

RESOURCES

Something of value; can refer to physical, biological, or human components.



R.1 AIR QUALITY: Condition or health of the ambient atmosphere



R.2 WATER QUALITY: Condition or environmental health of water



R.3 PELAGIC COMMUNITIES: Water column of the open ocean and the planktonic organisms that inhabit it



R.4 MARINE BENTHIC COMMUNITIES:Living organisms and their associated environment that occur on, within, or near the seafloor



R.5 COASTAL & ESTUARINE HABITATS:
Living organisms and their
associated environment at the
land-ocean interface



R.6 FISH & ESSENTIAL FISH HABITAT: Fish, shellfish, and the habitat needed for federally managed fish



R.7 BIRDS: Birds that spend at least part of their lives near the ocean



R.8 SEA TURTLES: Turtles that spend most of their lives at sea and come to shore only to lay eggs



R.9 MARINE MAMMALS: Mammals that spend all or part of their lives in the ocean



R.10 COMMERCIAL & RECREATIONAL FISHERIES: Industries and individuals that rely on harvesting fish for their livelihood or enjoyment



R.11 ARCHAEOLOGICAL & CULTURAL
RESOURCES: A district, site, building,
structure, or object of cultural or
historical significance in the marine
or onshore environments



R.12 LAND USE: How communities use natural resources and infrastructure in their region



R.13 CULTURE: Socialized patterns of human behavior and characterization of place



R.14 VULNERABLE COASTAL
COMMUNITIES: Historically
marginalized, low-income, or
minority communities



R.15 RECREATION & TOURISM: Leisure activities or visits to places of interest that contribute to the local economy

STRESSORS

Impact-producing human (anthropogenic) activities or natural phenomena occurring in the affected environment that are expected to continue over the next 40 to 70 years; result from actions that are currently ongoing, already planned, or reasonably foreseeable in the future and do not include activities associated with the Proposed Action or alternatives.



A.1 CLIMATE CHANGE: Physical, chemical, and biological changes over a long period of time



A.6 RECREATION & TOURISM: Leisure activities that could impact the environment



A.2 EXISTING OIL & GAS: All past, present, and reasonably foreseeable oil and gas activities expected to occur on the OCS or in state waters outside of the 2023–2028 Program



A.7 POLLUTION: Harmful substances introduced into the air or water



A.8 MARINE MINERAL EXTRACTION:
The extraction of marine minerals
(particularly sand and gravel) from
the seafloor



A.3 VESSEL TRAFFIC: The movement of ocean-going ships

A.4 COASTAL DEVELOPMENT:



A.9 RENEWABLE ENERGY: Construction and presence of offshore renewable energy infrastructure



Construction of residential areas, industrial centers, ports, and other infrastructure on the coasts



A.10 OTHER FEDERAL ACTIVITIES: OCS activity by other Federal agencies



A.5 COMMERCIAL & RECREATIONAL FISHING: Harvesting of fish and shellfish by industry and individuals

IMPACT-PRODUCING FACTORS



I.1 NOISE: Sound released into the environment by humans



I.2 TRAFFIC: Movement of vehicles, including aircraft, ships, and cars



ROUTINE DISCHARGES: Release of liquids and solids into the ocean from vessels and facilities



BOTTOM/LAND DISTURBANCE: Disruption of ground conditions onshore or offshore by a facilities, support vessels, or infrastructure

OCS-oil and gas related activity or process that could cause impacts on environmental or socioeconomic resources.



I.5 EMISSIONS: Air pollutants released from offshore facilities, onshore facilities, or support vehicles



I.6 LIGHTING: Onshore and offshore facility lighting



I.7 VISIBLE INFRASTRUCTURE: Facilities offshore and onshore that may be visible to people or animals



Potential overlap of oil and gas activities with other uses of the OCS

