

SCENARIO 4 INTERVISIBILITY ASSESSMENT FROM KEY OBSERVATION POINT

Development	Minimum Distance from KOP to Turbines (mi)	Maximum Blade Height of Nearest Turbine (Feet)	Visibility Status This Scenario	
Maryland Offshore Wind Project, OCS-A 0490	10.8	938	N/A	
Skipjack, OCS-A 0519	21.4	853	Visible	
Garden State Offshore Wind, OCS-A 0482	21.8	853	Visible	
Ocean Wind 2, OCS-A 0532	48.5	906	Developed But Beyond Visible Distance	
Ocean Wind 1, OCS-A 0498	60	906	Developed But Beyond Visible Distance	
Atlantic Shores South, OCS-A 0499	72.7	1049	Developed But Beyond Visible Distance	
Atlantic Shores North, OCS-A 0549	85.2	1049	Developed But Beyond Visible Distance	
Coastal Virginia Offshore Wind (C-Lease), OCS-A 0483	97.6	869	Developed But Beyond Visible Distance	
Coastal Virginia Offshore Wind (Research Lease), OCS-A 0497	106.6	607	Developed But Beyond Visible Distance	
Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind Bight (NY Bight), OCS-A 0541	94.2	853	Developed But Beyond Visible Distance	
Invenergy Wind Offshore (NY Bight), OCS-A 0542	95.1	853	Developed But Beyond Visible Distance	

Information on the neighboring offshore development projects is based on the most current information available.



¹ "The Best Paper Format and Viewing Distance to Represent the Scope and Scale of Visual Impacts", Journal of Landscape Architecture, 4-2019, pp. 142-151, J. Palmer ² Sheppard, S. 1989. Visual Simulation: A User's Guide for Architects, Engineers, and Planners. New York: Van Nostrand

The Maryland Offshore Wind Project will either use two large OSSs only at interior locations within the array or four small OSSs throughout the array. For the purpose of the simulations, the largest OSS that may be used at a particular location has been simulated.

Rheinhold.

SITE INFORMATION

Site Name: 84th Street Beach
Location: Ocean City, MD
Date: 7/26/2021
Time: 6:22 AM
Coordinates (Lat/Lon WGS84): 38.402, -75.059

Landscape Zone: Barren Land (Rock/Sand/Clay) - Beach

CUMULATIVE VISUAL EFFECTS SCENARIOS (CURRENT IS BOLD)

Scenario 1, Pre-Buildout of Maryland Offshore Wind Project

Scenario 2, Maryland Offshore Wind Project and Projects Already or Considered Constructed

Scenario 3, Project Construction by 2030

Scenario 4, Project Construction by 2030 Without Maryland Offshore Wind Project Scenario 5, Maryland Wind Without Other Foreseeable Future Changes

SCENARIO DESCRIPTION AND ASSUMPTIONS

Scenario 4 is similar to Scenario 3 in that it depicts all projects scheduled for construction through 2030, which includes Coastal Virginia Offshore Wind (Research Lease) OCS-A 0497, Coastal Virginia Offshore Wind (C-Lease) OCS-A 0483, Ocean Wind 1 OCS-A 0498, Atlantic Shores South OCS-A 0499, Atlantic Shores North OCS-A 0549, Ocean Wind 2 OCS-A 0532, Garden State Offshore Wind OCS-A 0482, Skipjack OCS-A 0519, Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind Bight (NY Bight) OCS-A 0541, and Invenergy Wind Offshore (NY Bight) OCS-A 0542, but with the exception of the Maryland Offshore Wind Project OCS-A 0490 which is excluded. Based on the intervisibility assessment, the simulations produced for this scenario show all projects, except for the Maryland Offshore Wind Project, that are visible from KOP 22, 84th Street Beach.

All simulated WTGs use monopile foundation structures, and all are oriented in the same direction with the centermost WTG facing directly towards the camera. The simulated WTGs use RAL 9010 Pure White paint color and the same lighting scheme that was outlined in US Wind's Visual Impact Assessment. As a point of reference, a 1049' tall structure drops completely below the horizon at a distance of 47.5 statute miles from a 5.1' tall viewer at this KOP. This set of figures does not include a simulation showing supplemental viewing conditions because the Maryland Offshore Wind Project is not included in this scenario.

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Sheet 6 – Single Frame (50-mm Lens) Simulation, Left View and Project Extents

Sheet 7 - Single Frame (50-mm Lens) Simulation, Right View and Project Extents

To approximate the field of view represented by a 16.5'' panorama it should be printed on an $11'' \times 17''$ sheet of paper and viewed from 8 inches away¹. For the most realistic experience when viewing in a digital format, position your computer screen 20'' away and adjust the PDF viewing software's zoom so that the calibration bar matches what's instructed on the simulation sheet.

In all cases care must be taken to not over or underrepresent the visual contrasts². Typical binocular human field of view is assumed to be 124-degrees horizontal and 55-degrees vertical.

KOP 22 84TH STREET BEACH, MARYLAND

Maryland Offshore Wind Project Cumulative Visual Effects Assessment Simulations Scenario 4, Project Construction by 2030 Without Maryland Offshore Wind Project

SHEET 1 - SIMULATION CONTEXT AND INTERVISIBILITY ASSESSMENT



Farther from Maryland Offshore Wind Project

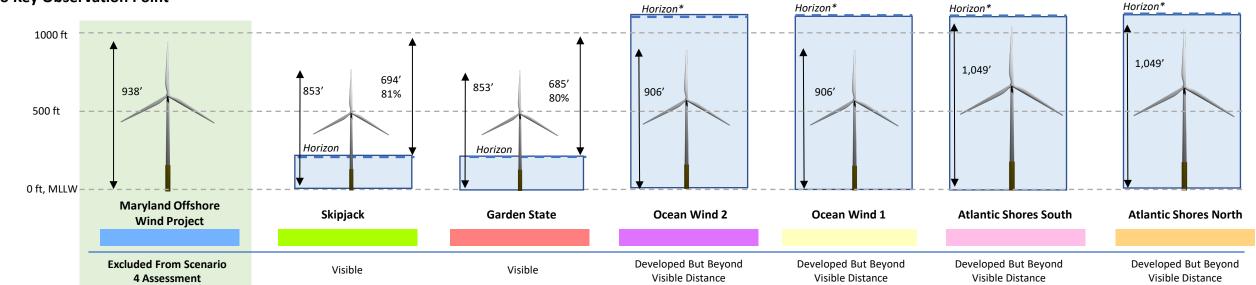
Horizon*

Closer to Maryland Offshore Wind Project

Scenario 4 Visibility of Nearest Turbine to Key Observation Point

Based on findings from the Intervisibility Assessment the following developments are excluded from this visibility matrix due to their distance from the key observation point:

- Coastal Virginia Offshore Wind (C-Lease) OCS-A 0483
- Coastal Virginia Offshore Wind (Research Lease) OCS-A 0497
- Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind Bight (NY Bight) OCS-A 0541
- Invenergy Wind Offshore (NY) Bight) OCS-A 0542



	4 Assessment	Visible	Visible	Visible Distance	Visible Distance	Visible Distance	Visible Distance
# Turbines	N/A	33	80	111	108	201	147
# Turbines Visible	N/A	33	80	0	0	0	0
# Nacelle FAA Lights Visible	N/A	33	80	0	0	0	0
# Mid-Tower FAA Lights Visible	N/A	16	37	0	0	0	0
# Substations	N/A	0	0	0	3	4	0
# Substations Visible	N/A	0	0	0	0	0	0
Minimum Distance from KOP to Turbines (mi)	N/A	21.4	21.8	48.5	60.0	72.7	85.2
Maximum Distance from KOP to Turbines (mi)	N/A	29.8	32.9	72.7	72.6	87.1	106.3
Nearest Turbine – Vertical Extent of Turbine Visible (ft)	N/A	694	685	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Farthest Turbine – Vertical Extent of Turbine Visible (ft)	N/A	493	398	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Nearest Turbine – Vertical Extent of Turbine Visible (%)	N/A	81%	80%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Farthest Turbine – Vertical Extent of Turbine Visible (%)	N/A	58%	47%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mid-Tower FAA Light Height (ft)	N/A	253	253	263	263	304	304
Hub Height (ft)	N/A	492	492	512	512	590	590
Nacelle Top FAA Light Height (ft)	N/A	506	506	525	525	608	608
Blade Tip Height (ft)	N/A	853	853	906	906	1049	1049
Rotor Diameter (ft)	N/A	722	722	788	788	918.6	918.6

^{*}All turbines for this development are below the horizon.

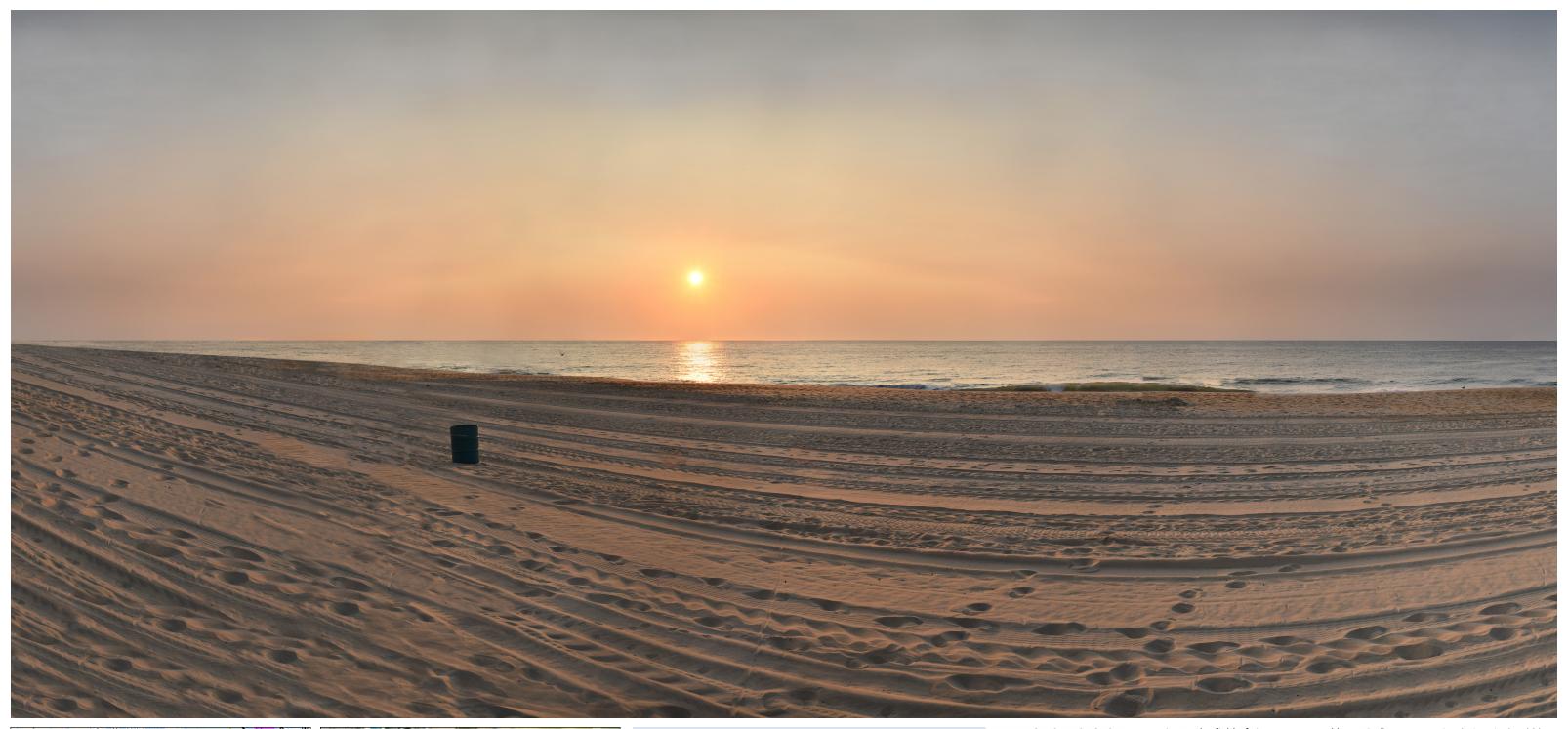
Information on the neighboring offshore development projects is based on the most current information available. Shaded green defines projects excluded from current scenario.

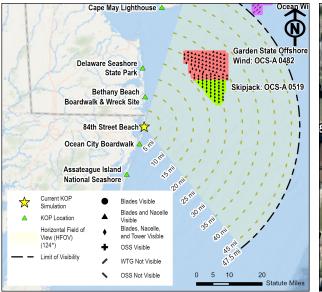
KOP 22 84TH STREET BEACH, MARYLAND

Maryland Offshore Wind Project Cumulative Visual Effects Assessment Simulations Scenario 4, Project Construction by 2030 Without Maryland Offshore Wind Project

SHEET 2 - PROJECT DEVELOPMENT AND VISIBILITY SUMMARY









ENVIRONMENT

Weather Conditions: Slight Haze Temperature: 66° F Humidity: 79% **Lighting Conditions:** Lit from SE Visibility: 10 Miles

VIEW AND CAMERA DETAILS Ground Elevation (ft msl): 9.1 5.1 Camera/Viewing Elevation (ft msl): Camera Used for Simulation Photography: Nikon D850 Camera Lens Brand, Type, Focal Length: Nikon Fixed 50 mm Photo Resolution: 1200 DPI Horizontal Field of View (Panoramas): 124° Horizontal Field of View (Single Frame 50 mm Lens): 39.6°

0.143

VIEWING INSTRUCTIONS: To approximate the field of view represented by a 16.5" panorama simulation, it should be printed on an 11" x 17" sheet of paper and viewed from 8 inches away1. For the most realistic experience when viewing in a digital format, position your computer screen 20" away and adjust the PDF viewing software's zoom so that the calibration bar is 1 inch long:

1" Measured On Screen – View from 20" Away

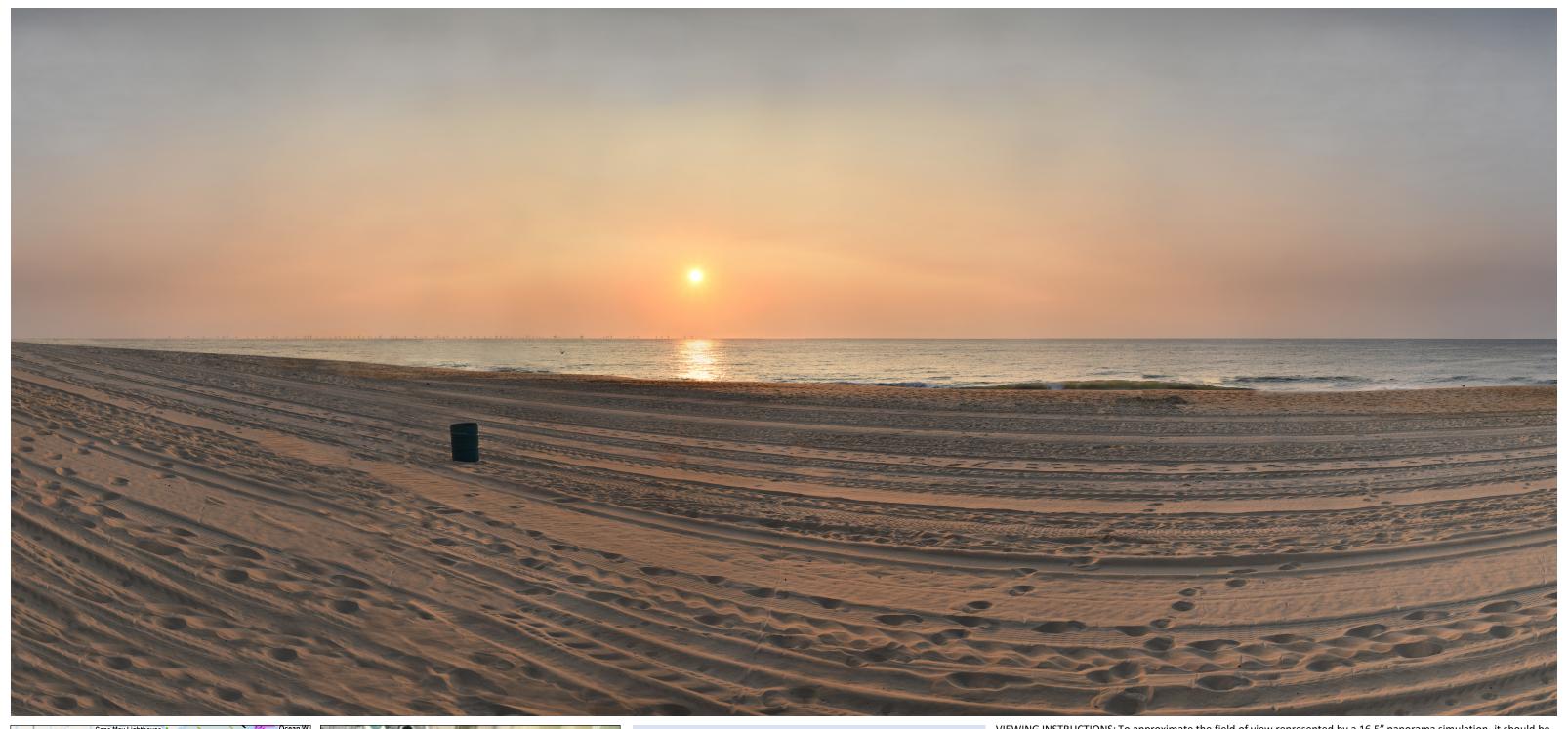
In all cases care must be taken to not over or underrepresent the visual contrasts². Typical binocular human field of view is assumed to be 124-degrees horizontal and 55-degrees vertical. See Sheet 1 for citations.

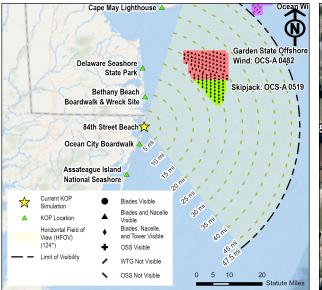
KOP 22 84TH STREET BEACH, MARYLAND

Maryland Offshore Wind Project Cumulative Visual Effects Assessment Simulations Scenario 4, Project Construction by 2030 Without Maryland Offshore Wind Project

SHEET 3 - EXISTING CONDITIONS PANORAMA VIEW (124°)









ENVIRONMENT

Weather Conditions: Slight Haze Temperature: 66° F Humidity: 79% **Lighting Conditions:** Lit from SE 10 Miles

Atmospheric Refraction Coefficient (k):

Visibility: **VIEW AND CAMERA DETAILS** Ground Elevation (ft msl): 9.1 5.1 Camera/Viewing Elevation (ft msl): Camera Used for Simulation Photography: Nikon D850 Camera Lens Brand, Type, Focal Length: Nikon Fixed 50 mm Photo Resolution: 1200 DPI Horizontal Field of View (Panoramas): 124° Horizontal Field of View (Single Frame 50

39.6°

0.143

VIEWING INSTRUCTIONS: To approximate the field of view represented by a 16.5" panorama simulation, it should be printed on an 11" x 17" sheet of paper and viewed from 8 inches away1. For the most realistic experience when viewing in a digital format, position your computer screen 20" away and adjust the PDF viewing software's zoom so that the calibration bar is 1 inch long:

1" Measured On Screen – View from 20" Away

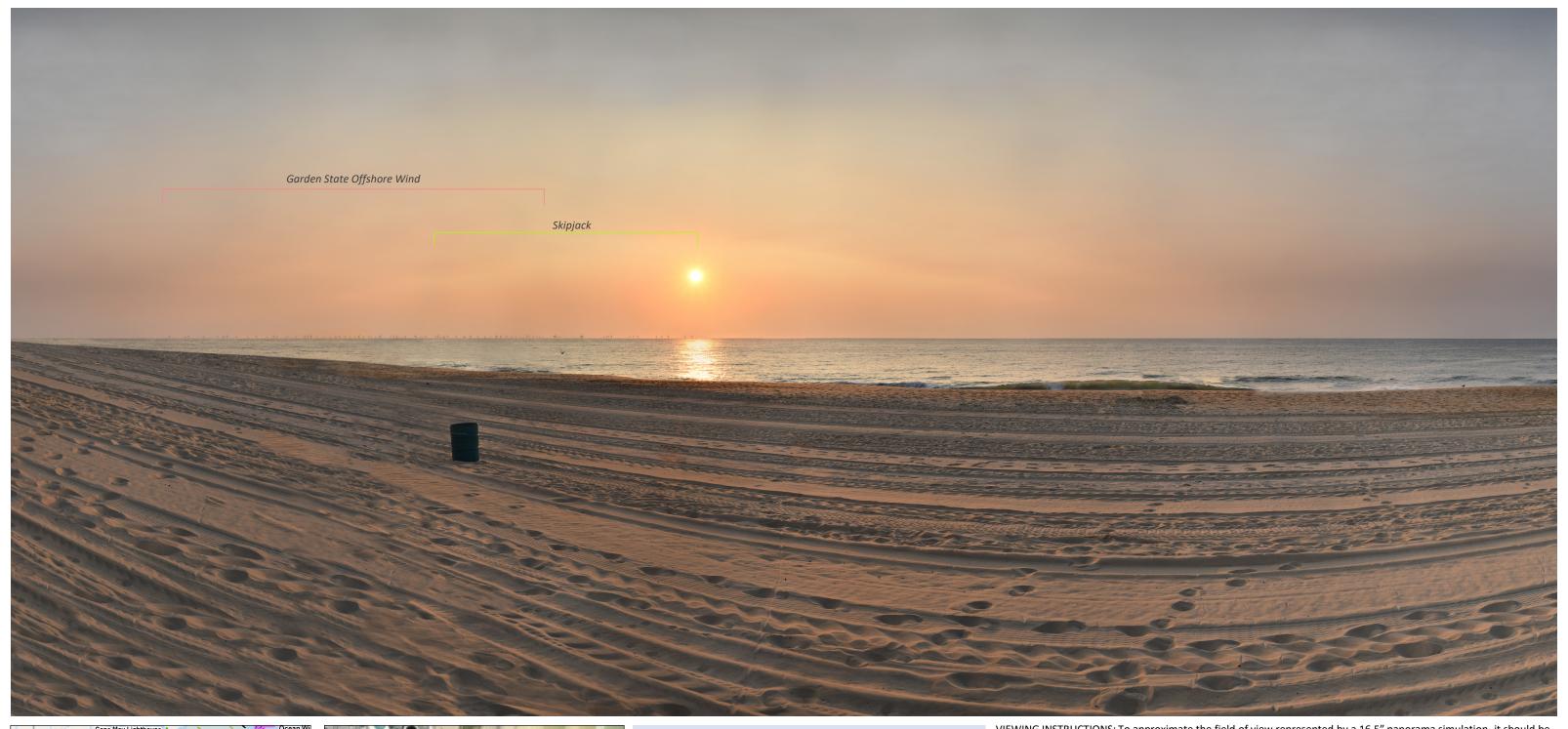
In all cases care must be taken to not over or underrepresent the visual contrasts². Typical binocular human field of view is assumed to be 124-degrees horizontal and 55-degrees vertical. See Sheet 1 for citations.

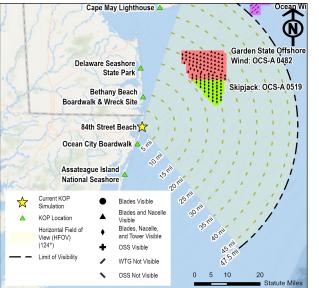
KOP 22 84TH STREET BEACH, MARYLAND

Maryland Offshore Wind Project Cumulative Visual Effects Assessment Simulations Scenario 4, Project Construction by 2030 Without Maryland Offshore Wind Project

SHEET 4 - PANORAMA VIEW (124°) WITH SIMULATIONS WITHOUT **PROJECT EXTENTS**









ENVIRONMENT

Weather Conditions: Slight Haze Temperature: 66° F Humidity: 79% **Lighting Conditions:** Lit from SE 10 Miles

Atmospheric Refraction Coefficient (k):

Visibility: **VIEW AND CAMERA DETAILS** Ground Elevation (ft msl): 9.1 5.1 Camera/Viewing Elevation (ft msl): Camera Used for Simulation Photography: Nikon D850 Camera Lens Brand, Type, Focal Length: Nikon Fixed 50 mm Photo Resolution: 1200 DPI Horizontal Field of View (Panoramas): 124° Horizontal Field of View (Single Frame 50 mm Lens): 39.6°

0.143

VIEWING INSTRUCTIONS: To approximate the field of view represented by a 16.5" panorama simulation, it should be printed on an 11" x 17" sheet of paper and viewed from 8 inches away1. For the most realistic experience when viewing in a digital format, position your computer screen 20" away and adjust the PDF viewing software's zoom so that the calibration bar is 1 inch long:

1" Measured On Screen – View from 20" Away

In all cases care must be taken to not over or underrepresent the visual contrasts². Typical binocular human field of view is assumed to be 124-degrees horizontal and 55-degrees vertical. See Sheet 1 for citations.

KOP 22 84TH STREET BEACH, MARYLAND

Maryland Offshore Wind Project Cumulative Visual Effects Assessment Simulations Scenario 4, Project Construction by 2030 Without Maryland Offshore Wind Project

SHEET 5 - PANORAMA VIEW (124°) WITH SIMULATIONS AND **PROJECT EXTENTS**



Garden State Offshore Wind Skipjack Graphic shows which specific portion of the human field of view (124°) is visible in this single frame (40°) photo. VIEWING INSTRUCTIONS: To approximate the field of view represented by a 15.7" single frame simulation captured with a 50-mm lens it should be printed on an 11" x 17" sheet of paper and viewed from 22 inches away¹. For the most **KOP 22 84th STREET BEACH, MARYLAND** realistic experience when viewing in a digital format, position your computer screen 20" away and adjust the PDF Maryland Offshore Wind Project Cumulative Visual Effects Assessment Simulations Scenario 4, Project Construction by 2030 Without Maryland Offshore Wind Project viewing software's zoom so that the calibration bar is 1 inch long: 1" Measured On Screen – View from 20" Away SHEET 6 - SINGLE FRAME (50-mm LENS) SIMULATION, LEFT VIEW AND PROJECT EXTENTS In all cases care must be taken to not over or underrepresent the visual contrasts². Typical binocular human field of view is assumed to be 124-degrees horizontal and 55-degrees vertical. See Sheet 1 for citations.

