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5	BUREAU OF OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT
6	PACIFIC REGION SCOPING MEETING
7	TO PREPARE AN ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT
8	ON POTENTIAL OFFSHORE WIND LEASES
9	ISLAND OF OAHU, HAWAI'I
10	JULY 21, 2016
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12	
13	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
14	Held at the Waialua Elementary School Cafeteria, 67-020
15	Waialua Beach Road, Waialua, Hawai'i, on Thursday,
16	July 21, 2016, commencing at 6:00 p.m.
17	
18	
19	
20	REPORTED BY:
21	CYNTHIA L. MURPHY, RPR, CSR 167 Certified Shorthand Reporter
22	State of Hawaii
23	
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25	

1	FACILITATOR:
2	DAWN CHING
3	Kui'walu Principal
4	PRESENTERS:
5	Veronica Roche
6	Renewable Energy Program Manager Department of Business Economic Development &
7	Tourism, Hawaii State Energy Office
8	MARK ECKENRODE Environmental Coordinator
9	Bureau of Ocean Energy Management
10	PROJECT TEAM:
11	BUREAU OF OCEAN ENERGY MANAGEMENT:
12	Abby Hopper, Director
13	Mark Eckenrode, Environmental Coordinator
14	Karen Herrera, Renewable Leasing Specialist
15	Dave Panzer, Chief, Environmental Analysis Section
16	Dave Ball, Cultural Specialist
17	Dave Pereksta, Avian Specialist
18	John Romero, Public Affairs
19	DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT &
20	TOURISM, HAWAII STATE ENERGY OFFICE:
21	Veronica Roche, Renewable Energy Program Manager
22	Cameron Black, Permitting Specialist
23	PUBLIC OFFICIALS:
24	Senator Gil Riviere
25	Representative Feki Pouha Leo Asuncion, Planning Director, State of Hawaii

1	ATTENDEE PROVIDING COMMENT TO THE COURT REPORTER:
2	Jim Frisbie
3	
4	ATTENDEES PROVIDING COMMENTS IN THE FORMAL PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD:
5	Jack Pawlowski Thomas Shirai
6	Tonya Reid Bill Quinlan
7	Sean Quinlan Kelly McCloskey
8	Bob Leinau Kawika Au
9	Blake McElheny Max Bozeman
10	Eddie Ebisui, III Chris Bruns
11	Robert Justice Necee (Denice) Kuehu
12	Pomai Hoapili Luwella K. Leonardi
13	Earl Dahlin Barbara Williams
14	George Atkins Kilikina Kekumano
15	Makani Ortogero Senator Gil Riviere
16	Representative Feki Pouha
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1	ATTENDEES:
2	George Atkins Kawika Au
3	Eric Basta Tae Basta
4	Max Bozeman
5	Chris Bruns Earl Dahlin
	Eddie Ebisui, III
6	Jim Frisbie Pomai Hoapili
7	Roberet justice Kilikina Kekumano
8	Necee (Denice) Kuehu
9	Bob Leinau Luwella K. Leonardi
	Kelly McCloskey
10	Lisa McDaniel Ken McDowell
11	Blake McElheny Bob Nowack
12	Jason Olayon
13	Makani Ortogero Jack Pawlowski
	Bill Quinlan
14	Sean Quinlan Jack & Tonya Reid
15	Thomas Shirai Michael Walker
16	Barbara Williams
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1 THURSDAY, JULY 21, 2016 6:00 P.M. 2. (Open House session from 6:00 p.m. to 6:30 p.m.) 3 (The following comments were made directly to 4 the court reporter:) 5 MR. JIM FRISBIE: Jim Frisbie, F-R-I-S-B-I-E. Ι 6 live here in Waialua, been here about 14 years. I came to 7 Hawaii in 1993. I am here because I want to learn more 8 about the project. I would hope that people would have 9 the patience not to be overly fearful and to listen to 10 what presentations are and for other alternatives, fuel 11 and energy options, that we can have for the islands. 12 I don't have a fixed opinion. I do believe that 1.3 we need to get off of fossil fuels as a plan of Hawaii's goal. And I want to hear about renewable energy options. 14 15 One thing that would be important for me, as a 16 consumer, is how the price per kilowatt hour is going to 17 compare for the average consumer, for myself, like a 18 homeowner, and, hopefully, that would be favorable. And I 19 would hope that some of the reservations that I hear 20 expressed about people that this is not something that's 21 going to cause a change in the surf and that it's not 22 going to be a great big eyesore. And that's my comment. 23 Thank you. 2.4 (Presentations were made by Veronica Roche, 25 Department of Business Economic Development &

1 Tourism, Hawaii State Energy Office; and Mark 2 Eckenrode, Environmental Coordinator of the 3 Bureau of Ocean Energy Management.) MAN IN THE AUDIENCE: Can I ask one question? 4 5 What is the earliest point in this process the decision 6 could be made to disqualify Kaena as an area? What's the 7 earliest point in the process that that decision could be made? 8 9 MR. MARK ECKENRODE: Well, the very first 10 decision point, as I said, is going to determine whether 11 or not these areas are even suitable or not. So we're 12 taking your comments --13 MAN IN THE AUDIENCE: That's not an answer. 14 MR. MARK ECKENRODE: I don't -- I can't say --15 MAN IN THE AUDIENCE: I'm sorry, sir. Please, 16 we're very frustrated. You've outlined the process of ten 17 It's frustrating that you're even thinking of it 18 because most of us want to stop it today. So what we'd 19 like to know is what is the earliest, legally, within the

MR. MARK ECKENRODE: There is no dates like that in the regulation, sir. Basically, we're going to take the time to make the best valuable decision. We're not going to rush it. We're going to look at everything

process that a decision could be made to disqualify Kaena

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area from the process?

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2 MAN IN THE AUDIENCE: How many times we have to 3 tell you "No"?

MR. MARK ECKENRODE: Thank you.

MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you, Mark, for the presentation.

And I know that you're frustrated, so we're going to start -- we're going to get into the official comment. And this is -- we have, in the past, they've not brought a court reporter. So this is really official.

Your statement will be taken verbatim; it will be part of the record. They're going to fully consider all the comments they receive, whether it's tonight, whether you e-mail things in. I know it's very dissatisfying that no one's giving a definitive answer. And I know you're going to be very frustrated, but we're not taking any questions tonight. It's just going to be your opportunity to make a comment.

So we have the court reporter, Cynthia. She's going to take all of your comments. I am going to ask you if you could come up front. I'm going to call people's names.

We had a first meeting at McKinley; and then last night, we had one in Waianae. We varied on the time limits. Do you guys want -- because there's quite a few

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    people who want to make a comment. Do you want us to
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    limit the comments to three minutes?
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              Three minutes, is that the consensus?
              MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI:
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              MAN IN AUDIENCE: No.
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              WOMAN IN AUDIENCE: No.
              MAN IN AUDIENCE: No.
              MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI: No, because --
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              MS. DAWN CHANG: This community --
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              MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI: No, because, by the time
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    you get up there, it's over, and you will not be able to
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    communicate what it is you want to hear, and I'm here to
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    hear this.
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              MS. DAWN CHANG: Okay. Let's take -- wait.
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    Let's just take one at a time. This is just ground rules
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    about -- the longer we take, the longer you won't be able
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    to comment.
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              MR. EARL DAHLIN: What we talking about three
19
    minutes --
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              MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI: Then the quality -- wait.
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    If we say "yes" --
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              MR. EARL DAHLIN: Hang on, please.
                                                   What we
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    talking is about three minutes. I've been with the
2.4
    neighborhood board meeting. You get up there, you burp,
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    your three minutes is gone. Now, this is the meeting for
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1 | the people here to come out and voice what they want.

- MS. DAWN CHANG: Okay.
- 3 MR. EARL DAHLIN: You do not put a time limit on
- 4 them. If the time runs out at 9:00 o'clock, it runs out
- 5 at 9:00 o'clock. But, right now, you here for one reason:
- 6 It's to listen to the community what we want. And, again,
- 7 | people want this. The reason for that: Their decisions
- 8 have been made before this meeting was started. The
- 9 decisions was made before this. This is a bunch of bull.
- 10 | That's what it is.
- MS. DAWN CHANG: All right, Uncle Earl. So
- 12 Uncle Earl --
- 13 MR. EARL DAHLIN: So no limits on the time,
- 14 period.

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- 15 MS. DAWN CHANG: Okay. That's fair enough.
- 16 | That's the group -- but I will ask you to be courteous and
- 17 | respectful. We've got a lot of other people who want to
- 18 speak.
- 19 MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI: I've been to the last
- 20 | meeting here. You folks were very courteous. You folks
- 21 | were intelligent. You were wonderful.
- 22 MS. DAWN CHANG: Luwella, I really want to get
- 23 | to the comments --
- 24 | MAN IN AUDIENCE: I would like to see as many
- 25 | people talk as possible. I like the idea of three

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1 minutes. And then if you're not able to complete all of
2 your ideas --
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- 3 MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI: Then we're looking at the 4 amount --
- 5 MS. DAWN CHANG: Luwella --
- 6 MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI: -- of speakers and not the quality.
- 8 MAN IN AUDIENCE: -- go to the end of the line 9 so then you can have your comments finished then.
- MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI: That doesn't work for us.
- MS. DAWN CHANG: Are you good with that?
- MR. EARL DAHLIN: No.
- MS. DAWN CHANG: Wait, wait. I'm going to -- I'm giving people an opportunity to speak. I want
- 15 to take Blake.
- Go ahead, Blake.
- MR. BLAKE McELHENY: That's just what I wanted
 to say, because there's a lot of people who possibly
 wouldn't have a chance to speak. If I say give everyone a
- 20 | chance --
- MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI: Then the quality will go
- 22 down.
- MS. DAWN CHANG: Luwella, we're trying to listen to one person speak.
- Go ahead, Blake.

1 MR. BLAKE McELHENY: So I would say, if you're 2 done in three minutes, and you go back and stand at the 3 end of the line. You come back here again --MAN IN AUDIENCE: What about five? What about 4 5 five? 6 MS. DAWN CHANG: Okay. Is that a compromise? 7 MR. BLAKE McELHENY: How many people want to 8 speak tonight? 9 MS. DAWN CHANG: I've got -- I think on my list 10 I've got about -- maybe I've got about ten so far --11 WOMAN IN AUDIENCE: This is the --12 MAN IN AUDIENCE: Ten, so divide that by --1.3 MS. DAWN CHANG: Okay. This is the ground rules -- Luwella -- the ground rules are we're going to 14 15 give five minutes. And if you want to speak beyond that, 16 you may come up a second time, or you may come to the 17 court reporter afterwards. Because we want to provide 18 everybody an opportunity to speak. All right. 19 So I'm going to call your names. And then if 20 you could come up to the top, come up to the mike so that 21 everybody can hear you and that the court reporter can 22 hear you. 23 Let me see. I will call you by the list of 2.4 people who have signed up. So if you haven't signed up, 25 please make sure that you do. And, again, I would ask

1 | that just one person speak at a time as Cynthia can only

- 2 | take one person. If you come up and you can state your
- 3 | name. So I will ask -- we try to make it available for
- 4 | kupuna first, so we've got Jack and then Uncle Tom.
- 5 MR. JACK PAWLOWSKI: Okay. Well, I do have a
- 6 | couple of questions. One I have for, Mark. Where did
- 7 | Mark go? He's in the back.
- 8 | Mark, you mentioned the bonding issue. Will
- 9 | that include -- and I know it's a question, but this
- 10 | should go into the record. Will that include taking them
- 11 down when their lifespan is over?
- MR. MARK ECKENRODE: Yes, sir.
- MR. JACK PAWLOWSKI: Okay.
- 14 Veronica, I have a question for you. You work
- 15 | for the Department of Energy. Why don't you force HECO to
- 16 | allow more solar?
- 17 | MS. DAWN CHANG: Jack, I know it's going to be
- 18 | frustrating that you want to ask questions --
- 19 MR. JACK PAWLOWSKI: That's okay. That should
- 20 | be in the --
- MS. DAWN CHANG: But if you can, this is really
- 22 | an opportunity for your comment, so we'll take it down as
- 23 | a comment and be addressed. Is that okay?
- MR. JACK PAWLOWSKI: That's fine.
- MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you, Jack.

1 Oh, that's it, Jack? 2 MS. DAWN CHANG: Okay. Tom. 3 MAN IN AUDIENCE: Jack, you're not done. You 4 going to five minutes. You're not done, get back up there 5 and talk. No come down and then grumble afterwards. 6 MR. JACK PAWLOWSKI: Then I'm going to make a 7 statement. I would reiterate the statement that I made on 8 every one of these meetings. If Kakaako and Kapolei are 9 the places where you need all this energy, put the damn 10 turbines where they're using it; not over here on the 11 North Shore. Don't punish us for what other people are 12 doing. 13 MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you, Jack. So after Jack, I have Thomas Shirai. After Thomas, I have Jack and 14 15 Tonya Reid. I will ask all of us to be real courteous to 16 each other so that you can hear the speaker. 17 Tom? 18 MR. THOMAS SHIRAI: Okay. I get seven minutes. 19 How you like that? 20 MS. DAWN CHANG: No credit, no credit. 21 MR. THOMAS SHIRAI: Okay. 22 WOMAN IN AUDIENCE: Your two minutes up. 23 MR. THOMAS SHIRAI: Okay. Here we go. Okay. 2.4 Tonight, as you know, everybody has a lot of concerns

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about this windmills.

I have a different alternative although -- that I feel would make things a lot better and more practical for all of us. It's called "solar roads." It's being done in the United States on Route 66 in Missouri. It's also being proposed for 1,000 kilometers in France. These solar roads generate -- they don't take land, they don't take oceans. They do less impact, and they're all ready to be used on places like H-1, H-2, H-3. There is currently a CIP project for the Waianae Coast to repave 40 miles.

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Other source of energy on the roads is -- you park -- is light. Light is a lot more consistent than wind. You have daytime sun and you have nighttime, the mahina, moon. But there is also a plus, too. You don't need light. You just have to generate heat, and that heat comes from transiting vehicles and trucks traveling on those solar roads, or you park back in the parking lot where those solar panels. And instead of the -- when you turn off your vehicle, wasted heat, that heat goes into that solar and spreads the grid. No more telephone poles, all those kind of things. And that thing is so -- the potential is great. Even if -- you can use that for the rail because that's electric, too. You can use that -- some places they use that for light aircraft on the apron.

The estimated cost for electric bills at

Honolulu International Airport is \$1 million a month. You got something that can handle that weight, if it can already handle 18-wheel trucks fully loaded and that type of heavy equipment, could you imagine if they make it strong enough to handle aircraft to land? I think so. And it's -- I've circulated a lot of that on Facebook.

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And what I'd like to address about -- I'm not going to touch up on cultural things because -- what I have to say was done 1930, and they're all in this book (indicating), the Hawaiian people, during my lifetime, with my grandfather and grandmother over there. If you're going to do a history report, you better do it correctly and do it completely. There are lots that do not do a complete meaning. You think that Kaena Point is just the leaping point of souls?

How many fishermen in here? I'll give you something so you guys can catch some more fish.

One of the greatest fishermen is Maui. He and his brothers fished up the Hawaiian Islands at Kaena Point. So what does that mean? It's not dead people we talking about. That's the beginning of life. You got stories of Kumunuiaiake. You have stories of Pikoi-alala and Kakahee. The largest state record -- the state record for opelu is off of Kaena Point, two pounds. That's pretty damn big for one opelu. Numerous hundred pound

ulua's. Get plenty, plenty things over there that lots of people no understand.

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One more thing I going say. My family's tenure goes back longer than anybody in this room in that place. When you want to talk about land, you see those remaining plat cards on there? That's in the state. It's 15 different apanas, if you know Hawaiian land tenures. of them is at Kaena Point. In 1930, they went up against a rancher who wanted to destroy all the cultural sites and make cattle pens with the stones and the imu rocks and moss rocks. And the only Hawaiians that took care of it was my family. They went to court over it. They didn't win because they had prejudices. And for that gentleman, I was glad to meet the cultural -- you'll never see one like this again. You'll see cultural descendancies. You'll not see a recognized lineal decendancy. Rare. Top of the food chain, which means to show you how much kuleana. It's more than you think.

So I would like to see the solar roads instead of windmills. And I hope everybody take it to heart. And I hope the money -- if you back this project up with that proposal, I'll bet you a lot of people going to be a lot happier. You're not taking away lands. But more practical, a lot of good things, a lot of potential. Less humbug and less pilikia.

1 MS. DAWN CHANG: Mahalo, Tom. 2 I'm going to try not to get in your face. But I'll come here and stand up, and you'll know that that's 3 4 about four minutes, okay. 5 Next person I have is Jack and Tonya Reid. And 6 after Tonya, I have Bill Quinlan. 7 MS. TONYA REID: It's an honor to follow up 8 after Tom. I want you guys to look at this picture. is Kaena Point. This is our life. This is our Hawaii. 9 10 This is our sunset. This is our trees. This is our birds. This is our fish. Now, I've only been here six 11 12 years. I come from California, where all you guys are 13 from. 14 MAN IN THE AUDIENCE: Can you get closer to the 15 mike? 16 MS. TONYA REID: You can put these windmills in 17

MS. TONYA REID: You can put these windmills in California. There's millions of people there. They don't care. We care here. The people who move here care here. The people who have lived here all their lives care here.

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I want to say that three fishermen passed away three weeks ago. Did you guys hear about that from California? They were expert fishermen. They've done it their whole life. It was kind of a stormy day. A rogue wave must have hit them. And they passed away. We looked for them for days afterwards here in Haleiwa. The family

1 stayed out there and camped. The last day, when the Coast 2 Guard and Navy was done they asked them, the families: 3 "Look for them in Kauai. Please, please go to Kauai." Because these locals know the currents are connected 4 5 between Oahu and Kauai. Guess what? Two life vests and 6 two kids in the water were found off the coast of Kauai. 7 If that doesn't tell you that we have currents here that connect these islands. 8

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This is not the mainland, you guys. This is not a bunch of states all connected together. This is a separate state to itself that has fishing, that has tourism, that has sunsets, that has culture like the mainland has never seen. We cannot destroy that here. We worked hard to get a bird refuge out there for our albatross. They have six-foot wing spans. I can talk to a bird expert all day, but I can tell you, you put equipment out there, it's going to attract the fish, the fish attract the birds. And the birds are going to get through this with six-foot wing spans? I asked the Norway guy that wants to do this. "Oh, we did it in Norway." I said, "How big are your birds?" "Oh, about four inches." I said, "Well, great. That wasn't a problem for you in Norway. We have six-foot spans here, and we tried to protect those birds forever." You talk about you're not part of the National Wildlife Sanctuary? Well, you are if

you're going to put windmills out there, because you're right in the middle of the sanctuary that we started out there.

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What else do I want to say? I understand they're not the federal government. But from reading on the website, that an Executive Order was given down by our President on July 19, 2011, establishing an ocean policy and national ocean council to implement his priority for objectives to use turbine and clean energy. Who does he think he is? I don't think he should be deterring us and you federal people telling us what we need to do in our little state here. Thank you.

I understand that you can grant a lease to a competitive or noncompetitive company tomorrow. "Oh, this isn't going to start. This isn't -- we aren't going to have turbines." You're telling me that a company is going to invest for five years, all this investigation, this assessment, BOEM's site assessment plan, construction operation plan, and they're not on their way to doing it? Do you know what the answer is going to be from all those assessments? "No problem. We're only going to kill 50 of the albatross. We can do it."

We went through this in Kahuku. I work at
Waimea -- I don't work -- I volunteer at Waimea Bay. We
sell pictures of the word -- wind turbines from a company

just like this, showing us that we're not going to see them. My heart was torn apart the day I came around Waimea Bay and saw those things over the sacred valley that destroyed the Hawaiian culture there. You're not going to do it out here at Kaena Point. Thank you.

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MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you. Thank you, Tonya.

I have Bill Quinlan. Bill and Sean.

MR. BILL QUINLAN: I have to say this, Director, this is a bad, wasteful, dishonest process. It's dishonest because there are no plans to say "No." Mark made that very clear. Is there any time that we can say "No"? No, there's no time when we have to say "No." We're going to come plow along and spending money, EA, EIS five years, seven years, ten years. That's what you're telling us. By the way, this is what the last speaker was talking about. Have a look what was promised and have a look at what we got. That was promised. This is what we got (indicating).

The gentleman from Europe was here, the neighborhood board, last year and made it very clear to me, and I think other people here, he said, "If we're not welcome, we'll leave." Well, he's right there. The neighborhood board, a hundred percent, sir, told you to go away, and you're still here because you've got money to make and that's all you care about. You don't care about

the environment.

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And yes, it is personal because I live here and you don't. It is absolutely personal. We take it personal. This is our life here. This is not a game. You're going to hear from the cultural people, Uncle Earl, other people. This is sacred. You want to burn down some churches so that you can put up propellers? Well, this is the same as burning down a church. So, please, guys, listen to us and shut this thing down. Thank you.

MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you, Bill.

I have Sean. And then after Sean --

Kilikina, did you want to say anything?

MS. KILIKINA KEKUMANO: Maybe later.

MS. DAWN CHANG: Sean?

MR. SEAN QUINLAN: All right. So here we all are again. I feel like Ground Hog Day, like the Bill Murray movie.

You know, you guys are operating under this mandate, okay. You've got a mandate, you want to place offshore wind turbines. And the only question you're asking yourselves is: Where do we place these turbines? That is a flawed premise. That is a fundamentally flawed premise. The question you should be asking yourselves is: Should we be building offshore wind turbines? That's the question that you should be asking yourselves.

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              You know, we already have wind power here.
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    We're already pulling our weight. We generate the lion's
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    share of wind power for the entire Hawaiian Islands in a
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    ten-mile stretch, from Waimea to Kahuku. We've got a
    hundred megawatts. We didn't want them, but they're
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    already there, okay. We went to meetings just like this.
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    We took time out of our lives, time away from our
    families, to come to meetings just like this. And the end
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    result was they got built anyway because there's money to
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    be made. Okay.
              Wind turbines are very viable on land.
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                                                       Without
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    the investment tax credit, without the production tax
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    credit, this guy wouldn't be there right now. Without
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    money from the federal government. Okay. And now you
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    want to build them in one of the most corrosive
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    environments on earth. So I only have one question for
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    you, because you guys can't answer any questions about:
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    "What is the Coast Guard going to do?" "Are we going to
    be able to fish there?" You can't answer any of our other
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    questions. So my only question, Director, is: How many
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    more of these meetings do we have to attend?
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              MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you, Sean.
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              Kelly McCloskey, I think you weren't sure.
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    After Kelly is Bob, Bob Leinau.
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              MR. KELLY McCLOSKEY: Hi, I'm Kelly.
                                                     I live
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1 right down the street. I've been here for a year. 2. MAN IN AUDIENCE: Move closer to the mike. 3 MR. KELLY McCLOSKEY: I've been here for a year. 4 I studied wind turbines in college. I can tell you that 5 they last, at the most, like, 30, 40, 50 years. Out 6 there, they're going to fall apart extremely quick. And 7 they don't just fall apart simply. They fall apart by 8 throwing their pieces into the air, screws. 9 I loved wind turbines in college. I studied 10 I wanted to do it. I don't do them anymore. I 11 just do solar energy because that's where you make energy. 12 I'll give up the rest of my time to whoever else 1.3 wants to talk. 14 MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you. 15 Bob. And after Bob, I have Kawika and Blake. 16 MR. BOB LEINAU: Aloha ahiahi kakou. Nice to be 17 in Hawaii. Hawaii is such an amazing place, on the earth, 18 on the ocean. An incredibly rich cultural place. And our 19 community has come together tonight. However, I have to 20 tell you that a lot of the people I asked to come tonight 21 said, "Oh, no, we already went. Why go again?" So what 22 you're seeing tonight is really not a full expression of 23 the community. However, I looked over the notes I've been 2.4 taking at a couple of the meetings. And it seems like

well into the 90 percent, there's good agreement for the

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communities. Our communities don't want this.

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On the plus side, okay, the wind blows, the sun shines, the wind blows, electrons flow, and some money is building around. Okay. So let's go to the other side, the other column, the minus column. Oh, my goodness. The environmental minuses are huge. And I'm not going to sit here and name them all for you. But, you know, at some point, somebody is going to say, "Oh, well, yeah, look at this bad stuff, but that's tolerable." And it gets very subjective. But there's a lot of minuses.

On the cultural side, it's just a total affront. If you've lived here for a while -- I've lived in Hawaii around 50 years now. I've learned a lot about respect for the culture. I mean, that's what you do is you respect Hawaiian culture. I mean, I'm not Hawaiian, don't want to pretend to be Hawaiian. I'd love to be Hawaiian. But I respect the Hawaiian culture.

And to do this out Kaena Point is just a huge slap in the face, and it's a take-away. What you were saying about connectivity between Kauai and Oahu, Oahu has been here for three million years. The animals been figuring it out -- you know, 71 miles between Kaena Point and Nawiliwili. You know, if you're a creature that moves through the archipelago, you figured it out, you know, couple million years ago the best way to deal with that.

If you go throw these things up in the middle, what does that mean, you know? What about the acoustical sounds?

What about the cable, the electrical field, will it heat up? There are so many what-abouts.

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You say, "Well, we're only interested in the site." But all these peripheral things are related to why the sites aren't appropriate. It's just the wrong place. There's so many minuses that don't offset the electronic flow.

And then, of course, there's a ton of -- I have six pages -- no, eight pages. I have eight pages of harumph. And so a lot of these things that I heard iterated in here, the things that I believe, and I reiterated them. And I notice you're writing these down. But can we turn in paper? Or do I have to mail them? I heard the rules this morning -- or this evening.

MS. DAWN CHANG: No, you can turn them in.

MR. BOB LEINAU: I can turn them in? I hope you do listen to the community. What the community is starting to feel like is that it is a game. We're being told: "It's just a process. Tell us what you think." Actually, we've been told it isn't what we think and what we feel. They want facts. And the facts are there's a lot of negatives, a ton of them. And I hope that they get weighed. I know you got to do a report to the feds and on

and on and on. But it feels like we're being sold a bill of goods. We're trying to build a coalition. And we're sliding down the rabbit hole. And it feels like the money is coming. Oh, my God, here we go. And once the money starts to flow, it's pretty hard to get out. You know, all of the sudden, the guys got -- needs political friends and it just gets uglier and messier. I hope we're not being toodled and used. A lot of time to go to public meetings. They say, well, we got 15 public meetings. You know, we've been talking about it for 5, 15 years, or whatever. You know what's your problem? The problem is the same problem it was on the day one. The problem -- the problem has been stated. And I hope it really will empower -- whoever the decision-makers are, will empower the community and put a lid on this.

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The other thing, and this is really ugly, I don't want to get anybody uncomfortable and feel bad and squirm. But one does wonder about a conflict of interest. As long as this goes on -- no offense, Mark -- but I would hate to see your paycheck start tomorrow and take -- it goes for another five days, another five years, you're a pretty happy guy. And I hope this isn't a make-work exercise. I hope there's a lot more integrity in this than there might be. Anyway, that's kind of a nasty way to end it. I hope you can support our community. Aloha.

1 MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you, Bob.

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After Bob, I have Kawika, Paul, and then Blake.

MR. KAWIKA AU: Aloha. My name is Kawika Au. I come from Waialua. I wanted to talk a little bit about cultural signs out there and how this is -- it's not just aesthetics. It's an affront to the Hawaiian people.

Kaena is a sacred spot. It's not a souls' leap. There's a Leina a Ka'uhane out there. That's where our spirits go into the next world, into the realm of Po. To have them leap into cables and turbines is offensive to me.

There are families in this neighborhood -- I believe there's two in this room who belong to the Pele clan. So that that story that you guys hear about Kaena, Pele and her sister and her brother who was named -- Kaena was named after her brother Kalaeokaena -- those are real people. They're not legends. They're not folklore.

That's oral history of our people. They were passed down from generation to generation to generation. Those families still live in this community. They still worship out there. They still practice out there. They might not be singing, they might not do it in public, but they are there. There's evidence of them out there. There are still families that I know of who put their iwi in the caves in Kaena so that they can have the view of that channel to Kauai, the connection.

There's eight channels that surround these islands. It's a cultural landscape. You know, the American way of thinking is that it is a way to separate, it's what separates the islands. For us, it's what connects us. It's what connects us to the next island.

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The connection between Oahu and Kauai is huge.

And I'm not going to stand up here and tell you all the history. Tommy can give the name of those books. I hope you guys look into those books. Again, they're not legends. These are oral histories, and they're our people.

aesthetics. You know, this community has been burned by windmills before. And someone stood up and said that it's already a done deal, and we're just here, you know, because you have to be here, because you say you have to be here. That's happened in this community before. I'm sorry. I didn't know how loud I go. But we don't want it to happen again. Kaena is too much of a special place. The things that happen out in that spot, not to mention all the fishing that goes out there, not to mention all the cultural practices that go out there, but the aesthetics of when I pass, when I go, when my iwi are placed out there, am I going to have to look at kupuna — at windmills? Am I going to have to stare at windmills

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when I look across that channel? And that's hewa, that's huge. That's a horrible thing.
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I'm not worried about aesthetics in this life.

I can already look around as a Hawaiian, and I see these buildings like this. And you talk about aesthetically offensive. Anything that's not Hawaiian-owned, I believe, is aesthetically offensive. So when -- and I'm sorry if that offends people in this room, but that's just the way I feel when you start talking about aesthetics. Yeah, it's not this life that I'm worried about. It's the next one. And you guys are encroaching upon my afterlife and the afterlife of my kupuna, and that's offensive to me.

Speaking for children, I've got three daughters who were raised out here, went to Waialua High School. They now go to U.H. They couldn't be here tonight. They're very against this. They think that alternative energy is the way to go. Off of Kaena is no way. It's not appropriate. It's just not appropriate. And that's all I have to say. Mahalo.

MS. DAWN CHANG: Mahalo, Kawika.

After Blake, I have Lisa McDaniel.

Do you want to speak, Lisa?

And then after Lisa, Max.

Blake. Thank you.

MR. BLAKE McELHENY: Hello. My name is Blake

1 McElheny. I was raised in Pupukea. My wife and I have 2 three young children, 4, 6 and 8. Myself and many 3 residents are strongly opposed to the leasing and 4 commercialization of the public ocean out in front of our 5 community. I think Sean Quinlan did a great job in 6 pointing out that you folks are asking the wrong question. 7 The question should not be where and how, but should, Should we do this? And I think, overwhelmingly, the 8 9 answer has been no. There doesn't seem to be any clear 10 reason why you would do it. I think it's very critical 11 for people to understand that BOEM's own documentation shows that, in fiscal year 2015, they only gained 12 1.3 \$2.2 million in rents. Competitive lease sales to date 14 for 1.18 million acres of ocean has only netted BOEM 15 \$16.4 million. So the economics here are just outrageous 16 in terms of the subsidies. It's pointed out already that 17 BOEM has spent millions of dollars. They have a handout 18 that shows all the different technical research studies that have been done. It doesn't make sense, from the 19 20 public perspective, why are we, as the taxpayers, 21 subsidizing all of these studies that we don't want. 22 question is: Abby, can you stop this planning analysis 23 now? We do not want to move on to the lease stage. We do 2.4 not want to move on to the site assessment stage. We do 25 not want to move on to the construction and operation

stage. We're asking you tonight to stop the planning and analysis process. It doesn't make sense.

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I think it's critical for all of us to understand that we don't have faith in BOEM's decision-making process to date. We have a great -- you know, I think he's a good person, Jens. But you folks said his proposal was competitive. Have you guys looked at the fact that the only reason it's considered a U.S. company is because of the individual in Texas who has a very unique background, I would think so, relative to whether or not they have the right to conduct this type of large scale operation? Has AW Hawaii conducted any kind of operation in this scale anywhere in the world? fact, has anyone conducted this type of operation in this scale, this depth, this size of turbines? The answer is "No." It's supposed to be the world's most technically advanced project ever conducted. It doesn't make sense in this area. So I think it's important for BOEM to summarize how much in subsidies already have been spent, how much more in subsidies would be spent if you move past the planning and analysis stage.

And lastly -- and I think lastly. Hopefully, I can come up again. But I really want to let you guys know that the BOEM Hawaii website is a joke. And I think it's insulting that the Federal Register notice gave us the

wrong instruction on how to provide comments. If you go to regulations.gov and type in what you're supposed to type in based off the Federal Register, you get zero results found. And I think that's really frustrating. Wonder if that opens you folks up to any sort of litigation in terms of whether or not you followed the correct legal procedures. So I think that's another reason why you should stop.

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Jewell wants to do this in the right places, with the lowest amount of conflict. This is the wrong place. And you're going to have the highest level of conflict you'll probably see anywhere in the United States. Financially, the return that would be given to the U.S. Treasury is not worth it. The damage to the future generation and to the community here is not worth it.

And it's very difficult to understand how in this context that things are changing. All of a sudden, now it could be as close as seven miles to the shore. We were told for many months leading up to this process it would be 12 to 15 miles offshore. At the last meeting, we learned that it's 153,600 acres. And I think that what — if you look at the calculations in terms of the megawatts, you could fit arguably up to 130 turbines. And so I'll talk with Mark more about how I come up with that number.

But I think that, when we were told that it's 51 turbines,

12 miles offshore; and then later, we're learning, oh, it

could be almost double or triple that amount of turbines,

half as close, I think we have really severe concerns

about the process and BOEM's decision-making process

today.

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I think that we need to stop this. In

New Jersey, it seems like you're getting something like 18

cents per acre for that 180,000 acres of lease. And like

I said, back to the economics, why would we want to

subsidize this when there are other alternatives? The

technology has evolved where photovoltaic seems to be the

answer, even possibly floating photovoltaic. I don't

know. I think people would remain fundamentally opposed

to the commercialization and the privatization of the

ocean. But these wind turbines, which have never been

done at this scale anywhere else in the world, are not the

answer. And it doesn't make sense for this particular

region. Thank you very much.

Please, Abby, and the rest of your staff, please consider stopping this process now for the Oahu Call Area Oahu North. Doesn't make sense. It's the wrong place, and you're going to have a high level of conflict moving forward. Thank you.

MS. DAWN CHANG: After Blake, I have -- I don't

know -- Lisa McDaniel and Max. If not, I have the next 1 2. person who signed up. MAN IN AUDIENCE: Lisa is outside. 3 4 MS. DAWN CHANG: Okay. Lisa. 5 Are you Max? 6 MR. MAX BOZEMAN: Yes. MS. DAWN CHANG: Okay, Max. Then after Max, I have Jim Frisbie. 9 MR. MAX BOZEMAN: I just really have a brief 10 question. My name is Max Bozeman. I live in Mokuleia. 11 And my wife grew up on the islands. And I have a question for you in regards to: Who's going to be regulating the 12 1.3 people that are actually doing the studies? Because, 14 oftentimes, when studies are done, the results are not 15 regulated. They're self-regulated. 16 And to Blake's point, I think that, you know, 17 not many people in the community are trusting that there's 18 going to be enough regulation in regards to the studies 19 that are being done. I don't think that, you know, 20 they're going to say, "Well, oh, you know, only 50 birds 21 are going to be killed." That's a huge problem if one 22 bird is killed. That's a huge problem. That's an issue. 23 So if one sea turtle is killed, that's an issue, you know. 2.4 There's all kinds of environmental impacts that are going 25 to happen off of Kaena Point beyond the cultural impacts

on the islands. That is a huge issue. So that's something that really needs to be addressed and really needs to be focused on.

MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you, Max.

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I have Jim Frisbie and Eddie Ebisui.

MS. DAWN CHANG: Jim or Eddie? Is there a Jim? Okay. Eddie. And then after that is Jason.

MR. EDDIE EBISUI: I'm not really prepared to speak, yeah, but give my best shot. My name is Eddie Ebisui, the Third. I'm a commercial fisherman, born and raised Haleiwa. My father was a fisherman. My grandfather was a fisherman. I not Hawaiian, but I been here for -- my family been here for four generations, I think.

I can tell you a lot about Kaena Point. I fish a lot over there. But I don't want to get distracted by that point. I want to tell you guys now that Hawaii is not a place for any kind of wind turbines in the ocean. It's not. I don't think you guys understand how the sea birds react to something that's floating in the ocean. Just the cargo net -- just the cargo net floating by can have hundreds and hundreds of birds. And these birds are not looking up, not like the turbines on land. You know, they looking down. They looking at the fish down deep. And they're not going to be looking in front of them and

to the side of them for these turbine blades. You know, I don't know how the birds act in Ventura County, but over here, they're huge bird piles, especially Kaena Point.

And guarantee you, Penguin Bank is the same way, too.

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The other thing is Kaena Point is an area of natural upwelling. You know, historically, there was ahi koas over there because of that upwelling current, all the cold water and nutrients pushing up. That's where the ahi's would be and that's a prime fishing ground. You try to throw in a wind turbine, anything that floats or is more to the ground, even just one of those is going to generate thousands of birds. And you multiply that by 50 or 100 or 150, you guys -- you guys going get sued up the ass, man.

So I tried to write some notes down but -- so my first point was windmills, wind turbines, anything floating in the ocean, especially in that area, Penguin Banks, anywhere in Hawaii, they act as FADs. We call them FADs. That's fish aggregation devices.

The other issue with Kaena Point, Penguin Banks, anywhere you go in Hawaii, because all of the ocean in Hawaii gets used, all of it, there's always fish somewhere. It needs to be open for fishing. But these windmill FADs will basically act as a vacuum cleaner for the migratory species like yellow fin tuna, skip jack, you

now, ono, mahimahi especially. And what's going to happen is, you know, I guarantee you guys going close off these areas -- and don't tell me you not going to close them off -- you guys going close them off. It's going to act as a giant vacuum cleaner, sucking all the fish because the small fish are going to be drawn to these things. They're going to stay there. There's no reason for them to leave because that's a structure. That's going to breed a small little ecosystem where they can hide from predators. And what's going to happen then is that's going to draw all the other sea birds and all the ahi's, all the pelagic fish there. And what's going to be left outside? Nothing. So whatever -- whatever type of -what did you guys call them? -- site assessments you guys planning to do, I don't think -- that site assessment is not going to tell you what will happen when you put these things in there.

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So my advice is stop now, because no matter what your assessment is going to tell you, it's not going to duplicate what's really going to happen. As a commercial fisherman, I'm tired of losing fishing areas. You know, my bread and butter is opakapaka and onaga. That's all because of that Kaena current over there. And they already have a big closed area. You guys close off more, I'll just turn into a poacher.

The socioeconomical factor in this is going to be huge because of the things that I just explained to you about these windmills acting as a vacuum cleaner, sucking everything in. You going kill the fishing industry in Hawaii. And I don't want you guys making any precedence here, because windmills do not belong in Hawaii at all.

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What about geothermal? Or like everybody else was saying, you know, photovoltaics. I'm all about, you know, sustainable energy like -- but the ocean is not a place to do it. Like, you know, it's -- first of all, economically, good luck trying to do it at Kaena Point. That's some of the worst water you guys ever going see. In fact, I can take you guys on a boat tomorrow if you want to go for a little thrill ride. You know, good luck out there. I think we probably going come back with half you guys, though. Okay. Thank you very much. Please do not let this go through.

MS. DAWN CHANG: Mahalo, Eddie.

After Eddie is Jason. And I also want to reiterate --

Brother, that was a very good -- you said you wasn't prepared, but you had a lot to say. But I want you to know tonight is not your only chance. So if you think of other things you want to say, put it on the record, send it in as a comment, because you had a lot of good

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1 things to say.

2 So Jason. Is Jason here? Okay. After Jason is

- 3 Luwella.
- 4 MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI: I pass to the next
- 5 person, and I want to --
- 6 MS. DAWN CHANG:: Pardon?
- 7 MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI: I want to speak at the
- 8 end. I pass to the next person.
- 9 MS. DAWN CHANG: I have Chris Bruns. Chris?
- 10 | And then after Chris, I have Robert Justice. All right,
- 11 Robert.
- MR. CHRIS BRUNS: Aloha, everybody. Thanks for
- 13 | coming. I really appreciate it.
- I was listening to everyone talk. You were
- 15 | saying something about you're going to assess the
- 16 | spiritual value. Well, how do you assess the spiritual
- 17 | value of an area? You can't do that. As somebody said,
- 18 | you're going to burn down churches to make a point?
- 19 | That it's just the wrong thing to do in the wrong place,
- 20 | guys back there.
- I have kind of a selfish statement. It's more
- 22 about the surfing community and kind of the impact it will
- 23 | have on surfers that, you know, no one else has addressed.
- 24 Blake addressed the finances. The fishermen, right on,
- 25 | you guys. You know, this is the fight we all can fight

together. Remember what happened on Kauai when they shut down the Super Ferry? Well, we're going to shut this down. It isn't going to happen. Ten years from now, you start building that thing, it ain't going to happen. So save your money now.

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Anyway, I'm a surfer, wind surfer, tow surfer from out here for a long time. And the west swells come, they mow through. You put those floating platforms out there, they're going to block the swell. It's going to impact the surfing industry, quaranteed. They remove energy from the swells. We don't want any of these large structures put into the ocean. Surfing big, powerful waves originating from the West Pacific are the North Shore's primary source of recreation, tourism and economy out here, especially nowadays, you know, everywhere you go, there's another surf -- surf shop. It's the reason a lot of us live here and make a lot of enjoyment with it. Pipeline itself works best on a west swell. And it looks as though these proposed structures are going to block every bit of west swell that's going to come through. I'm not saying it's going to kill the swell completely. But it definitely will affect it. These structures will affect also the premier surf spots on the west side due to the north swell coming in or northwest swells. If you adversely affect the North Shore or the west side spots

with alternative projects, I believe you will loosen -excuse me -- lose citizen support for your clean energy
goals.

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I support clean energy, as I think pretty much everybody here does, but not at the cost of our lifestyle and, you know, our beautiful views. We're going to have flickering sunsets because of all these windmills out there. I mean, it's like -- it's like some alien dream.

Anyways, don't hire a consultant to tell us what we have -- what -- how it will be an insignificant effect on our surf. And don't do an EIS to address if it's bound to be a significant effect. Don't proceed with the assessment of this project. It's wrong, in the wrong place, at the wrong time. And it ain't going to happen, period.

MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you.

Robert. After Robert, is it Necee? I'm sorry if I'm pronouncing it wrong.

MR. ROBERT JUSTICE: Yeah, my name is Bob

Justice. I'm an environmentalist, hunter, fisherman, and

I love the land. Yeah, I participate actively in the

community forums. And I hear the same old thing over and

over, is take, take, take, and destroy. Hawaii is the

number one place in the world with the most extinct bird

species. They're killing pueo bat -- I mean the pueo.

They're killing the hoary bat. And they killed so many they had to raise the limit of acceptable kill for endangered species. And now you want to go for the albatross? It's going to be a bird blender, like the fisherman said. It's going to attract the ecosystem, and it's just going to destroy everything.

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You know, why don't -- then they'll all be gone. Why don't you just open the reserve, just let us take our four-wheel drives out there and just completely destroy it. I mean, that's what you're going to do. You say you're not building in a protected area or a reserve. Well, you're going to destroy one. Is that okay?

You know, Hawaii is supported by tourism. I have a lot of friends that work on the shark boats. One of the number one question is: Where can I go commercial fishing? And they point them right across the harbor. It will destroy our tourism. There's so many negative things that this will impact.

You know, what about the whales? They got rid of the Super Ferry because of the whales. You're going to put this right in their migration, right in the way of everything. If anyone -- all of us have probably been out there and seen these whales. They're absolutely freaking amazing. To get close to one and see one breach or, you know, see one blow air, I mean, it's incredible. And to

see that in the foreground of a windmill, that will make a really sick picture.

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So, you know -- and my thing is: Why are you here? Why are you bugging us again? We've already stated how many times -- and it's not just -- it's not you. It's everybody. They just keep coming and want to build and take. And it's at our expense and our quality of life. You're ruining Hawaii. No one is going to want to come here. You're destroying it.

So, you know, then there's alternatives. I like to think of -- I'm a contractor, and I like to think of solutions. One of the solutions is rooftop. I mean, why don't you put the money into the grid, like they were supposed to do, what, 30 years ago and the money disappeared. And get us all in rooftop, and then we can all save some money. You know, HECO needs to look at it in a different way. Possibly instead of \$17, I'd be willing to pay 40 or 50 if I could have solar on my rooftop, where they can manage the electricity. I mean, there's so many other options besides these windmills.

And then you get into the cultural thing. I'm not going to pretend I'm Hawaiian. But I have an immense respect for all of them out here. I come from American Indian heritage, so I do have some understanding of it.

But from what I've heard from everybody, it's just insane

that you even think of this. Again, why are you here?

And could you please just quietly exit? Thank you.

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MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you, Robert. And I apologize if I'm mispronouncing your name. Is it Necee Kuehu? And then after Necee is Pomai.

MS. NECEE (DENICE) KUEHU: Hi again. I just wanted to send out some reminders, not from the first meeting, not from the second meeting, but from the third meeting. This is the fourth. The first thing was the government subsidies. We don't want to pay for it. We already have rail. We don't need to be losing money someplace else that we're never going to see.

And the way to submit the comments, he's right, the link doesn't work. It's nonexistent. It goes nowhere. It goes into cyberspace, which is pretty much what this program is about.

You guys came out with your assessments. Okay. Here's an example. The boaters, this assessment was done on a five-year span. Okay. They believe it's a low traffic area, having 20 boats or less in this area. We all know that's not true. There is a time that you can pass, and a lot of the boaters do pass, even canoes. But there is a certain time when you cannot. So I'm pretty sure you should have seen more than 20 within a five-year span.

We already said "No," not the first time, the second time, the third time, but also on the fourth time.

Don't consider this place. Don't touch this place. This place needs to remain the way it is so that everything else survives, including us. Thank you.

MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you, Necee.

Pomai. Is Pomai here? Pomai. And then Earl.

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MR. POMAI HOAPILI: My name is Pomai Hoapili. I come from the Ahupua'a of Paumalu. That's by the Sunset Beach.

I know why you guys are here. I know why you here. You need money. And the government has it, on loan. Our government is in debt, but they'll give you money. I'm very, very against this project. This cannot go through. I already live underneath wind turbine projects. They do not create power for my family. My energy bill has not gone down. They have not given us what the community wanted. You are able to see those things. That energy does not go into the grid. Neither will yours.

I cannot stand here for evenings on end to come and argue this point. But you should not be here. We don't want you here. Many of you are getting paid to sit here. I have communicated with a few people, most importantly the Department of Interior. This is not the

interior. This is the exterior of the exterior.

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Where's our representative with the name tag on? See no Hawaiian last names on those name tags. You guys will stay here, argue with us, bleed us out with time and money, and try and get us to quit. But you not. This is for our future generation. Where will your future generations rely, you know -- who they going to stand for rely on? Us? This is one limited community. Plenty people cannot even come tonight because they working for pay the electric bill that never go down.

And I liken this company to a tobacco company, the lies you sell, all lies, poison. We ask you for answers; you give us nothing. Hot air is what comes out. From the moment you guys started these meetings, we have had no answers. From the first meetings, we asked questions; no answers. So I hope this is the last time that I got to come up here and take off from my family, from my friends, to come here and argue this point about how you should not be here with your power.

We cannot even keep buoys out in the water long enough to fish 'em, let alone one 600-foot tall wind turbine, hundreds of them. And let me get back to the point of leasing ocean land, leasing the ocean. Who gets the money from that? Who did you talk to about that? The U.S. Government, the biggest gang in the world. It's a

gang. You guys are bullies. I can stand here as a
Hawaiian and say that my people have been stepped on by
the United States government. United States of America
has stepped on my people, and you continue to step on us
by being here. You are a thorn in our side that we cannot
get out, one long kiawe.

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Where will this lead us in the future? You guys have other things that you want to do. You have solar. I did some research about some people in California. Yeah, you guys get plenty windmills. One percent of California's power. People suffered health problems from those. People had to move from their communities that they have been in for hundreds of years. People didn't want those turbines in California. The First Nation people in California were opposed, and they got stepped on.

Well, guess what? You ain't stepping on us no more. We will give you guys free boat ride if you like. Give you one free cage to the shark tour, also, for free. Stop this project now. I not begging. I not asking. Telling you, stop this now.

We can't even support our solar rooftop. I know, because I do solar rooftop. Can't even do that yet because plenty people cannot afford them, like me. We're poor Hawaiians. We got to scrape for save energy. Stop

this now because this is -- this is one weak fight that you guys trying to fight. You guys trying to do everything to avoid what's happening in front of your eyes. I like ask you what you saw when you first came to Hawaii. A lot of people are here because they like surf. They like the beautiful sunset.

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Everybody so worried about aesthetics. I live right underneath the biggest aesthetic sickness. I wake up every day and I see the windmills above my house. I go to work, I see them from work. I go fishing, I see them while I fish. Forty miles out you can see the blinking lights. This is disgusting.

I cannot sit here, keep coming to these meetings and keep sending out e-mails, keep doing research. For what? You guys going to come and still do this project? Where were you born and raised? Where were you guys before all this started to become a big fad, you know, subsistence living, do this the green way?

This is bullshit. Got to stop this now. Tired of doing this, coming to community meetings, talking about this and that, and community, and how you guys got to do your EIS, your Environmental Impact. None of your studies going show you what really happening out there. You guys got to be here for generations for figure them out. By the time you guys figure them out, your generation is pau.

Our family been here long time, thousands of years. People don't even know where we came from because we been here so long. Never have palapala, never have computer for chase us back that far. Could only go as far as what our generations went pass to us, from oral passed down, thousands of years. And then now look like we got to fight for this. This is disgusting.

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Cannot let this go. You, you got to leave with your -- with all your big ideas about putting stuff out in the ocean. This is hewa, very disgusting, against my people. Guarantee, you guys would have had this same kind opposition, First Name tribes, guarantee, in the mainland. But no. Since our government is the biggest bully, biggest gangsters in the world, United States of America, you guys want to come do this to us. Well, if we got to take this fight to the front line, I will tell you, I will be there in the front of the spearhead, trying to figure out how we going get rid of you guys.

I like you guys leave, go home. Go back to your people and make their lives better, because we get one good life over here. We don't need wind turbine. We can do this with solar power. We can do this by using less as a people, because we get the American sickness of wanting more. But, for Hawaiians, was as much as you can use, that's what you take. We don't need this project. You

1 guys all got to leave. Leave now.

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2 MS. DAWN CHANG: Mahalo, Pomai.

Earl? Earl. And then Earl is the last one.

Luwella and Kilikina.

MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI: Aloha, everyone. I am
from Waianae. I am a resident of Waianae. My over 200
years is from Ko'olaupoko. Okay. I hear you, brah. I'm

also a niaupio, so respect me, huh. Mahalo.

I just want to cry. I want to cry because our people are so -- we have a gun to our head, thanks to these kind of processes. Okay. People ask me why I go to all these meetings. And let me tell you, I go to all these meetings. That's why they know me so well. When I pau with the meetings, because I come from an oral tradition, I no write what I think and say. I no write. I go home. Why I go home? Because my community is hurting from all these kind of federal things, yeah. been going on for over 200 years, from Boston. Jonathan Winship, Nathan Winship, came here and gave guns. And that's what did our people in. That's what did my ohana in, in Ko'olaupoko. I'm a descendant from that remnants. As to how it is that I'm here, I don't know. Where my father was born, that's where he passed. He died at 87 years old. We still have that property. My tutu men all around that property. The Massie case, around that

property. My tutu man fed dogs to the missionaries. All around that property. My grandmother sewed Liliu's clothes. That's how deep I go. Haloa still on our property. The babies that never made it still on our property. My tutu man is still on our property.

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I come to these meetings because I'm going home to look for the triggers and make sure that bullet no leave. Let me tell you about one bullet was going all around our meeting in Waianae. You see that guy back there? He went take all our young men; he went take 'em outside. By the time the meeting was over, they were the pimps for windmills. That's why I hurt. And now, tomorrow, I got to go and straighten out that man's mess, tomorrow. I don't know how to do that.

And then one more thing. See this woman over here? I not going mention her name. Chinese, yeah. Go to the Organic Act, read the congressional records. Opium dens. Chinese absorb their blood into our blood. And that Hawaiian woman had to give up her baby, girl baby, for prostitution back then. What is going on now is exactly the plan that they did back then. Opium dens, think about it. This is what's going on in Waianae.

Last night, we had our meeting at Waianae

Intermediate. I -- it just turned my stomach, because one
week from now, we going back school, right. We have a

600-acre solar energy coming up, foreigners coming into the Waianae Valley. 600 acres of solars, right around poor children, the poor community. All the dust in the air for 600 acres. All the trees gone, 600 acres. dust is in the air. We have three convections -- two convections: One coming from the mountain, one coming from the ocean. And in the middle, the wind scurries. Our children going get conjunctivitis. We already said last night -- I don't care about what you just did. already said last night we getting ready, because we don't have air-conditioning, we getting ready for hanabata factory school. Our children are going to be sick. Our staff is going to be sick. I'm a substitute. I'm going to have a job every day all because of this dirt. who's making money off of this? (Indicating). I only pointing. But, yeah, he got our young men last night to be pimps, and they don't even know it yet, for the windmill. That's what he did. And I don't know if they bought it, but he knows how to use the kingdom and the lease. But

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pimps, and they don't even know it yet, for the windmill.

That's what he did. And I don't know if they bought it,
but he knows how to use the kingdom and the lease. But
the evidence here is two evidence. You've got to know who
Tad Davis is, Addison. Look it up. Two words you need to
use: Bunker and Pentagon. \$52 billion carved out of the
\$700 billion military. That \$52 billion has to be
invested into renewable energy. Capitalism, not grants.

This is where all of this -- we all, Waianae, we all met the guy. He didn't care. My contention with that guy is about nuclear waste in Waianae.

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MS. DAWN CHANG: Luwella, can you summarize?

MAN IN AUDIENCE: Let her go. Let her go.

MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI: It's about nuclear in Waianae. On one street alone, we have six children with leukemia because of the nuclear waste off of Maili. We're downwinders. I've been to the NRC. I've been to the AAC. We are downwinders. We deal with nuclear waste. Tad Davis had every nuclear waste in every military base here on Oahu trucked over to Makua to make a fire lane from mauka to makai, 900 tons --

MS. DAWN CHANG: Luwella, can we let the next person --

MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI -- 900 tons of nuclear waste came through Farrington Highway and all the way out to Makua. Our truckers did not know what they were bringing home. They brought it home to their backyards. Our whole Waianae Valley, PVT, Waimanalo dump site. Do you know why they trucked it over to Makua? Because if they took it to the dump site, there is a buzzer that goes off if the nuclear goes up that hill. So that's why they came up with this crazy bogus fire lane.

I know all the rules of the NRC. And I was

telling my girlfriend tonight, hello, not only there's Tad

Davis, there's Obama who closed down Yucca Mountain.

MS. DAWN CHANG: Luwella, can we --

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MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI: Why did they close down Yucca Mountain? Because Gregory Zaczko -- who was Gregory Zaczko? He quit after Fukushima. His definition of nuclear is to aggregate it, to throw it into our ocean. And that's the ultimate goal here. That is the objective tonight. It's not the windmills. We all know that. Our ocean is going to be used to aggregate all the nuclear. Yucca Mountain is closed.

MS. DAWN CHANG: Okay, Luwella. We all agreed five minutes so that other people can speak. Then you can come up afterwards.

So Uncle Earl, you're the next person.

MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI: Yucca Mountain is closed. Our ocean is a dump site for Tad Davis. And this is what you're agreeing to tonight. Our ahi already has nuclear waste in them. We have a theory at U.H. Manoa. We have a thesis going on at U.H. Manoa. Our ahi came up testing with nuclear waste. How are we going to tell our people not to eat the fish? We need to stop this, and we need to stop this now. And I can't believe what I'm hearing tonight. It's totally different what I heard last night. All us Hawaiians in Waianae, Hawaiian women with our

children, are going to be pimped out tomorrow and our children.

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I go into my community to stop the suicide. We have the highest suicide, teenage suicide. And that's my job tomorrow. That's what I got to do. I got to go in my community and hug them and tell them I care about them.

And they hanging themselves in the trees. No need do that anymore. Why do we have people killing themselves on our highway? We have the highest fatality rate on all of the islands in -- on Farrington Highway.

MS. DAWN CHANG: Luwella, can we let Uncle

12 Earl --

MS. LUWELLA LEONARDI: SO that's what I'm doing. I attend these meetings. August 1st is another meeting that I'm asking you all, all you fishermen, to please attend at the Filipino Center on August 1st. It's an important meeting. Thank you.

MR. EARL DAHLIN: Good evening, ladies and gentlemen. I guess you guys know who I am already. You heard the name before, Uncle Earl. Yes, I am the uncle from Haleiwa -- I mean, yeah, I been around there since 1959. I'm very concerned by all our community. Sure, it's a future of our kids.

Now, Mr. Chairman -- are you the chairman? Who is the chairman? Nobody?

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              Okav.
                     There's no chairman. You the chair lady?
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    Would you kindly rise?
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              MS. ABBY HOPPER: Sure.
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              MR. EARL DAHLIN: Okay.
                                       This is something for
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                  Would you kindly look at the group here.
    all you guys.
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    How many guys want the windmill? How many guys do not
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    want the windmill?
               (People in the audience raised their hands.)
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              MR. EARL DAHLIN: Does it speak for itself?
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    Hence, the community has spoken. Now --
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              MAN IN AUDIENCE: How about undecided?
              MR. EARL DAHLIN: That's cool. Undecided.
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    Well, we got Hillary. Okay. And we got Trump. So a lot
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    of people still yet undecided. Undecided is good. As you
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    go along, you make up your mind what you think is right.
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    Then you vote for what you right -- that is the right that
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    you have.
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              Right now, my nephew was up here earlier. You
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    guys heard him. That young man back there. He knows what
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    the hell he's talking about. Okay. He knows his
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    business. He's one of the best bottom fishermen that I've
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    seen. I learn from him, and I been doing it for 50 years.
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    But I'm always willing to learn from people. Now, he's
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    with the WESTPAC. How many guys here know what the hell
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    is the WESTPAC? That is the fishing crew that goes out
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throughout the islands, pull samples, take the samples out the ocean, water, the fish, take the temperature and everything else. They turn it in to the state. That's what he does. He's not just a fisherman.

MAN IN AUDIENCE: That's NOAA.

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MR. EARL DAHLIN: NOAA. Excuse me. NOAA.

That's my son's name, too. Shee, how can I forget that.

It happens when you get old. What the heck?

Okay. But anyway, what I'm trying to say is my nephew is -- he knows what the hell he's talking about, okay. That's what it is. That's his job. What he mentioned is right. The albatross, six-foot span. If anybody has been to Ka'ula Rock, that's one of the few places that -- on the island, that I seen where actually I seen over a thousand birds. Okay. Now, we put in a hundred something windmills out there, that's pretty damn stupid. It is pretty stupid. Now, they come up, "We going to kill only 50." Guess what? That's a bunch of crock. You going to kill by the hundreds.

Environmental is here to see what the environmental impact is. They cannot do one impact. Why? Because it's not out there. Once they put this stack up there, they was right, the itty bitty fish is going to come by. They going feed off, go all around. It's a haven for them to hide from the big fish. The big fish

going to come by and eat the little guy. Then, of course, the bigger guy going to come and eat them. But you get the whales.

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And they -- that is one of the most migrating thing for the yellow fin tuna. They're coming back. yellow fin is finally coming back after this time, because the government is finally putting their foot down that making it happen. It starts out from Ka'ula Rock. come from Kauai. From Kauai, it comes up here. It runs up the channel, going down to Big Island. And guess what? They go all the way back down to the equator again. Thev spawn. Oahu is a spawning spot for the yellow fin. Ιf you do any fishing like that when you out there, you know when they laying their eggs. Your nose actually burn from so much eggs that they leave in the water. The water turns like filth. It looks like when you get big waves. It just floats all over. That's what they come up here for.

Now, restriction, they will do restriction on that. And it's not an "if" or a "but." They will do restriction. And everybody here is saying, "No. Take this thing and get the hell out of our North Shore," and I 100 percent agree. This is not for the North Shore, okay. This is not for the North Shore. So, people, stand by your guns and -- I mean, just stand by it because it's the

right thing. This is not for the -- I say "No." And 1 2 everybody here in the room says what? 3 (People in the audience responded "No.") 4 MR. EARL DAHLIN: Thank you very much. Have a 5 good evening. 6 MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you, Uncle Earl. 7 Did you want to come up? Barbara Williams. You 8 know why? You had a question mark. Please come up. 9 After Barbara, I've got George. And then I have 10 Makani. 11 MS. BARBARA WILLIAMS: Okay. I won't take long. It's been really enlightening, all these viewpoints. Many 12 13 of them, I didn't know. But I'm going to start off with 14 the first one. BOEM, whatever they are, they can't build 15 a website for a 45-day commentary, and they are going to 16 build giant windmills in our roughest channel. I don't 17 think this is realistic. And I don't think putting 18 something that large in the ocean is -- in every way 19 everyone has spoke. But it's not fair to the earth and 20 the ocean. It's a travesty. It's every other word everyone used, and it's just -- to put the lines that deep 21 22 and to maintain something out there, as it was said, buoys 23 can't be maintained. We see the buoys setter out there 2.4 resetting it. Are they going to reset a 600-foot windmill 25 or whatever it is? This is all impossible. So I just

hope that, as a company, you reconsider doing this, and do something, if you have this resource to help with energy, do something else. Do the road. Do the photovoltaic. Do anything but what you're doing. Thank you.

MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you.

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MR. GEORGE ATKINS: Aloha. I'm George Atkins.

If you're a little athletic, you can throw a stone to my house over here. And at night, my view, which used to be of the whole Koolau Range, is now flashing lights.

So I did do a lot of the research. I went back into these websites and looked at their -- their pre-uninvited proposals. And they've done a lot of work on this already. So the one interesting part of all of it -- well, the anchors that they're going to use at the bottom of the ocean, with cables to hold these things in place, they're not going to anchor, you know, straight to the bottom here. They're on cables. So picture yourself our whales cruising through the ocean.

The interesting thing, as a Waialua resident, is that they had three proposals to bring the power ashore from the undersea cables, two of them coming in on the Waianae side. The third one would come in, as they said, Waialua, somewhere along -- who knows what they know as Waialua. The one that they preferred most was the Waialua shoreline approach. Now, let's think about -- and then

they were going to transform that, carry it to the Wahiawa substation. So this will go on to huge transmission towers, which will run all the way across our view plain, all the way up over the ag land to Wahiawa. So anytime you think about skipping one of these meetings, think about that.

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I remember when HECO was going to put in lighting poles down Kam Highway some years back, and they were for street lights, just for safety, because the old people couldn't see the road. And suddenly, these massive poles went up. And everyone, like the windmills, everyone said, "No. Wait a minute. That's not for street lights, and they're in our view plain." And they actually took them down. That's the first time I've ever heard of that kind of victory for people anywhere near here.

So, anyway, having said all that, because this is a matter of record tonight, I would like to be sure -- because I was going to do it, and I thank the gentleman before me for that raising of hands for anyone who's in favor of this proposal at any level; anyone who abstains or is undecided at this time. So I guess we have to do the third one, which is: Anyone opposed to this proposal, even at the level it's at now?

(People in the audience raised their hands.)

MR. GEORGE ATKINS: We record that because this

1 meeting apparently is the record. So, thanks, folks. 2 MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you, George. 3 Kilikina, did you want to say anything? Because I've got Makani and then I've got --4 Ms. KILIKINA KEKUMANO: Just brief. 5 6 MS. DAWN CHANG: Okay. 7 MS. KILIKINA KEKUMANO: I would like to present 8 the legal facts, the legal facts of what's going on. 9 is why we have people here. It goes back to the Hawaiian 10 Home Lands Act, which is 1920, deals with the Crown lands. 11 The Crown lands are 1.8 million acres, and that's submerged as well as above the water. And because of 12 13 this, the United States, which doesn't have jurisdiction 14 over any federal lands -- this is a congressional record 15 of May 4, 1866 -- anyone can look this up; you don't have 16 to go to Washington -- stating that the United States owns 17 none of our federal lands. These are the Royal Patents, 18 going all the way up to Kaena Point. You can get them in 19 the archives. This is the map (indicating). Green area 20 is the government lands. The yellow is the Crown lands. 21 Government lands are Crown lands divided in 1848, 22 1.8 million acres.

Everything that's being developed is submerged lands. It still belongs to the Crown lands. It still belongs to the king. It still belongs to the Royal

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Patents that the United States has no jurisdiction over.

And that's because, legally, in 1840, Kauikeaouli,

3 Kamehameha the Third, created our first constitutional

4 | inaugural -- constitution. And in that constitution, he

5 | sent his wonderful governor to Bern, Switzerland. These

6 | metes and bounds are not the United States metes and

7 bounds. The metes and bounds are of the Kingdom of

8 Hawaii. And because of these metes and bounds, your

9 Organic Act and your Admissions Act have no Hawaiian

10 | Islands, no metes and bounds, no Oahu in the state. This

11 | is a fact. I don't deal in hearsay. I deal in prima

12 | facie evidence.

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For three years, I've represented my people for free in court. My people are the poorest people on all of our islands. That's the Waianae Coast. And we are the beneficiaries of the mass weapons of destruction dump. In 1990, Senator John Glenn made a complete report to Senator Akaka, showing where all the mass weapons of destruction was literally dumped from Pearl Harbor, Kaena Point, from Makua, Schofield, Lualualei. It's all been documented, called Crown files, in 1990. This is part of the Senate Arms Committee, where Akaka was a part of. I've done extensive research. I do not deal in any hearsay. I'm just giving you facts. These are the facts. None of the submerged lands or the lands on top of the water can be

1 | used by the United States government. They simply have no

2 | subject matter jurisdiction. And you're all correct.

- 3 Aloha.
- 4 MS. DAWN CHANG: And after Makani, Gil, Senator
- 5 Riviere.
- MS. MAKANI ORTOGERO: Aloha ahiahi. My name is
- 7 Makani Ortogero. I'm from Waialua. And, again, I am
- 8 addressing the BOEM. And again, as many of the numerous
- 9 | times that you have come out to our community or have
- 10 offered some sort of opportunity for our engagement, I'm
- 11 only going to echo, once again, what my community is
- 12 | speaking of, and that already is no windmills.
- There's absolutely no need to be putting
- 14 | windmills in the ocean for the reasons that were stated
- 15 | earlier today. One, it's just not economically viable.
- 16 | There are alternate energy sources that our communities
- 17 | can endorse. And a lot of it has to do to the social
- 18 | injustice of our rural community once again shouldering
- 19 | the burden of power generation and some of the
- 20 | distribution, which there is no infrastructure for proper
- 21 distribution of the amount of megawatts of power. But why
- 22 does our community yet need to shoulder the burden of
- 23 | Honolulu and their extensive growth as well Kapolei? You
- 24 know, there's alternate energy sources that could be
- 25 looked at.

What I tend to see -- I'm going to say this again -- but the proposed area for lease is, again, mammal migratory routes. That would be for whales that are federally protected, seals, honu, and our birds. And it makes no sense that the state has initiated the Kaena Point preservation area for these migratory birds, and it's finally -- the population is finally rebooting itself. And here comes a proposal where, again, that could decrease the bird supply. And again, our fishermen rely upon the birds.

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I'm going to reiterate, again, from the last couple times that I've spoke, it is a navigation route from Kauai to Oahu. And it is a direct link -- yeah, the island of Kauai and Oahu, right here, just from Waialua, we have -- there is Waialua right across from us. It's the direct link. And if you ever need to see this, please, again, your Environmental Impact Statements really needs to start going deeper and talking to organizations that understand and participate and practice these ancient practices.

Another ancient practice is the luna ka'uhane, which is the leaping stone or the lele stone, where our 'uhane jump off. And what I'd liken it to is that -- I'll be honest, when I pass in the world, that's where my soul will go. I believe that. I go there every day. I

listen. Kupuna, my kupuna, had been one of the last caretakers of the lighthouse out there, the family name, of Kaanana.

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Now, I'll tell you something else. My family -I don't have kuleana land any more. My land is gone.

Because you know what was on it now? They got evicted by eminent domain. It's H-1. I am no longer entitled and have nothing to give my children. It was taken away from me. That link, that ocean space, belongs to nobody but akua. And there's no one that has the right -- government that is not part of Hawaii. That is ceded grounds, if you're going to talk about a government. This government would be the only one that could acknowledge that -- what that land and what that space could be used for. But, you know, just, again, going on the path, there's no trust in what government say and what it does to people. Again, another social injustice.

But, most importantly, I'd like to bring up something really -- again, sorry, because we have been here before. BOEM is part of the mineral mining services which split. The mineral mining services, you know, they provide opportunities for businesses to harvest minerals from either land based or from oceans. United States, along with a couple other countries in the world, have refused to sign the United Nation's UNCLOS deal,

refusing -- giving -- stating that -- and it's right on the BOEM website and United Nations website. You can find all of this information online. The United States feels free that they can choose to mine the waters and the land how they wish, where they wish, irregardless of the people and the communities that were there.

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Now, this is an ancient community, has been. There is -- the Kingdom of Oahu and Kauai were once linked. And all of that path of water, my main concern is that this process here of leasing space in the ocean will open up a process that is bigger than that, that will allow -- currently, the United States has no process for -- and regulation for the Pacific, for mining in the Pacific. They have it in the Atlantic and they have it in the Pacific Northwest, but they don't have it here in Hawaii. It's something very -- go look online. It's there. You can find it. All of that information is there. BOEM actually has a lot of information as well, you know, talking about chemicals, their chemical leaks for the other wind farms that are ocean wind farms in the Atlantic.

You know, all of these things, just once again, when the common -- the denominator here amongst all of us is: No. Why is BOEM still pushing it? Why is DBEDT still pushing it? Is it there is just a process? And

what's going to come out of the result of this process?

More regulations on what they can or BOEM or the United

States really thinks that they can lease. This is a

deeper process than what is being presented to us now. It

really is, especially with all of the alternatives that

are there.

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And, again, this is just another social injustice, not only to kanaka maoli, but to our kupuna. Yeah. What I mean our kupuna, those that have gone and have passed, and those that have taught us how to fish, and to our keiki, those that have not even arrived. It's an injustice to those that now live as well. So again, a'ole. There is nothing that you could do. A'ole. And we will fight as a community, tooth and nail, we will. Mahalo.

MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you, Makani.

The last speaker tonight is Senator Gil Riviere.

Thank you so much.

SENATOR GIL RIVIERE: Good evening. I want to thank the folks at BOEM for listening. The message is clear. And I want to thank the community for coming out and providing such a clear message.

In order to help inform this, it is a federal process that BOEM is going through. It's not state. But in order for this project to be completed at some point,

it will need state cooperation. So as your senator, I'm very committed to representing the will of this community, and I actually agree with everybody here.

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I think, as a community that has welcomed wind energy, we've allowed it to come in, we've got 100 megawatts of power, we were welcoming of it. In theory, it sounds great. And you have people in other places, people on the other side of the island, people in other states that say, "Wow, wind energy. That's clean and it's green and it's low impact. And, boy, the wind blows, and we've got free energy." Well, we know it's not free. We know that there's a trade-off for everything. There's a trade-off for all magic, as they say. So we see the trade-offs now. We see that it's adverse, and we don't want any more.

So this process is rolling along, and it's just a process. We're looking at it, we're looking at it, we're looking at it. Yeah, but it keeps moving forward. And as was mentioned earlier, there doesn't seem to be a clear off-ramp. It's just go forward until it collapses on its own wave.

So my comment tonight is I will be submitting written comments in this process on both of the project and the Environment Assessment. Yet, I want to let you folks know that I'm very serious about trying to marshal a

clear opinion from our state; that our state, I hope, will come to the position that, no, this is no longer the direction we, as a people in Hawaii, want to go. So that was my comment tonight. Thank you.

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MS. DAWN CHANG: Before we close, we have one more comment. Thank you.

REPRESENTATIVE FEKI POUHA: Aloha ahiahi kakou.

I'm Representative Feki Pouha, and I'm grateful for all of you coming out tonight and staying here as well. Likewise with our senator, I will also convey the -- it looks unanimous as far as those in attendance here from our community as to our position on how we feel about these things.

I have a few things to mention. I will submit more comments, written, but I did want to comment on a few things. Last year, we passed House Bill 623. And House Bill 623 is what's referenced as our state's aggressive renewable energy goals to derive all of our energy needs from renewable sources by the year 2045, a very aggressive goal. And that's been explained to us this night, and that's kind of where we're going. Now, when that bill came for final reading, I did express my concern because our community has had its share of bearing the load, if you will. We've gone through different projects, and we have seen that, oftentimes, what is told to us and what

we're shown isn't always what we end up with. And we're frustrated with that. I do hope that our federal partners here consider that.

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I do have a few other points to share as well. First of all is that we do have a lot of different options. Windmills off of Oahu are not the only options for meeting our goals. That needs to be clearly shared. I do hope we consider them.

Also, Ka'ie'ie Waho Channel, that's the channel we have here, is not suitable for this renewable project.

And I will let you know why. Windmills are going to hurt our living, economically, environmentally, spiritually, culturally. In every aspect, there's no net benefit for having these projects on our islands. You've already heard from our fishermen, you've already heard from others here in our community, so I will not rehash that.

I will also say, though, lastly, that we do rely on the ocean to survive, so you are going to be hurting our food security, our food safety. And we are the most isolated land mass in the world. So by you doing that, you're going to hurt us even more.

Also, there is an Associated Press article that cites volcanic activity as recent as 1956 in this channel near the area which you are proposing. I would urge you to look at that. I do not think any developers would like

to see their projects going up into volcanic ash.

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2. There's also a difference between responsible 3 renewable energy and renewable energy. And what I mean by 4 that is: We learned from the windmills -- and we're not 5 trying to knock them -- but we learned that you get a lot 6 more than you bargained for. Transmission is a huge 7 concern, and I'll address that lastly. But there are a lot of infrastructure needs. Our islands, our state, for 9 the most part, is opposed to transmission lines. 10 Interisland, we did not approve that. That's why you 11 don't have renewable projects on other islands 12 transmitting energy to Oahu. That was soundly defeated. 1.3 And that has been raised here locally, so we wish to 14 express that again to our federal partners and let them 15 know that is not what we want.

Also, monitoring of take amounts, whether it's birds or other fauna or life. It is in its infancy in terms of turbines. There are no measurable ways to measure take amounts. On land, we do have -- it's easier because, when birds are taken by windmills, they fall to the ground. But in the ocean, unless we have people monitoring it all the time, it's not feasible at this time. I understand there are measures that are being developed in Oregon and other places. But because it's in its infancy, again, environmentally speaking, that is not

sound practice.

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Our grid, our energy grid is inadequate to take this load of energy that's going to be coming from this project. Actually, we hope that it never comes to be.

But if it ever were, our grid is not -- it's not going to be ready within five or ten years. I sit on the energy committee in the House of Representatives, so I can tell you with a surety, that's not going to happen, especially in light of the merger not happening. We're going to need more resources. We're going to need to look at that again. So we already know, from our experience with our windmills here, in Kawailoa and also in Kahuku, that this is going to be a major factor. And I hope that the business developer here also listens to that as well.

Lastly, there's trade-offs and unexpected consequences that we're going to have to deal with. The bottom line for our developer friends is their bottom line, and they're going to want to move things closer and closer so that they can save to transmit their energy closer to us so that it doesn't eat into their profit margins. So we are going to be left bearing the brunt of that. We already are with these projects here. And these projects are wind partners, just to highlight them. They're going through fiscal challenges. They're going through bankruptcy reorganization.

1	So with solar, with other options, with
2	geothermal, there's not a huge rush to get this project
3	off the ground. So we strongly recommend that you
4	consider that this is not a viable option for the
5	community here locally and at large as well. And I will
6	also continue to send in my written comments. So thank
7	you.
8	MS. DAWN CHANG: Thank you, everybody. It's
9	9:00 o'clock. I really want to thank Cynthia. I didn't
10	give her break. She just powered on.
11	So, yeah, August 8 is the final date for
12	comments. Please get your comments in. Even if you
13	provided a comment tonight, your comments are welcome. So
14	please try to get those in. Again, thank you, everyone.
15	I appreciated your courtesy.
16	(The hearing concluded at 9:03 p.m.)
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    STATE OF HAWAII
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    CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU )
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 5
               I, CYNTHIA L. MURPHY, a Hawaii Certified
    Shorthand Reporter, do hereby certify:
 6
               That on Thursday, July 21, 2016, the foregoing
    public meeting was taken down by me in computerized
    machine shorthand and was thereafter reduced to print
 8
    under my supervision;
 9
               That the foregoing represents, to the best of my
    ability, a true and correct transcript of the proceedings
10
    had in the foregoing matter.
11
               Dated this 3rd day of August, 2016, in Honolulu,
    Hawaii.
12
13
14
    Cynthia L. Murphy, RPR, CSR No. 167
    Certified Shorthand Reporter
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    State of Hawaii
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