have been hearing from
- 3 our elected officials, most residents of Virginia Beach
- 4 do not want this activity. And the last I heard, the
- 5 Navy and Nassau, and even my own mayor, last I heard,
- 6 he didn't want it either. So I guess I am operating on
- 7 old information here.
- 8 Seismic testing is dangerous. It's
- 9 disruptive to marine life. We have already heard a lot
- 10 about it, and I am sure as you know, Mr. Beaudreau, as
- 11 a geologist, there is also the question no one brought
- 12 up of that the seismic testing is so intense it
- 13 actually could trigger a submarine landslide. I have
- 14 been reading a little bit about that studies, earlier
- 15 studies. Have found cracks in the continental shelf
- off the coast of Maryland and there already has been an
- 17 event of that nature resulting in, you know, a small
- 18 tsunami, but nevertheless, it's something to consider.
- 19 Drilling is dangerous. It's dangerous
- 20 business. It's not going help Virginia in the least.
- 21 It is also in my opinion completely unnecessary. The
- 22 oil and gas industry already have leases that they
- 23 aren't even using yet. And again, you know, I admire
- 24 President Obama for putting a hold on things.
- I know that Mr. Domenech wondered what the

- 1 difference was between two years ago and now, but
- 2 apparently he forgot about the deepwater incident which
- 3 we are still seeing the effects of.
- I just don't believe for one minute that oil
- 5 drilling can be done safely. I think -- I'm sorry,
- 6 obviously I am not a public speaker but I really feel
- 7 strongly about this. Accidents are a given. It's a
- 8 dirty business. It threatens our tourism industry,
- 9 jeopardizes our already healthy economy. It interferes
- 10 with a promising wind-generation industry, and it puts
- 11 at great great risk everything that makes our area
- 12 unique.
- I am an optimist, and I believe that our
- 14 elected officials are trying to work for our greater
- 15 good, therefore I cannot fathom why they are so willing
- 16 to freely give away our most precious resource.
- 17 Please, let's leave Virginia alone. Thank you.
- 18 (Clapping)
- MR. BERGSTEDT: Barbara Suruga.
- 20 AUDIENCE MEMBER: I am speaking on behalf of
- 21 Ms. Suruga who had to leave early. Ms. Suruga says: I
- 22 vote in Virginia Beach. Two years ago this summer
- 23 after the BP blowout, I was walking on our beach at
- 24 89th Street. Along with seashells I found a bottle
- 25 cap, an oil encrusted bottle cap. It must have made

- 1 its way from the BP Horizon oil well disaster. Its
- 2 impact was felt even here. BP is still not capable of
- 3 cleaning up its mess.
- If you Google oil spills, you will see that
- 5 they are worldwide and continual, continual meaning
- 6 that there are lines that continue to leak copious
- 7 amounts of oil into the environment. I vote no to
- 8 drilling. I vote no to oil, gas and coal, all dirty,
- 9 dangerous and non-renewable as well as fracking energy.
- 10 I vote yes to wind, solar, tidal and all clean, safe,
- 11 renewable energy sources.
- I encourage everyone to watch the documentary
- 13 Thrive online. Thank you for your time. God bless
- 14 America and its Democratic process. Thank you.
- 15 (Clapping)
- 16 MR. BERGSTEDT: That concludes the list of
- 17 people who signed up to speak before the meeting. Is
- 18 there anyone else who would like to make a comment
- 19 while we are still in session? Yes, sir. Come up to
- 20 the microphone, please, and say your name and please
- 21 spell it for the court reporter.
- MR. GAGNON: My name is Chuck Gagnon. I am
- 23 referenced in the EIS should we miss the spelling. One
- 24 of you gentleman mentioned PAM, Passive Acoustic
- 25 Monitoring. It's what I have been doing for 40 years.

- And in areas of the world, I have watched one or two seismic profiler ships grow to thirteen or fourteen. I have watched surveys go from the 1970s and they still continue in the 2010s. These surveys once they start, they don't stop. One of the elements are
- 6 the fourth dimension. You have a 2D, 3D, and fourth
- 7 dimension is time. So we repeatedly go out and
- 8 resurvey the same area over and over again and add
- 9 noise. It's quite a sneaky process.
- Just in the last few days, I pulled up a
- 11 bottom mounted hydrophone, and I was monitoring a
- 12 profiler vessel off of Brazil from over 2,000 miles
- 13 away. And I am sure I am correct, I know exactly where
- 14 the ship was, what the ship's name is, et cetera. This
- 15 sound travels a considerable distance on a horizontal
- 16 plain. You will look at the studies and they will talk
- 17 about 30 miles out or 40 miles out, and the models
- 18 don't reflect what really happens in the ocean. So the
- 19 sound doesn't just go straight down. It spreads out
- 20 significantly.
- 21 And it impacts up into the hundreds of hertz.
- 22 It's not just down in the tens or 30 hertz region where
- 23 the industry will tell you the bulk of the noise is.
- 24 It does spread up, if you are close enough, in the
- 25 thousands of hertz.

1	So I am opposed to putting this type of noise
2	because I believe it will not be a one-time thing given
3	that if we find anything out there and given our thirst
4	for hydrocarbons and our stand-off from the green side
5	of business to where we are not pursuing the currents
6	and solar and wind energies because of lobbying, et
7	cetera, I stand against it having watched it for 40
8	years, watched what the ocean noise level does.
9	And what I do is I track whales. That's what
10	I do for a business. So I know a lot about whether
11	they react or not and all that, but as a citizen of
12	Virginia Beach, retired Navy squid type guy, I am
13	opposed to putting all this noise off the coast.
14	You stand here and you look out into the
15	ocean, you will see a vessel and you will not know
16	what's going on. You will not realize how intense that
17	noise is. It's quite significant. I will gladly
18	provide you with a DVD of it up close and personal and
19	you will hear that thump and all the echoes and all the
20	paths that come back to you as a receiver, and it's
21	quite significant. Thanks very much.
22	(Clapping)
23	MR. BERGSTEDT: Yes, sir.
24	MR. STANTON: Good afternoon. My name is
25	Charles Stanton. I am the Regional Representative for

- 1 Senator Jim Webb. I want to welcome Director Beaudreau
- 2 and the rest of the staff to Hampton Roads.
- But for informational purposes, I wanted to
- 4 let everybody know the Senator is going to be issuing
- 5 comments for the record that will be coming from the
- 6 Washington office directly so I just wanted to let you
- 7 know that he will have some input on this issue as
- 8 well. Thank you much.
- 9 MR. BERGSTEDT: Yes, sir.
- 10 MR. FLEMMING: Thank you. I apologize for
- 11 not having anything written. My name is Bill Flemming.
- 12 I am a Virginia Beach resident. My background is I
- 13 have a Ph.D. in physics, although it's not anything
- 14 related to geology.
- I have a friend who was involved in the
- 16 earlier studies by the oil companies up and down the
- 17 east coast. He was involved in the research to see if
- 18 there was any evidence of oil off the east coast.
- 19 He was a research geologist. And I happened
- 20 in February to have lunch in Houston, Texas with a
- 21 geophysicist who happened to also be involved in oil
- 22 exploration in another part of the country. Both of
- 23 them said there is no evidence of any oil of any
- 24 appreciable amount. Therefore, the studies that are
- 25 being proposed I expect will provide additional perhaps

- 1 more detailed evidence that there isn't anything out
- 2 there of economic significance to worry about.
- 3 That said, a lot of data that was collected
- 4 previously by the oil companies has been withheld. The
- 5 little bit that was released had some interesting
- 6 information including the discovery of a meteor hit at
- 7 the mouth of the Chesapeake Bay so I wanted to speak as
- 8 a scientist that any data that is collected from these
- 9 studies should be made open and available to all the
- 10 universities so that research can be done using that
- 11 data.
- 12 In addition, it's been mentioned that there
- is going to be the use of acoustic sensors, and there
- 14 is concern about the lives of whales and mammals either
- 15 by acoustics damage or boat strikes.
- So I would like to propose that these
- 17 acoustic sensors be left in place or additional
- 18 measures be done to leave acoustic sensors in place so
- 19 that it's easier to track the migration of Right
- 20 whales, other whales, other mammals and large schools
- 21 of fish such as tuna and herring so that we have a
- 22 better idea of where they are and are able to better
- 23 protect them. Thank you. I will post e-mail comments
- 24 later.
- MR. BERGSTEDT: Thank you, sir. Is there

- 1 anyone else? Yes, ma'am.
- 2 MS. LANGSTON: Yes. Thank you for coming to
- 3 our beautiful state of Virginia, especially Norfolk and
- 4 Virginia Beach area. My name is Diane Lee Langston.
- 5 And I'd like to say that my family came here in the
- 6 mid-1600s. Therefore, I am a conservative.
- 7 I want to conserve the beauty of Virginia
- 8 including her glorious waters, therefore I stand in
- 9 opposition to any seismic activity, and I stand in
- 10 support with previous speakers of your Alternative C.
- 11 Now, I worked for the United Nations
- 12 Development Program for more than 25 years. My husband
- is a environmental engineer. We could have lived
- 14 anywhere in the world. We could have retired anywhere
- in the world but we came back to Norfolk because of the
- 16 beautiful history here and the beautiful seashore and
- 17 the beautiful waters.
- We live on Lafayette River which is a back
- 19 water of Chesapeake Bay. We enjoy the herring, the
- 20 ibis, the other, the doves, all of the waters around
- 21 us. My mother used to crab in that river. We are
- 22 working now with the City of Norfolk to restore the
- 23 pristine waters of the Lafayette River. We think any
- 24 oil drilling especially would be unnecessary.
- 25 I recall that Sarah Palin when she was

- governor of Alaska, she appeared on the Charlie Rose 1 2 show about four years ago and she vociferously 3 complained that the oil companies were not sufficiently 4 using their leases in Alaska. Therefore, as one of the previous speakers noted, there are many other avenues 5 for these oil companies to use their current leases. 6 7 Secondly, getting oil, if there is any oil off of the coast of Virginia, will not lead to our 8 9 independence or security in energy because those oil resources will be put on the global market and we will 10 11 have to again still compete with China and other 12 industrial countries including India for these oil 13 resources. 14 So we stand in support of mass transit, of 15 alternative energy uses, of wind mills and solar. Τ 16 would love to be able to afford to put solar panels on 17 my house right now. I have been wanting to put a wind 18 mill in my backyard if the city of Norfolk would 19 permit. 20 So please, please, think of the future of our 21 children here in Virginia and the seaboard of the east 22 And thank you so much for coming to our coast. 23 beautiful state.
- 24 (Clapping)
- MS. GLENN: Hello. My name is Becca Glenn,

- 1 B-e-c-c-a G-1-e-n-n. I am a resident of Portsmouth and 2 I also work for an ocean conservation group called 3 Oceana, which has hundreds of volunteers, donors and e-activists right near Hampton Roads. 4 I am strongly opposed to allowing airqun surveys off our coasts because of the harm that would 6 7 be caused to the marine ecosystem. These airguns are about the loudest sound humans make underwater short of 8 explosives, and so loud that they are known to cause 9 10 behavioral changes, hearing loss, injury, and death in 11 marine mammals. In fact, the Administration's own 12 estimates are that these surveys would injure up to 13 138,500 marine mammals. 14 While BOEM has included time/area closures in 15 Alternatives A and B, it is difficult to put area 16 limits on the impacts of airguns because the sound and
- disruptions to marine life can travel through the water
 for hundreds or thousands of miles. Just one airgun
 array in the North Atlantic caused endangered fin and
 humpback whales to abandon habitat over an area of more
 than 100,000 square files.

 Airguns displace commercial species of fish
- as far as thousands of square kilometers away which has reduced catch rates of species like cod, haddock and rockfish, and led fishermen in Norway and other parts

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of the world to seek industry compensation for their
 1
 2
     losses.
 3
               A number of people here today have mentioned
 4
     that existing data is 25 years old, and there is a
     reason for this; because oil and gas is an old and
 5
     outdated industry. We have the option now to use
 6
 7
     newer, better, and cleaner technologies to bring energy
 8
     and jobs to Virginia. Countries in Europe and Asia are
     operating these modern energy generation sources like
 9
10
     offshore wind, in some cases for as many as 20 years.
11
     It's long past time for us to catch up.
12
               I urge you to adopt Alternative C which would
13
     allow for less destructive renewable energy exploration
14
     while excluding airgun surveys. Thank you.
15
               (Clapping)
16
               MR. BERGSTEDT: Anyone else? Okay, if you
17
     haven't seen the document yet, you have information on
18
     where you can take a look at it to offer any comments
19
     in writing that you wish to make. And with that, I
20
     would close the meeting.
21
               (Thereupon, the proceedings concluded at 3:09
22
        p.m.)
23
2.4
25
```

		<i></i>
1	CERTIFICATE OF COURT REPORTER	
2		
3	I, Lois B. Boyle, RMR, do hereby certify that I	
4	reported verbatim the Bureau of Ocean Energy	
5	Management meeting.	
6	I further certify that the foregoing is a true,	
7	accurate and complete transcript of said	
8	proceedings.	
9	Given under my hand this 4th day of May 2012 at	
10	Norfolk, Virginia.	
11		
12		
13		
14	Lois B. Boyle, RMR Notary Registration No. 203748	
15	Notary Registration No. 203710	
16		
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