OCS Report
BOEM 2021-038

Resource Evaluation Report

2020 Geological & Geophysical Data Inventory

U.S. Outer Continental Shelf

By Paul Godfriaux

U.S. Department of the Interior
Bureau of Ocean Energy Management
Resource Evaluation Division

Sterling, Virginia
2021

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Abbreviations

AVO	Amplitude Variation with Offset
BOEM	Bureau of Ocean Energy Management
BSEE	Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement
CDP	Common Depth Point Seismic Data
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
COST	Continental Offshore Stratigraphic Test
CSEM	Controlled Source Electromagnetic survey
DOI	Department of the Interior
DST	Deep Stratigraphic Test (well)
FY	Fiscal Year
G&G	Geological and Geophysical
GOM	Gulf of Mexico
GRAV	Gravity Data
HRD	High-Resolution Data
MAG	Magnetic Data
MMS	Minerals Management Service
OBS	Ocean Bottom Seismometers
OCS	Outer Continental Shelf
OCSLA	Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act
4-C	Four Component Seismic Data
2-D	Two-Dimensional Seismic Data
3-D	Three-Dimensional Seismic Data
4-D	Four-Dimensional Seismic Data

Introduction

This report catalogs the current and historical geological and geophysical (G&G) data permitting activities and G&G data purchases of the Bureau of Ocean Energy Management's (BOEM) Resource Evaluation Program.

BOEM's regulations (30 CFR Part 551) govern the process for pre-lease G&G exploration for oil, gas, and sulphur resources on the Outer Continental Shelf (OCS). Part 551 applies not only to G&G exploration but also to scientific research. The purpose of these regulations is to prescribe (1) when a permit or the filing of a notice is required to conduct G&G activities on the OCS and (2) operating procedures for conducting exploration, as well as requirements for disclosing data and information, conditions for reimbursing permittees for certain costs, and other conditions under which exploration must be conducted. Similar regulations addressing pre-lease prospecting activities for minerals other than oil, gas, or sulphur can be found in 30 CFR Part 580.

This report focuses primarily on the aggregation and summary of administrative data, such as the totals for permits issued, data acquired, and expenditures for these data. These items are influenced by a number of factors, including overall trends of oil and gas prices, access to OCS acreage, and the shift of industry investment to international opportunities.

This report tracks all data by fiscal year with the exception of permits issued, which is tracked by calendar year due to BOEM permit-issuance procedure. This report includes transactions through the end of Fiscal Year 2020; however, permitting data is included through December 31, 2020. All dollar amounts are reported in nominal United States dollar values and are not adjusted for inflation.

Permits, Data Acquisition, and Reimbursement

BOEM administers certain provisions of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (OCSLA) through regulations found at Title 30 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). These regulations govern permitting, data acquisition and release, leasing, and post-lease operations on the OCS.

For administrative and planning purposes, BOEM has established four OCS regions comprised of 26 planning areas. The four regions are Alaska, Pacific, Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico (GOM). The planning areas are shown in Figure 1.

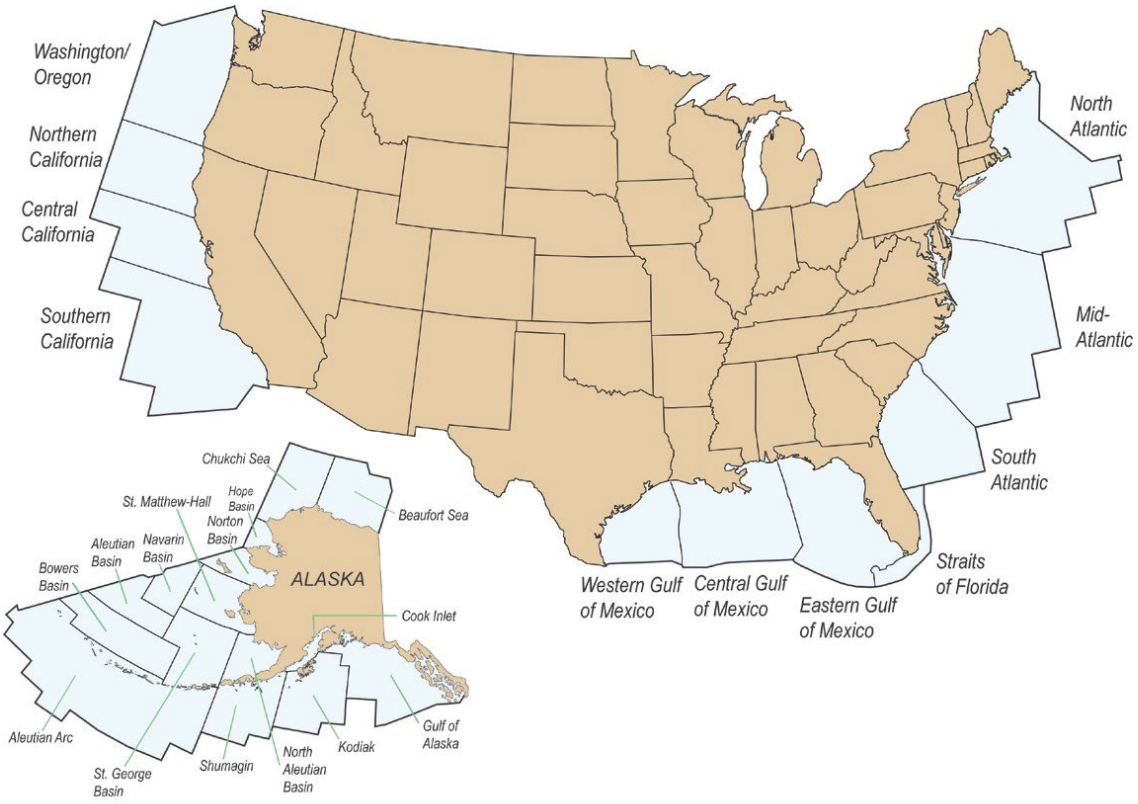

Figure 1: **Outer Continental Shelf Planning Areas**

BOEM issues permits to industry to allow for the collection of pre-lease G&G data and approves the collection of post-lease G&G data to inform industry-submitted Exploration and/or Development Plans. These G&G permits, issued by the regional Offices of Resource Evaluation set forth the specific requirements for each data-gathering activity. These requirements include the area where the data may be collected, the timing of the activity, approved equipment and methods, environmental mitigations, and other relevant information.

BOEM does not typically acquire G&G data directly. Instead, BOEM often obtains G&G data from lessees and permittees. By regulation, BOEM has access to certain permitted seismic data and information (such as processed, analyzed or interpreted data) as soon as the data become available, and lessees and operators are required, upon request, to provide BOEM with data collected on their leases. Data acquired via G&G permits constitute approximately 90 percent of the BOEM seismic data inventory, and permittees and lessees are only reimbursed for the cost of data reproduction. However, if industry has collected data in areas not under BOEM jurisdiction, e.g., state waters or adjacent foreign waters, and BOEM requests that data, BOEM pays the significantly higher "market price" for obtaining it.

Geophysical Data Surveys

2-D, 3-D, 4-D, 4-C, AVO, Gravity, and Magnetic Surveys

The two-dimensional (2-D) geophysical data in the BOEM inventory is common depth point (CDP) seismic information collected along a survey line. Also known as common midpoint or common reflection point data, the data are derived from a common location in the ocean sub-bottom where sound waves originating from a source near the ocean surface are reflected back to the surface. Table 1 shows estimates of the amount of 2-D data in the BOEM inventory in miles, by BOEM planning area.

While in the past a majority of data were collected in 2-D, the vast majority of geophysical data collected today and most of the data recently added to the BOEM inventory are three-dimensional (3-D) seismic. This is especially true for GOM OCS data collection.

The evolution of 3-D seismic data and information in conjunction with the advancement of interactive computer workstations has made it possible to more closely define and assess the potential for oil and gas occurrence on the OCS, especially with regard to subsalt prospects. Compared with the results of 2-D surveys, 3-D information provides greater detail and delineation of the subsurface geologic conditions associated with the occurrence of oil and gas.

As 3-D seismic technology evolved, 3-D reflection techniques began to not only portray subsurface structure and stratigraphy but started to reveal information about fluids within the subsurface as well. Three dimensional seismic surveys that are shot over the same area at different times can now detect changes from one fluid/gas to another (where present), e.g., oil to water.

Thus, time-lapse 3-D seismic surveys, known more commonly as 4-D seismic surveys, have been used to monitor fluid movement in producing reservoirs where changes in fluid content are imaged with seismic techniques over a period of time. To date, the main purpose of these surveys has been reservoir management, e.g., determining where and how long to drain hydrocarbon-bearing areas, and monitoring gas injection or steam or water flooding during enhanced recovery operations.

A specialized processing technique that can be used with both 2-D and 3-D seismic data is Amplitude Variation with Offset (AVO). AVO involves the variation in amplitude of a seismic reflection with the angle of incidence or source-geophone distance and is processed using the raw data gathered. It can be used as a direct hydrocarbon indicator.

Another type of data acquisition is 2-D or 3-D four component (4-C) surveys, which involves the recording of marine seismic data with ocean bottom seismometers (OBS) on the sea floor. Each OBS consists of a hydrophone, recording pressure changes of passing P-waves, and three orthogonal geophones recording movement in three components of direction (x, y, and z axes) of passing shear waves (s-waves). Three dimensional 4-C is a recording of multiple parallel lines of seismometers achieved by recording seismic waves from each line

simultaneously or in sequence by recording a line of geophones, moving the line a short distance and parallel to the previous line, etc.

Magnetic surveys measure the magnetic field or a component (such as the vertical component) at a series of different locations over an area of interest, usually to locate concentrations of magnetic anomalies or to determine depth to basement. Gravity surveys produce measurements of the gravitational field at a series of different locations over an area of interest and are used to identify density differences that may indicate different rock types. Gravity data are usually displayed as anomaly maps.

Controlled Source Electromagnetic (CSEM) surveys are being conducted in areas of the GOM and elsewhere. Although not a new technology, it is a relatively new application for the deeper water OCS provinces. The data gathered from these surveys are often used in conjunction with seismic reflection data to generate direct recognition of hydrocarbon fluid resistivity in potential subsurface reservoirs.

Geological Data Collection

Bottom Sampling and Shallow Coring

In general, bottom samples are obtained by dropping a weighted tube to the ocean floor and recovering it with an attached wire line. Shallow coring (no deeper than 500 ft.) is performed by conventional rotary drilling equipment to obtain a near-surface sample of the rocks or sediment of the seabed.

Deep Stratigraphic Tests

A deep stratigraphic test, as defined in 30 CFR 551.1, means, "drilling that involves the penetration into the sea bottom of more than 500 feet (152 meters)." These wells are sometimes known as Continental Offshore Stratigraphic Test (COST) wells and are drilled primarily to gather geological information. Conversely, shallow test drilling, as defined in the same regulations, means, "drilling into the sea bottom to depths less than those specified in the definition of a deep stratigraphic test." Three COST wells drilled on the OCS have encountered hydrocarbons: the COST B-3 (Atlantic), Point Conception No.1 (California), and the Norton COST No. 2 (Alaska). A discussion of the deep stratigraphic test program is described in OCS Report MMS-90-0028.

High Resolution Data

Up until 1982, all BOEM regional offices directly acquired pre-lease, tract-specific, shallow hazards data, or, high-resolution data (HRD). After BOEM established the area-wide leasing program in 1982, the detailed shallow hazards analysis function was shifted to the post-sale phase, and it is now the responsibility of the lessee to collect site-specific hazards data.

A company must obtain a G&G permit from BOEM to conduct a pre-lease hazards survey.

Shallow hazards survey data and information are available to BOEM and BSEE under terms of permit or lease and regulations and are submitted to BOEM as part of the safety review process.

G&G Data Release

BOEM's regulations at 30 CFR § 551.14(b)(1) and § 550.197 establish the release timeframes for proprietary G&G data and information. Pre-lease geophysical information will not be released to the public for 25 years; raw geophysical data is held for 50 years before it is released to the public. The proprietary term for geological information is 10 years. The Minerals Management Service (MMS), a BOEM predecessor agency, first released geophysical data sets in 2001, which included data sets from southern Alaska, the Arctic, the Bering Sea, Southern California through Washington/ Oregon, the North, Mid, and South Atlantic planning areas, and in Eastern, Central, and Western GOM areas. The data may be searched for and downloaded at the National Archive of Marine Seismic Surveys (NAMSS): https://walrus.wr.usgs.gov/NAMSS/. Additional information can be found at the BOEM regional homepage at: http://www.boem.gov/BOEM-Regions/.

Analysis of BOEM Data Coverage on the OCS

Mileage/Blocks

BOEM has amassed a large inventory of both 2-D and 3-D seismic data. Table 1 shows the coverage of 2-D seismic data, by region and planning area, that BOEM purchased through FY 2020. Tables 2 and 3 summarize the total amount of 2-D and 3-D data purchased by year through FY 2020. Figure 2 illustrates a visual representation of the data listed in Tables 2 and 3. Table 4 summarizes BOEM data inventory by type and location through FY 2020. As noted in Table 4, BOEM currently has 346,028 blocks of 3-D seismic information and 3.3 million line-miles of conventional 2-D seismic information. In comparison to 2019, this represents a 4.7% increase in cumulative 3-D seismic data inventory and a 0.1% increase in cumulative 2-D seismic data inventory. Each block of 3-D data coverage comparatively provides much more information than a 2-D seismic line-mile.

BOEM has not purchased all the permit data shot and recorded by industry primarily because of either poor data quality or the redundancy in available data sets. Since the early 1990s, the volume of 3-D seismic data has increased in concert with the development and use of interactive computer workstations. For some areas where BOEM previously obtained 2-D or 3-D seismic information, BOEM continues to purchase new information as a result of the use of state-of-the-art acquisition methods and equipment, or the reprocessing of previously-acquired data using more modern techniques.

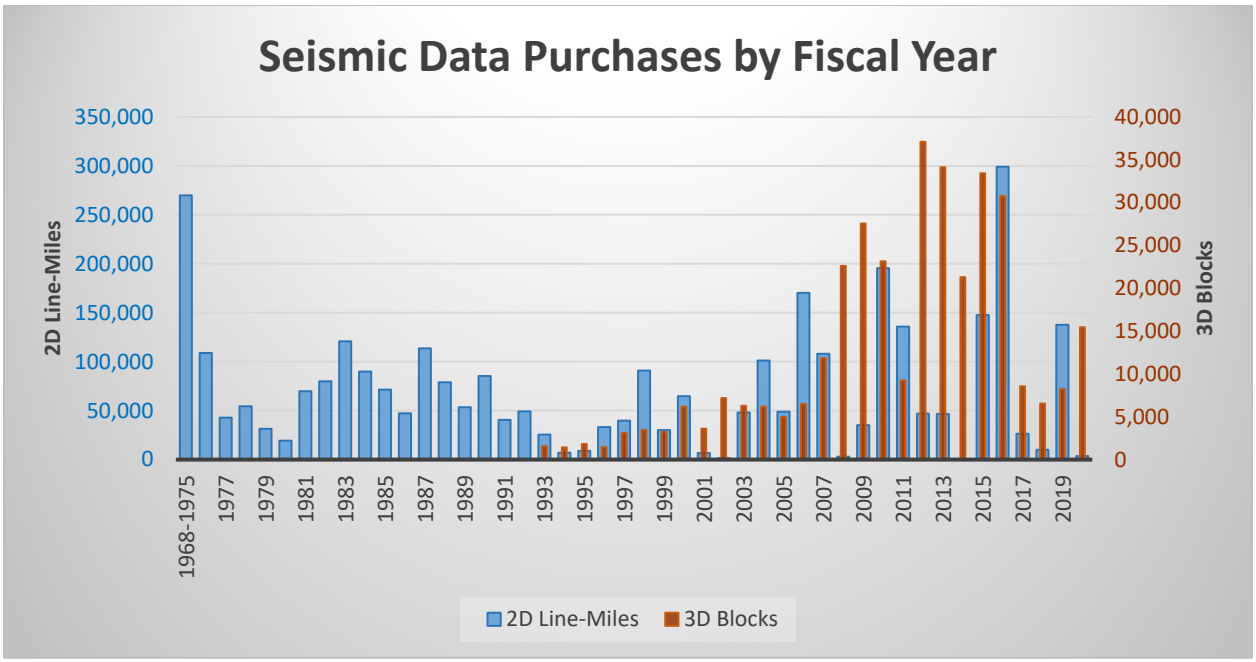

Figure 2: Seismic Data Purchases by Fiscal Year

Geological and/or Geophysical Exploration Permits

A leading indicator of the amount of OCS oil and gas activity is the number and associated mileage/blocks of pre-lease exploration permits that BOEM issues to industry each year. Table 5 presents the statistics of G&G exploration permitting for the OCS since 1960, with a differentiation between geological permits and geophysical permits from 1969 to 2020. Figure 3 displays the permitting data by calendar year and shows a relatively steady decline over the past 30 years, from close to 300 permits in CY 1988 to less than 30 in CY 2020. The greatest number of permits for one year was 574 in 1983 which represented a time when all four OCS regions had significant exploration activity. Tables A-2, A-6, A-10, and A-14 show total permits by OCS Region.

Most OCS oil and gas activity has been in the GOM, particularly in recent years. The GOM Region has granted 84 percent of all BOEM permits issued, followed by the Alaska Region with eight percent. The Pacific Region has granted six percent of permits issued, followed by the Atlantic Region with about two percent.

It should be noted that since 1969, approximately 94 percent of the permits issued have been for geophysical exploration, while geological exploration permits have accounted for only five percent. While the total number of 3-D permits issued compared to all permits issued is relatively small (12 percent), when compared with the total geophysical permits issued over the past 10 years, 3-D permits (including 4-D) have comprised 40 percent of geophysical permits during that period. Permits for deep stratigraphic test wells or COST wells make up about six percent of all geological permits.

Permitting for all regions has declined since the number of permits issued peaked in 1983 (Figure 3). The regional differences can be attributed to factors such as leasing moratoria, operating conditions such as hurricanes/arctic ice, and the discovery of new hydrocarbon plays.

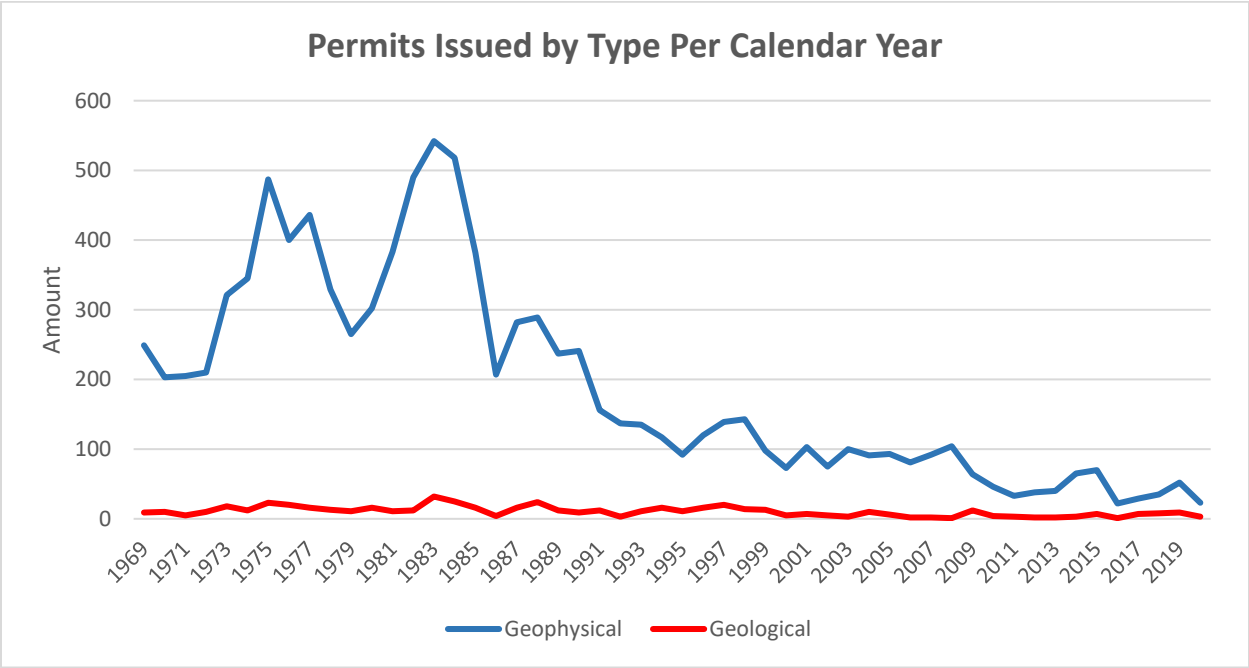

Figure 3: Permits Issued by Type per Calendar Year

Expenditures

Under 30 CFR § 551.13(a), BOEM can purchase OCS G&G data for the cost of data reproduction. As a result, BOEM purchases large amounts of data at costs much lower than market price.

Table 6 shows the total expenditures for G&G data since 1968 for those data presented in Table 4, including the distribution of G&G expenditures by Region[1]. The GOM and Alaska have the largest portion of the expenditures with 40 and 37 percent, respectively. Alaska has over twice the offshore area of the other three Regions combined. On the other hand, the GOM, with over 95 percent of OCS production, possesses the largest database of G&G data.

The Atlantic Region (14 percent) and the Pacific (9 percent) are comparable in terms of expenditures. The Pacific Region has the smallest expenditures for G&G data because much of the OCS offshore California, Washington and Oregon was under moratoria from the 1980s to 2008. The main difference between the Atlantic and Pacific regions is the purchase of high-resolution data in the Atlantic (see Table 6).

[1] All dollar values in this report are nominal and have not been adjusted for inflation.

Overall, the early to mid-1980s saw a dramatic increase in expenditures by BOEM, as more reprocessed data were acquired to address area-wide leasing and a more aggressive proposed OCS leasing schedule. However, due to regulatory changes in reimbursement procedures in 1986, the cost per mile has dropped dramatically. With a typically less-aggressive leasing schedule and new exploration theatres worldwide, total expenditures have steadily decreased from the 1980s to the present.

BSEE's Acquisition Operations conducted a market survey in December 2015 to establish current industry pricing, from which BSEE recommended and adopted a reimbursement rate of $2/gigabyte for all G&G. Industry responses to the survey and an analysis of occupational categories and associated labor rates indicated that the previous $20.48/gigabyte rate was no longer a fair reimbursement rate for G&G data. Currently BSEE's Acquisition Operations is conducting a new market survey, with expectations that an updated price range of $4.00 to $5.00 will be adopted as a reasonable cost of reproduction.

Table 1. Summary of Estimates of CDP (2-D) Seismic Miles in the BOEM Inventory Through FY 2020 by Planning Area (Rounded off to Nearest 1,000 Miles)

Planning Area	Estimated Mileage
Alaska	
Gulf of Alaska	36,000
Cook Inlet	21,000
Kodiak	23,000
Shumagin	10,000
North Aleutian	43,000
St. George Basin	50,000
Aleutian Arc	< 500
Bowers Basin	<1,000
Aleutian Basin	<1,000
St. Matthew-Hall	10,000
Norton Basin	25,000
Navarin Basin	55,000
Hope Basin	9,000
Chukchi Sea	141,000
Beaufort Sea	88,000
Total	**513,000**
Atlantic	
North Atlantic	146,000
Mid-Atlantic	95,000
South Atlantic	76,000
Straits of Florida	11,000
Total	**328,000**
Gulf of Mexico	
Eastern GOM	231,000
Central GOM	1,522,000
Western GOM	572,000
Total	**2,325,000**
Pacific	
Southern California	85,000
Central California	21,000
Northern California	19,000
Wash./Oregon	8,000
Total	**133,000**

Figures may vary by 1-2%.

Table 2. Summary of BOEM-Purchased 2-D Seismic Data for FY 1968-2020

FY	Total Miles
1968-1975	269,814
1976	108,922
1977	42,808
1978	54,426
1979	31,489
1980	19,400
1981	69,904
1982	79,961
1983	120,743
1984	89,853
1985	71,521
1986	47,287
1987	113,680
1988	78,920
1989	53,494
1990	85,280
1991	40,513
1992	49,191
1993	25,482
1994	7,138
1995	8,930
1996	33,296
1997	39,682
1998	90,981
1999	30,135
2000	64,710
2001	6,668
2002	1,506
2003	48,154
2004	101,282
2005	48,829
2006	170,379
2007	108,080
2008	2,953
2009	35,130
2010	195,487
2011	135,884
2012	46,923
2013	46,694
2014	248
2015	147,555
2016	299,028
2017	26,318
2018	10,061
2019	137,695
2020	3,719
Total	**3,300,153**

Figures may vary by 1-2%.

Table 3. Summary of BOEM-Purchased 3-D Seismic Data for FY 1968-2020

FY	Total Blocks
1968-1992	0
1993	1,563
1994	1,420
1995	1,826
1996	1,470
1997	3,129
1998	3,460
1999	3,226
200	6,161
2001	3,602
2002	7,182
2003	6,272
2004	6,193
2005	4,996
2006	6,495
2007	11,855
2008	22,606
2009	27,547
2010	23,137
2011	9,259
2012	37,092
2013	34,132
2014	21,294
2015	33,427
2016	30,764
2017	8,566
2018	5,686
2019	8,218
2020	15,450
Total	**346,028**

Figures may vary by 1-2%.

Table 4. Summary of BOEM's G&G Data Inventory, by Data Type and Region, FY 1968-2020

Data Type	Region	Mileage*
2-D Seismic	Alaska	513,506
	Atlantic	328,513
	Gulf of Mexico	2,325,293
	Pacific	132,841
	Total	**3,300,153**
High Resolution	Alaska	59,855
	Atlantic	49,509
	Gulf of Mexico	176,627
	Pacific	30,582
	Total	**316,573**
CDP Interpretations	Alaska	84,683
	Atlantic	104,665
	Gulf of Mexico	293,925
	Pacific	42,365
	Total	**465,774**
Gravity and Magnetics	Alaska	380,999
	Atlantic	15,783
	Gulf of Mexico	856,253
	Pacific	110,150
	Total	**1,363,185**
3-D Seismic	Alaska	1,036
	Atlantic	0
	Gulf of Mexico	344,940
	Pacific	52
	Total	**346,028**
3-D/4-C	Alaska	0
	Atlantic	0
	Gulf of Mexico	8,659
	Pacific	0
	Total	**8,659**
3D-AVO	Alaska	81
	Atlantic	0
	Gulf of Mexico	31,325
	Pacific	0
	Total	**31,406**
Deep Stratigraphic Tests	Alaska	14
	Atlantic	5
	Gulf of Mexico	14
	Pacific	2
	Total	**35**

(*3-D seismic, 3-D/4-C data, and AVO are measured in blocks and Deep Stratigraphic Test units are wells drilled.)

Figures may vary 1-2%.

Table 5. Total Number of Permits Issued for G&G Exploration

Year	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1960-1968	2,353	---	---	---	---	---	---
1969	258	249	9	0	0	0	0
1970	213	203	10	0	0	0	0
1971	210	205	5	0	0	0	0
1972	220	210	10	0	0	0	0
1973	339	321	18	0	0	0	0
1974	357	345	12	2	0	0	0
1975	510	487	23	3	0	0	0
1976	420	400	20	7	0	0	0
1977	452	436	16	4	0	0	0
1978	342	329	13	2	0	0	0
1979	276	265	11	0	0	0	0
1980	318	302	16	1	0	0	0
1981	394	383	11	0	0	0	0
1982	502	490	12	3	0	0	0
1983	574	542	32	1	16	0	0
1984	543	518	25	0	18	0	0
1985	398	382	16	0	38	0	0
1986	211	207	4	0	32	0	0
1987	298	282	16	0	42	0	0
1988	313	289	24	0	45	0	0
1989	249	237	12	1	47	0	0
1990	251	241	9	0	57	1	0
1991	170	156	12	0	45	2	0
1992	141	137	3	0	53	1	0
1993	147	135	11	0	70	1	0
1994	133	117	16	0	53	0	0
1995	104	92	11	0	50	1	0
1996	136	120	16	0	59	0	0
1997	159	139	20	0	69	0	1
1998	157	143	14	0	59	0	1
1999	111	98	13	0	44	0	0
2000	80	73	5	0	32	2	0
2001	110	103	7	0	33	0	0
2002	80	75	5	0	20	0	3
2003	107	100	3	0	29	4	2
2004	103	91	10	0	21	2	0
2005	101	93	6	0	25	2	0
2006	87	82	2	0	24	3	0
2007	95	92	2	0	32	1	0
2008	112	104	1	2	23	7	0
2009	84	64	12	4	9	8	1
2010	55	46	4	0	8	5	1
2011	42	33	3	0	19	6	0
2012	44	38	2	0	20	4	4
2013	47	40	2	0	15	5	4
2014	68	65	3	0	22	0	3
2015	77	70	7	0	15	0	4
2016	24	22	1	0	22	1	0
2017	37	29	7	1	8	1	1
2018	43	35	8	0	12	0	3
2019	66	52	9	0	21	5	3
2020	28	23	3	0	7	2	5
Total	**12,749**	**9,790**	**542**	**31**	**1,214**	**64**	**36**

A=Total Number of Geological, Geophysical, and Strategic Minerals Permits Issued
B=Number of Geophysical Permits Issued
C=Number of Geological Permits Issued
D=Number of Geological Permits Issued for Deep Stratigraphic Tests
E=Number of Geophysical Permits Issued for 3-D Seismic Data
F=Number of Permits Issued for Strategic (Nonenergy) Minerals
G=Number of Permits Issued for 4-D Seismic Data

Table 6. Summary of G&G Data Expenditures by Data Type and Region, FY 1968-2020 (in nominal dollars)

Data Type	Region	Expenditures ($)*
	Alaska	
2-D Seismic		40,957,088
High Resolution		11,125,798
CDP Interpretations		439,793
Gravity and Magnetics		1,027,238
3-D Seismic		1,511,327
3-D/4-C		0
AVO		28,048
Total		**55,089,292**
	Atlantic	
2-D Seismic		11,774,315
High Resolution		9,751,232
CDP Interpretations		242,774
Gravity and Magnetics		2,902
3-D Seismic		0
3-D/4-C		0
AVO		0
Total		**21,771,223**
	Gulf of Mexico	
2-D Seismic		32,277,913
High Resolution CDP		12,740,402
Interpretations		1,096,580
Gravity and Magnetics		892,671
3-D Seismic (ex. AVO)		12,788,522
3-D/4-C		2,787
AVO		375,919
Total		**60,174,794**
	Pacific	
2-D Seismic		9,553,194
High Resolution		3,696,394
CDP Interpretations		72,175
Gravity and Magnetics		534,363
3-D Seismic		27,925
3-D/4-C		0
AVO		0
Total		**13,884,051**

*BOEM has had additional expenditures through its G&G data purchasing budget for other general purchases such as field tapes, special processing, navigation tapes, interpretive hardware and software for evaluation purposes, and geological studies, scanning, and purchases of digital tapes of in-house analog data. Detailed annual expenditures, by region, are shown in Tables A-3, A-7, A-11, and A-15. *Figures may vary 1-2%.*

Appendix

Alaska OCS Region

Atlantic OCS Region

Gulf of Mexico OCS Region

Pacific OCS Region

Table A-1. Summary of G&G Data Inventory for Alaska by FY

Year	2-D	HRD	Interpretations	Grav/Mag	3-D	3D-AVO	DST
1968-1975	70,306	5,500	32,819	55,710	0	0	1
1976	37,785	19,163	30,164	0	0	0	4
1977	11,952	5,606	21,700	23,470	0	0	4
1978	28,524	0	0	36,625	0	0	0
1979	8,538	5,412	0	25,465	0	0	0
1980	10,109	7,703	0	0	0	0	1
1981	35,430	4,590	0	14,969	0	0	0
1982	16,624	0	0	0	0	0	2
1983	51,903	0	0	0	0	0	2
1984	30,961	7,904	0	5,850	0	0	0
1985	30,270	0	0	0	0	0	0
1986	21,603	1,600	0	0	0	0	0
1987	49,532	470	0	80,826	0	0	0
1988	14,963	1,741	0	0	0	0	0
1989	3,136	166	0	9,543	0	0	0
1990	8,557	0	0	11,046	0	0	0
1991	3,964	0	0	1,500	0	0	0
1992	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	1,893	0	0	0	0	0	0
1994	2,422	0	0	102,845	0	0	0
1995	737	0	0	3,000	0	0	0
1996	315	0	0	0	0	0	0
1997	382	0	0	0	3*	0	0
1998	273	0	0	0	0	0	0
1999	0	0	0	0	7*	0	0
2000	0	0	0	0	12*	0	0
2001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2002	0	0	0	0	11*	0	0
2003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2006	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007	32,281	0	0	1,915	204	0	0
2008	0	0	0	0	54	0	0
2009	0	0	0	0	20	0	0
2010	0	0	0	0	315	66*	0
2011	486	0	0	0	227	15*	0
2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2015	3,662	0	0	0	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2018	0	0	0	2,253	0	0	0
2019	35,488	0	0	5,982	9	0	0
2020	1,410	0	0	0	174	0	0
Total	**513,506**	**59,855**	**84,683**	**380,999**	**1036***	**81***	**14**

*Purchases for 3-D seismic and AVO data are measured in blocks; all other purchases in this table are measured in miles. The DST dates are assigned based upon completion dates and are measured in terms of wells completed. All other data units are line miles.

Table A-2. Number of Permits Issued for G&G Exploration in Alaska

Year	A	B	C	D	E	F
1960-1968	75	---	---	---	---	---
1969	31	28	3	0	0	0
1970	40	36	4	0	0	0
1971	27	26	1	0	0	0
1972	17	17	0	0	0	0
1973	33	32	1	0	0	0
1974	47	44	3	0	0	0
1975	82	74	8	1	0	0
1976	69	61	8	4	0	0
1977	33	29	4	4	0	0
1978	9	8	1	0	0	0
1979	32	30	2	0	0	0
1980	41	36	5	1	0	0
1981	54	49	5	0	0	0
1982	85	79	6	3	0	0
1983	103	80	23	1	0	0
1984	70	62	8	0	0	0
1985	63	56	7	0	0	0
1986	18	17	1	0	0	0
1987	18	14	4	0	0	0
1988	13	9	4	0	0	0
1989	17	14	3	0	0	0
1990	19	15	3	0	0	1
1991	7	4	1	0	0	2
1992	7	6	0	0	0	1
1993	11	10	0	0	2	1
1994	3	3	0	0	1	0
1995	1	1	0	0	1	0
1996	6	6	0	0	5	0
1997	5	4	1	0	0	0
1998	2	2	0	0	2	0
1999	2	2	0	0	2	0
2000	1	1	0	0	1	0
2001	0	0	0	0	0	0
2002	1	1	0	0	0	0
2003	1	1	0	0	0	0
2004	1	1	0	0	1	0
2005	1	1	0	0	1	0
2006	4	4	0	0	3	0
2007	5	4	1	0	3	0
2008	4	4	0	0	4	0
2009	1	1	0	0	1	0
2010	2	2	0	0	1	0
2011	0	0	0	0	0	0
2012	2	1	0	0	0	1
2013	1	1	0	0	0	0
2014	3	3	0	0	3	0
2015	1	1	0	0	1	0
2016	0	0	0	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0	0	0	0
2018	1	1	0	0	0	0
2019	1	1	0	0	1	0
2020	1	1	0	0	1	0
Total	**1,071**	**883**	**107**	**14**	**34**	**6**

Dashed lines = Individual breakouts not established; A=Total Number of Geological, Geophysical, and Strategic Minerals Permits; B=Number of Geophysical Permits; C=Number of Geological Permits; D=Number of Geological Permits Issued for Deep Stratigraphic Tests; E=Number of Geophysical Permits Issued for 3-D Seismic Data; F=Number of Permits Issued for Strategic (Nonenergy) Minerals.

Table A-3. Summary of Expenditures by BOEM for G&G Data by FY for Alaska (in nominal dollars)

Year	2-D	HRD	Interpretations	Grav/Mag	3-D	3D-AVO	DST
1968-1975	2,803,939	119,700	160,832	7,515	0	0	0
1976	1,628,153	1,598,789	268,961	0	0	0	0
1977	271,035	36,473	10,000	49,450	0	0	0
1978	2,956,280	0	0	408,679	0	0	0
1979	2,180,700	2,019,512	0	125,148	0	0	0
1980	1,086,423	5,789,936	0	0	0	0	0
1981	5,231,130	1,531,458	0	69,286	0	0	0
1982	1,817,736	0	0	0	0	0	0
1983	5,673,514	0	0	0	0	0	0
1984	4,118,626	19,238	0	27,072	0	0	0
1985	3,669,129	0	0	0	0	0	0
1986	2,780,556	950	0	0	0	0	0
1987	2,301,780	400	0	249,951	0	0	0
1988	1,339,007	3,425	0	0	0	0	0
1989	347,872	5,917	0	21,851	0	0	0
1990	832,476	0	0	51,681	0	0	0
1991	518,613	0	0	15,573	0	0	0
1992	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	139,117	0	0	0	0	0	0
1994	579,129	0	0	0	0	0	0
1995	167,170	0	0	750	0	0	0
1996	113,071	0	0	0	0	0	0
1997	195,855	0	0	0	0	0	0
1998	192,947	0	0	0	0	0	0
1999	0	0	0	0	358,155	0	0
2000	0	0	0	0	348,073	0	0
2001	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2002	0	0	0	0	762,911	0	0
2003	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2006	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007	2,329	0	0	152	29,226	0	0
2008	0	0	0	0	9,401	0	0
2009	0	0	0	0	392	0	0
2010	0	0	0	0	3,106	28,048	0
2011	2	0	0	0	63	0	0
2012	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2015	1,574	0	0	0	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2018	0	0	0	130	0	0	0
2019	8,260	0	0	0	0	0	0
2020	665	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	**$40,957,008**	**$11,125,798**	**$439,793**	**$1,027,238**	**$1,511,327**	**$28,048**	**$0**

Table A-4. Summary of G&G Data Purchases for the Atlantic (by FY)

Year	2-D	HRD	Interpretations	Grav/Mag	3-D	DST
1968-1975	41,958	1,740	11,802	14,267	0	0
1976	25,211	23,867	29,822	1,076	0	2
1977	21,032	6,100	3,177	440	0	2
1978	14,281	0	0	0	0	0
1979	6,877	0	0	0	0	1
1980	585	10,660	0	0	0	0
1981	9,950	7,142	0	0	0	0
1982	19,074	0	0	0	0	0
1983	30,077	0	0	0	0	0
1984	9,386	0	0	0	0	0
1985	1,640	0	0	0	0	0
1986	424	0	0	0	0	0
1987	2,356	0	0	0	0	0
1988	827	0	0	0	0	0
1989	2,730	0	0	0	0	0
1990	31	0	0	0	0	0
1991	1,042	0	0	0	0	0
1992	2,377	0	0	0	0	0
1993	0	0	0	0	0	0
1994	0	0	0	0	0	0
1995	0	0	0	0	0	0
1996	0	0	0	0	0	0
1997	0	0	0	0	0	0
1998	0	0	0	0	0	0
1999	0	0	0	0	0	0
2000	0	0	0	0	0	0
2001	0	0	0	0	0	0
2002	0	0	0	0	0	0
2003	23,109	0	0	0	0	0
2004	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005	0	0	0	0	0	0
2006	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007	0	0	0	0	0	0
2008	969	0	0	0	0	0
2009	0	0	0	0	0	0
2010	0	0	0	0	0	0
2011	0	0	0	0	0	0
2012	0	0	0	0	0	0
2013	0	0	0	0	0	0
2014	0	0	0	0	0	0
2015	0	0	0	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0	0	0	0
2018	10,061	0	0	0	0	0
2019	102,207	0	59,864	0	0	0
2020	2,309	0	0	0	0	0
Total	**328,513**	**49,509**	**104,665**	**15,783**	**0**	**5**

Note: The DST dates are assigned based upon completion dates and are measured in terms of wells completed. All other data units line miles.

Table A-5. Number of Permits Issued for G&G Exploration in the Atlantic

Year	A	B	C	D	E	F
1960-1968	45	---	---	---	---	---
1969	7	7	0	0	0	0
1970	4	3	1	0	0	0
1971	4	4	0	0	0	0
1972	4	4	0	0	0	0
1973	4	4	0	0	0	0
1974	2	2	0	0	0	0
1975	29	23	6	1	0	0
1976	35	28	7	3	0	0
1977	20	20	0	0	0	0
1978	17	13	4	1	0	0
1979	9	9	0	0	0	0
1980	15	15	0	0	0	0
1981	17	16	1	0	0	0
1982	11	11	0	0	0	0
1983	10	10	0	0	0	0
1984	6	6	0	0	0	0
1985	2	1	1	0	0	0
1986	3	2	1	0	0	0
1987	2	0	2	0	0	0
1988	4	4	0	0	0	0
1989	0	0	0	0	0	0
1990	1	1	0	0	0	0
1991	0	0	0	0	0	0
1992	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	0	0	0	0	0	0
1994	0	0	0	0	0	0
1995	1	0	0	0	0	1
1996	0	0	0	0	0	0
1997	2	1	1	0	0	0
1998	0	0	0	0	0	0
1999	0	0	0	0	0	0
2000	1	0	0	0	0	1
2001	0	0	0	0	0	0
2002	0	0	0	0	0	0
2003	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004	2	0	0	0	0	2
2005	2	0	0	0	0	2
2006	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007	1	0	0	0	0	1
2008	2	0	0	0	0	2
2009	2	0	0	0	0	2
2010	0	0	0	0	0	0
2011	5	0	0	0	0	5
2012	2	0	0	0	0	2
2013	3	0	0	0	0	3
2014	0	0	0	0	0	0
2015	0	0	0	0	0	0
2016	2	0	1	0	0	1
2017	0	0	0	0	0	0
2018	0	0	0	0	0	0
2019	4	1	0	0	0	3
2020	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	**280**	**185**	**25**	**5**	**0**	**25**

Dashed lines = Individual breakouts not established; A=Total Number of Geological, Geophysical, and Strategic Minerals Permits; B=Number of Geophysical Permits; C=Number of Geological Permits; D=Number of Geological Permits Issued for Deep Stratigraphic Tests; E=Number of Geophysical Permits Issued for 3-D Seismic Data; F=Number of Permits Issued for Strategic (Nonenergy) Minerals.

Table A-6. Summary of Expenditures by BOEM for G&G Data by FY for the Atlantic (in nominal dollars)

Year	2-D	HRD	Interpretations	Grav/Mag	3-D	DST
1968-1975	309,029	4,900	---	---	0	0
1976	196,687	2,256,167	45,282	2,902	0	0
1977	242,868	1,968,513	9,992	0	0	0
1978	581,562	0	0	0	0	0
1979	119,250	0	0	0	0	0
1980	51,096	4,278,448	0	0	0	0
1981	179,682	1,243,204	0	0	0	0
1982	1,882,723	0	0	0	0	0
1983	1,718,584	0	0	0	0	0
1984	1,500,298	0	0	0	0	0
1985	287,135	0	0	0	0	0
1986	87,307	0	0	0	0	0
1987	438,792	0	0	0	0	0
1988	71,510	0	0	0	0	0
1989	120,042	0	0	0	0	0
1990	150	0	0	0	0	0
1991	2,790	0	0	0	0	0
1992	1,933	0	0	0	0	0
1993	0	0	0	0	0	0
1994	0	0	0	0	0	0
1995	0	0	0	0	0	0
1996	0	0	0	0	0	0
1997	0	0	0	0	0	0
1998	0	0	0	0	0	0
1999	0	0	0	0	0	0
2000	0	0	0	0	0	0
2001	0	0	0	0	0	0
2002	0	0	0	0	0	0
2003	1,080,000	0	0	0	0	0
2004	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005	0	0	0	0	0	0
2006	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007	0	0	0	0	0	0
2008	156,100	0	0	0	0	0
2009	0	0	0	0	0	0
2010	0	0	0	0	0	0
2011	0	0	0	0	0	0
2012	0	0	0	0	0	0
2013	0	0	0	0	0	0
2014	0	0	0	0	0	0
2015	0	0	0	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0	0	0	0
2018	307,629	0	0	0	0	0
2019	2,092,983	0	187,500	0	0	0
2020	346,165	0	0	0	0	0
Total	**$11,774,315**	**$9,751,232**	**$242,774**	**$2,902**	**$0**	**$0**

Note: Dashed lines = No expenditures are available for CDP interpretations or gravity and magnetic data for 1968-1975.

Table A-7. Summary of G&G Data Purchases for the Gulf of Mexico (by FY)

Year	2-D	HRD	Interpretations	Grav/Mag	3-D (All)*	3-D/4-C*	3D-AVO*	DST
1968-1975	143,458	88,549	120,038	19,670	0	0	0	2
1976	31,474	9,367	19,380	56,272	0	0	0	0
1977	4,485	18,119	0	0	0	0	0	0
1978	7,188	8,275	0	0	0	0	0	0
1979	11,681	5,018	0	0	0	0	0	0
1980	4,758	15,940	0	0	0	0	0	0
1981	16,454	500	0	0	0	0	0	0
1982	28,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1983	26,290	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1984	40,828	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1985	31,430	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1986	22,616	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1987	43,073	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1988	56,265	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1989	43,121	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1990	76,692	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1991	35,507	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1992	46,814	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	23,589	0	0	0	1,563	0	0	0
1994	4,416	0	0	0	1,420	0	0	0
1995	8,193	0	0	0	1,826	0	0	0
1996	32,797	0	0	0	1,458	0	0	0
1997	39,300	0	0	0	3,105	0	0	0
1998	90,708	0	0	178,305	3,452	0	0	0
1999	30,135	0	0	52,000	3,219	0	0	0
2000	64,710	0	0	284,084	6,138	0	0	0
2001	6,668	0	0	0	3,602	0	0	0
2002	1,506	0	0	0	7,171	0	0	0
2003	25,045	0	0	0	6,272	0	1,492	0
2004	101,282	0	0	0	6,193	37	67	0
2005	48,829	0	0	0	4,996	0	0	0
2006	170,379	0	0	0	6,495	0	0	0
2007	75,799	0	0	0	11,651	0	0	0
2008	1,984	0	0	79,082	22,552	0	0	0
2009	35,130	0	0	0	27,527	0	0	10
2010	195,487	0	0	0	22,822	0	0	0
2011	135,398	0	0	0	9,032	0	0	0
2012	46,923	0	0	0	37,092	3,846	0	0
2013	46,694	0	0	0	34,132	420	0	0
2014	248	0	0	0	21,294	3,651	1,896	0
2015	143,893	0	0	3,175	33,427	541	3,248	0
2016	299,028**	0	0	0	30,764	0	9,095	0
2017	26,318	0	0	0	8,566	0	1,990	1
2018	0	30,825	154,507	0	5,686	164	2,935	0
2019	0	19	0	183,665	8,209	0	4,477	0
2020	0	15	0	0	15,276	0	6,125	0
Total	**2,325,293**	**176,627**	**293,925**	**856,253**	**344,940**	**8,659**	**31,325**	**14**

Note: *Purchases for 3-D seismic, 3-D/4-C data, and AVO data are measured in OCS blocks; all other purchases, in this table are measured in miles. The DST dates are assigned based upon completion dates and are measured in terms of wells completed.

**High figure is due to purchase of reprocessed old data and not due to new seismic acquisitions by industry.

Figures may vary by 1-2%.

Table A-8. Number of Permits Issued for G&G Exploration in the Gulf of Mexico

Year	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1960-1968	2,071	---	---	---	---	---	---
1969	207	204	3	0	0	0	0
1970	166	162	4	0	0	0	0
1971	179	175	4	0	0	0	0
1972	198	188	10	0	0	0	0
1973	272	264	8	0	0	0	0
1974	284	275	9	2	0	0	0
1975	353	348	5	0	0	0	0
1976	292	289	3	0	0	0	0
1977	368	361	7	0	0	0	0
1978	278	278	0	0	0	0	0
1979	211	204	7	0	0	0	0
1980	231	225	6	0	0	0	0
1981	283	280	3	0	0	0	0
1982	344	341	3	0	0	0	0
1983	416	416	0	0	16	0	0
1984	411	408	3	0	18	0	0
1985	300	295	5	0	38	0	0
1986	170	169	1	0	32	0	0
1987	258	252	6	0	42	0	0
1988	263	251	12	0	45	0	0
1989	232	223	9	1	47	0	0
1990	227	222	5	0	57	0	0
1991	163	152	11	0	45	0	0
1992	134	131	3	0	53	0	0
1993	136	125	11	0	68	0	0
1994	130	114	16	0	52	0	0
1995	102	91	11	0	49	0	0
1996	130	114	16	0	54	0	0
1997	152	134	18	0	69	0	1
1998	155	141	14	0	57	0	1
1999	109	96	13	0	42	0	0
2000	78	72	5	0	31	1	0
2001	110	103	7	0	33	0	0
2002	79	74	5	0	20	0	3
2003	106	99	3	0	28	4	2
2004	100	90	10	0	14	0	0
2005	98	92	6	0	24	0	0
2006	82	77	2	0	21	3	0
2007	89	88	1	0	29	0	0
2008	106	100	1	2	19	5	0
2009	81	63	12	0	8	6	5
2010	53	44	4	0	7	5	1
2011	37	33	3	0	19	1	0
2012	40	37	2	0	20	1	4
2013	43	39	2	0	15	2	4
2014	65	62	3	0	19	0	3
2015	76	69	7	0	15	0	4
2016	22	22	0	0	22	0	0
2017	37	29	7	0	8	1	1
2018	42	34	8	0	12	0	3
2019	61	50	9	0	20	2	3
2020	27	22	3	0	6	2	5
Total	**10,657**	**8,227**	**326**	**5**	**1,174**	**33**	**40**

Dashed lines = Individual breakouts not established; A=Total Number of Geological, Geophysical, and Strategic Minerals Permits; B=Number of Geophysical Permits; C=Number of Geological Permits; D=Number of Geological Permits Issued for Deep Stratigraphic Tests; E=Number of Geophysical Permits Issued for 3-D Seismic Data; F=Number of Permits Issued for Strategic (Nonenergy) Minerals; G=Number of Permits Issued for 4-D Seismic Data. *Figures may vary by 1-2%.*

Table A-9. Summary of Expenditures by BOEM for G&G Data by FY for the Gulf of Mexico (in nominal dollars)

Year	2-D	HRD	Interpretations	Grav/Mag	3-D	DST
1968-1975	5,255,068	2,795,562	722,442	129,500	0	0
1976	1,489,665	514,141	134,084	385,234	0	0
1977	579,583	3,072,088	0	0	0	0
1978	330,183	1,438,856	0	0	0	0
1979	492,299	949,697	0	0	0	0
1980	388,329	3,926,990	0	0	0	0
1981	939,506	31,805	0	0	0	0
1982	2,936,727	0	0	0	0	0
1983	3,678,684	0	0	0	0	0
1984	3,999,326	0	0	0	0	0
1985	2,768,574	0	0	0	0	0
1986	1,600,031	0	0	0	0	0
1987	1,824,927	0	0	0	0	0
1988	1,075,515	0	0	0	0	0
1989	885,748	0	0	0	0	0
1990	704,670	0	0	0	0	0
1991	289,266	0	0	0	0	0
1992	376,893	0	0	0	0	0
1993	200,407	0	0	0	537,908	0
1994	26,946	0	0	0	647,592	0
1995	21,535	0	0	0	592,223	0
1996	1,151,587	0	0	0	526,471	0
1997	44,103	0	0	0	1,150,050	0
1998	96,771	0	0	12,000	1,289,773	0
1999	42,227	0	0	3,000	1,154,577	0
2000	83,359	0	0	10,070	1,816,038	0
2001	457,463	0	0	0	729,196	0
2002	3,185	0	0	0	341,756	0
2003	24,902	0	0	0	288,443	0
2004	185,470	0	0	0	283,346	0
2005	10,445	0	0	0	216,934	0
2006	29,071	0	0	0	281,331	0
2007	10,126	0	0	0	429,173	0
2008	965	0	0	9,679	628,018	0
2009	217,613	0	0	0	507,389	0
2010	16,170	0	0	0	341,090	0
2011	15,307	0	0	0	155,123	0
2012	2,672	0	0	0	134,734	0
2013	7,146	0	0	0	256,756	0
2014	300	0	0	0	172,454	0
2015	5,935	0	0	0	430,741	0
2016	5,922	0	0	0	56,485	0
2017	3,292	6,092	0	0	60,108	0
2018	0	4,695	240,054	0	29,188	0
2019	0	476	0	343,188	49,421	0
2020	0	0	0	0	60,910	0
Total	**$32,277,913**	**$12,740,402**	**$1,096,580**	**$892,671**	**$13,167,228**	**$0**

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Figures may vary by 1-2%.

Table A-10. Summary of G&G Data Inventory for the Pacific (by FY)

Year	2-D	HRD	Interpretations	Grav/Mag	3-D*	DST
1968-1975	14,092	9,971	15,552	87,637	0	1
1976	14,452	2,429	2,288	1,851	0	0
1977	5,339	5,979	24,525	3,950	0	0
1978	4,433	1,155	0	0	0	1
1979	4,393	6,578	0	0	0	0
1980	3,948	4,470	0	0	0	0
1981	8,070	0	0	3,662	0	0
1982	15,563	0	0	13,050	0	0
1983	12,473	0	0	0	0	0
1984	8,678	0	0	0	0	0
1985	8,181	0	0	0	0	0
1986	2,644	0	0	0	0	0
1987	18,719	0	0	0	0	0
1988	6,865	0	0	0	0	0
1989	4,507	0	0	0	0	0
1990	0	0	0	0	0	0
1991	0	0	0	0	0	0
1992	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	0	0	0	0	0	0
1994	300	0	0	0	0	0
1995	0	0	0	0	0	0
1996	184	0	0	0	12	0
1997	0	0	0	0	21	0
1998	0	0	0	0	8	0
1999	0	0	0	0	0	0
2000	0	0	0	0	11	0
2001	0	0	0	0	0	0
2002	0	0	0	0	0	0
2003	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005	0	0	0	0	0	0
2006	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007	0	0	0	0	0	0
2008	0	0	0	0	0	0
2009	0	0	0	0	0	0
2010	0	0	0	0	0	0
2011	0	0	0	0	0	0
2012	0	0	0	0	0	0
2013	0	0	0	0	0	0
2014	0	0	0	0	0	0
2015	0	0	0	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0	0	0	0
2018	0	0	0	0	0	0
2019	0	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	**132,841**	**30,582**	**42,365**	**110,150**	**52**	**2**

* Purchases for 3-D seismic data are measured in OCS blocks; all other purchases in this table are measured in line miles. The DST dates are assigned based upon completion dates and are measured in wells completed.

Table A-11. Number of Permits Issued for G&G Exploration in the Pacific

Year	A	B	C	D	E	F
1960-1968	162	---	---	---	---	---
1969	13	10	3	0	0	0
1970	3	2	1	0	0	0
1971	0	0	0	0	0	0
1972	1	1	0	0	0	0
1973	30	21	9	0	0	0
1974	24	24	0	0	0	0
1975	46	42	4	1	0	0
1976	24	22	2	0	0	0
1977	31	26	5	0	0	0
1978	38	30	8	1	0	0
1979	24	22	2	0	0	0
1980	31	26	5	0	0	0
1981	40	38	2	0	0	0
1982	62	59	3	0	0	0
1983	45	36	9	0	0	0
1984	56	42	14	0	0	0
1985	33	30	3	0	0	0
1986	20	19	1	0	0	0
1987	20	16	4	0	0	0
1988	33	25	8	0	0	0
1989	0	0	0	0	0	0
1990	4	3	1	0	0	0
1991	0	0	0	0	0	0
1992	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	0	0	0	0	0	0
1994	0	0	0	0	0	0
1995	0	0	0	0	0	0
1996	0	0	0	0	0	0
1997	0	0	0	0	0	0
1998	0	0	0	0	0	0
1999	0	0	0	0	0	0
2000	0	0	0	0	0	0
2001	0	0	0	0	0	0
2002	0	0	0	0	0	0
2003	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005	0	0	0	0	0	0
2006	1	1	0	0	0	0
2007	0	0	0	0	0	0
2008	0	0	0	0	0	0
2009	0	0	0	0	0	0
2010	0	0	0	0	0	0
2011	0	0	0	0	0	0
2012	0	0	0	0	0	0
2013	0	0	0	0	0	0
2014	0	0	0	0	0	0
2015	0	0	0	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0	0	0	0
2018	0	0	0	0	0	0
2019	0	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	**741**	**495**	**84**	**2**	**0**	**0**

Dashed lines = Individual breakouts not established

A=Total Number of Geological, Geophysical, and Strategic Minerals Permits

B=Number of Geophysical Permits C=Number of Geological Permits

D=Number of Geological Permits Issued for Deep Stratigraphic Tests E=Number of Geophysical Permits Issued for 3-D Seismic Data

F=Number of Permits Issued for Strategic (Nonenergy) Minerals

Table A-12. Summary of Expenditures by BOEM for G&G Data by FY for the Pacific (in nominal dollars)

Year	2-D	HRD	Interpretations	Grav/Mag	3-D	DST
1968-1975	697,733	175,000	49,617	415,913	0	NA
1976	486,139	57,660	20,596	17,275	0	0
1977	188,930	752,400	1,962	11,796	0	0
1978	137,754	23,685	0	0	0	NA
1979	346,612	1,588,695	0	0	0	0
1980	249,048	1,098,954	0	0	0	0
1981	689,372	0	0	20,029	0	0
1982	1,918,891	0	0	69,350	0	0
1983	1,309,608	0	0	0	0	0
1984	1,262,030	0	0	0	0	0
1985	848,777	0	0	0	0	0
1986	356,700	0	0	0	0	0
1987	921,422	0	0	0	0	0
1988	93,748	0	0	0	0	0
1989	44,273	0	0	0	0	0
1990	0	0	0	0	0	0
1991	0	0	0	0	0	0
1992	0	0	0	0	0	0
1993	0	0	0	0	0	0
1994	443	0	0	0	0	0
1995	0	0	0	0	0	0
1996	1,714	0	0	0	10,452	0
1997	0	0	0	0	13,479	0
1998	0	0	0	0	3,344	0
1999	0	0	0	0	0	0
2000	0	0	0	0	650	0
2001	0	0	0	0	0	0
2002	0	0	0	0	0	0
2003	0	0	0	0	0	0
2004	0	0	0	0	0	0
2005	0	0	0	0	0	0
2006	0	0	0	0	0	0
2007	0	0	0	0	0	0
2008	0	0	0	0	0	0
2009	0	0	0	0	0	0
2010	0	0	0	0	0	0
2011	0	0	0	0	0	0
2012	0	0	0	0	0	0
2013	0	0	0	0	0	0
2014	0	0	0	0	0	0
2015	0	0	0	0	0	0
2016	0	0	0	0	0	0
2017	0	0	0	0	0	0
2018	0	0	0	0	0	0
2019	0	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	**$9,553,194**	**$3,696,394**	**$72,175**	**$534,363**	**$27,925**	**$0**

The Department of the Interior Mission

As the Nation's principal conservation agency, the Department of the Interior has responsibility for most of our nationally owned public lands and natural resources. This includes fostering sound use of our land and water resources; protecting our fish, wildlife, and biological diversity; preserving the environmental and cultural values of our national parks and historical places; and providing for the enjoyment of life through outdoor recreation. The Department assesses our energy and mineral resources and works to ensure that their development is in the best interests of all our people by encouraging stewardship and citizen participation in their care. The Department also has a major responsibility for American Indian reservation communities and for people who live in island territories under U.S. administration.