

# **Appendix II-E1**

## Habitat Suitability Assessment Report - Cardiff

#### Note:

On March 26, 2021, Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind, LLC (Atlantic Shores) submitted a Construction and Operations Plan (COP) to BOEM for the southern portion of Lease OCS-A 0499. On June 30, 2021, the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities (NJ BPU) awarded Atlantic Shores an Offshore Renewable Energy Credit (OREC) allowance to deliver 1,509.6 megawatts (MW) of offshore renewable wind energy into the State of New Jersey. In response to this award, Atlantic Shores updated Volume 1 of the COP to divide the southern portion of Lease OCS-A 0499 into two separate and electrically distinct Projects. Project 1 will deliver renewable energy under this OREC allowance and Project 2 will be developed to support future New Jersey solicitations and power purchase agreements.

As a result of the June 30, 2021 NJ BPU OREC award, Atlantic Shores updated Volume I (Project Information) of the COP in August 2021 to reflect the two Projects. COP Volume II (Affected Environment) and applicable Appendices do not currently include this update and will be updated to reflect Projects 1 and 2 as part Atlantic Shores' December 2021 COP revision.

# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Study Area

City of Atlantic City, City of Pleasantville and Egg Harbor Township

Atlantic County, New Jersey

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#### ACRONYM LIST

Atlantic City Electric	ACE
Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind, LLC	Atlantic Shores
Division of Fish & Wildlife	DFW
Endangered Species Act	ESA
Environmental Design & Research, Landscape Architecture, Engineering &	EDR
Environmental Services, D.P.C.	
Information for Planning and Consultation	IPaC
National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration	NOAA
New Jersey Endangered and Nongame Species Conservation Act of 1973	N.J.S.A. 23:2A et seq.
New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection	NJDEP
New Jersey Department of Transportation	NJDOT
Point of Interconnection	POI
Right-of-Way	ROW
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	USFWS

#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Environmental Design & Research, Landscape Architecture, Engineering & Environmental Services, D.P.C. (EDR), was contracted by Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind, LLC (Atlantic Shores) to conduct a wildlife habitat suitability assessment (including habitat for federal and state threatened & endangered species) for the approximately 12-mile long and assumed 150-foot wide proposed Cardiff onshore interconnection cable route from the Atlantic Landfall of the submarine electric export cable at Sovereign Avenue in Atlantic City to the Point of Interconnection (POI) at the Cardiff Substation located in Egg Harbor Township, and the preferred and alternative location of the onshore substations, herein referred to as the Cardiff Study Area (Exhibit 1 and Figure 1). General land use within the Cardiff Study Area consists of transportation (New Jersey Department of Transportation [NJDOT], Atlantic County, and municipal roadways), public utilities such as Atlantic City Electric (ACE) power line right-of-ways (ROWs), railroads, commercial services, and industrial/residential development.



#### Exhibit 1: Cardiff Study Area Location (not drawn to scale)

#### 1.1 Regulatory Framework

The Endangered Species Act (ESA) was passed in 1973, with the purpose of protecting and recovering imperiled species and the ecosystems upon which they depend. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric (NOAA) Fisheries administer the ESA. The USFWS has primary responsibility over terrestrial and freshwater organisms and the NOAA Fisheries oversees marine wildlife such as whales and anadromous fishes. The ESA allows a species to be listed as endangered or threatened and includes subspecies, varieties, and/or distinct population segments. An "endangered" species is in danger of extinction throughout a significant portion or all of its range. A "threatened" species is marked as likely to become endangered in the foreseeable future (USFWS a 2020).

The Migratory Bird Treaty Act was passed in 1918 and prohibits the take, including killing, capturing, selling, trading, and transporting of protected migratory bird species without prior authorization by the USFWS. A migratory bird species is included on the list if it meets one or more of the following criteria (USFWS e 2020):

- 1. It occurs in the United States or U.S. territories as the result of natural biological or ecological processes and is currently, or was previously listed as, a species or part of a family, protected by one of the four international treaties or their amendments.
- Revised taxonomy results in it being newly split from a species that was previously on the list, and the new species occurs in the United States or U.S. territories as the result of natural biological or ecological processes.
- 3. New evidence exists for its natural occurrence in the United States or U.S. territories resulting from natural distributional changes and the species occurs in a protected family.

New Jersey's assumption of the Clean Water Act's regulatory authority allows the USFWS to play a more formal role in the review of permit applications requested under the New Jersey Wetlands Protection Act (NJ 2019). The USFWS is authorized through the federal ESA to regulate activities that may result in the "take" of federal listed threatened or endangered species. Together, the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) Division of Fish & Wildlife (DFW) and USFWS develop guidance on how to minimize or mitigate impacts when a project is regulated under the Waterfront Development Act, the Coastal Area Facility Review Act, or the Flood Hazard Protection Act and have the potential to adversely affect any federally listed species (NJ 2019). In addition, the New Jersey Endangered and Nongame Species Conservation Act of 1973 (N.J.S.A. 23:2A et. seq.) details a list of wildlife species determined by the State as threatened and endangered protecting designated species from impacts such as harassing, hunting, capturing, killing, or attempting to kill.

#### 1.2 Purpose

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of the type of habitat observed within the Cardiff Study Area and provide an assessment of the suitability of the habitat to support wildlife species, particularly threatened & endangered species.

#### 2.0 AGENCY CONSULTATION AND PUBLIC RECORDS REVIEW

EDR consulted the USFWS Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) online system to determine the documented presence of threatened & endangered species protected by Section 7 of the ESA under their jurisdiction. EDR also used NJDEP's Pinelands and Atlantic Coastal Landscape Project data to determine the documented occurrence of state (and federal) listed species and their approximate locations. In addition, EDR requested information regarding state threatened and endangered species and habitats through the NJDEP Natural Heritage Program (NHP) to confirm the results of the Landscape Project review. The results of the IPaC, NJDEP Landscape Project review, and NHP database searches are provided in Appendix B and are summarized in Subsections 2.1,and 2.2 respectively. Typical habitat descriptions mapped within the Cardiff Study Area are provide in Subsection 2.3.

#### 2.1 USFWS Information for Planning and Consultation

USFWS IPaC identified 8 species within the Cardiff Study Area that ranged from "Proposed Threatened" to "Threatened Status". The species identified included: one mammal - the northern-long eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*); three birds - Eastern Black Rail (*Laterallus jamaicensis ssp. jamaicensis*), Piping Plover (*Charadrius melodus*), and the Red Knot (*Calidris canutus rufa*); and four plants - Knieskern's Beaked-rush (*Rhynchospora knieskernii*), Seabeach Amaranth (*Amaranthus pumilus*), Sensitive Joint-vetch (*Aeschynomene virginica*), and Swamp Pink (*Helonias bullata*). No critical habitat for the above species was designated within the Cardiff Study Area. Typical habitat for each species is summarized in Table 1.

Species	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>	Typical Habitat	Mapped Habitat in Cardiff Study Area
Myotis septentrionalis	Northern Long- eared Bat	Т	Summer Habitat: roost underneath bark, in cavities or in crevices of both live and dead trees. May also roost in caves and mines. Winter: hibernate in caves and mines with large passages, large entrances, constant temperature and high humidity. Feeding: understory of forested hillsides and ridges (USFWS b 2020).	No
Laterallus jamaicensis ssp. jamaicensis	Eastern Black Rail	РТ	<b>Breeding Habitat</b> : tidal or non-tidal marsh that can range in salinity from salt to brackish to fresh water. Typically found in salt and brackish marshes with dense vegetation. Can also be found in upland areas directly adjacent to marshes.	No

#### Table 1. Results of IPaC Review – Endangered Species Act Species

Species	Species Common Name		Typical Habitat	Mapped Habitat in Cardiff Study Area
			Migratory Habitat: wet prairies, wet meadows, and hay fields (USFWS 2020).	
Charadrius melodus	Piping Plover	т	Breeding and Nesting Habitat: beaches; nest sites are simple depressions or scrapes in the sand about 6 to 8 cm in diameter. Arrive from March-May and migrate as late as mid-August to southern wintering habitat (NatureServe b 2020).	No
Calidris canutus rufa	alidris canutus       Red Knot       T       Migratory Habitat: stopover areas, generally along the coast, that have an abundance of food; such as small crabs, mussels, snails, crustaceans, marine		No	
Rhynchospora knieskernii	Knieskern's Beaked-rush	т	Habitat: endemic to 5 counties in the NJ Pine Barrens. Restricted to early successional habitats in pitch pine lowland forests within pine barrens. Prefers a substrate that is nutrient poor, highly acidic, fine grained mineral soils and can frequently be found over clay deposits and sometimes found on bog iron deposits. Prefers areas with a fluctuating water level, bare or sparsely vegetated areas that remain open due to disturbances either natural or human-caused (NatureServe m 2020).	No
Amaranthus pumilus	Seabeach Amaranth	Т	Habitat: occurs on barrier islands, usually on coastal over-wash flats at the accreting ends of the islands and lower foredunes and on ocean beaches above mean high tide. Prefers areas that are not well vegetated (NatureServe 2020).	No
Aeschynomene virginica			No	

Species	Common Name	Status <sup>1</sup>	Typical Habitat	Mapped Habitat in Cardiff Study Area
Helonias bullata	Swamp Pink	Т	Habitat: swampy forested wetlands bordering meandering streams; headwater wetlands; sphagnous hummocky, dense, Atlantic white cedar swamps; blue ridge swamps; meadows; bogs and spring seepage areas. In conjunction with these areas the species also requires a permanently saturated, but not inundated, by floodwaters. There must be a water table near the surface that fluctuates slightly during spring and summer months. Prefers areas with 20-100% canopy cover (USFWS d, 2020).	No

<sup>1</sup>: Federal Conservation Status: T = Threatened, PT = Proposed Threatened

The IPaC review also includes a list of migratory bird species that are protected under one or more of the following:

- 1. The Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918
- 2. The Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act of 1940
- 3. 50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C Sec 668(a)

Activities that will impact migratory birds, eagles or their critical habitats should follow the applicable regulations and consider applying conservation measures according to the USFWS guidance. Table 2 summarizes migratory bird and eagle species that have mapped habitat within the Cardiff Study Area.

Species Common Name		Status	Breeding Season
Haematopus palliatus	American Oystercatcher	Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC)	Apr 15 to Aug 31
Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Bald Eagle	Not a BCC	Oct 15 to Aug 31
Melanitta nigra	Black Scoter	Not a BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Rynchops niger	Black Skimmer	BCC	May 20 to Sep 15
Coccyzus erythropthalmus	Black-billed Cuckoo	BCC	May 15 to Oct 10
Dolichonyx oryzivorus	Bobolink	BCC	May 20 to Jul 31
Chroicocephalus philadelphia	Bonaparte's Gull	Not a BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Pelecanus occidentalis Brown Pelican		Not a BCC	Jan 15 to Sep 30
Calidris subruficollis	Buff-breasted Sandpiper	BCC	Breeds elsewhere

Table 2. Results of IPaC Review – Migratory Bird Species

Species	Common Name	Status	Breeding Season
Cardellina canadensis	Canada Warbler	BCC	May 20 to Aug 10
Rallus crepitans	Clapper Rail	BCC	Apr 10 to Oct 31
Somateria mollissima	Common Eider	Not a BCC	Jun 1 to Sep 30
Gavia immer	Common Loon	Not a BCC	Apr 15 to Oct 31
Sterna hirundo	Common Tern	Not a BCC	May 10 to Sep 10
Phalacrocorax auritus	Double-crested Cormorant	Not a BCC	Apr 20 to Aug 31
Calidris alpina arcticola	Dunlin	BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Antrostomus vociferus	Eastern Whip-poor-will	BCC	May 1 to Aug 20
Aquila chrysaetos	Golden Eagle	Not a BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Vermivora chrysoptera	Golden-winged Warbler	BCC	May 1 to Jul 20
Larus marinus	Great Black-backed Gull	Not a BCC	Apr 15 to Aug 20
Gelochelidon nilotica	Gull-billed Tern	BCC	May 1 to Jul 31
Larus argentatus	Herring Gull	Not a BCC	Apr 20 to Aug 31
Limosa haemastica	Hudsonian Godwit	BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Oporornis formosus	Kentucky Warbler	BCC	Apr 20 to Aug 20
Rallus elegans	King Rail	BCC	May 1 to Sep 5
Sterna antillarum	Least Tern	BCC	Apr 20 to Sep 10
Tringa flavipes	Lesser Yellowlegs	BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Clangula hyemalis	Long-tailed Duck	Not a BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Ammodramus nelsoni	Nelson's Sparrow	BCC	May 15 to Sep 5
Morus bassanus	Northern Gannet	Not a BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Stercorarius parasiticus	Parasitic Jaeger	Not a BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Dendroica discolor	Prairie Warbler	BCC	May 1 to Jul 31
Protonotaria citrea	Prothonotary Warbler	BCC	Apr 1 to Jul 31
Calidris maritima	Purple Sandpiper	BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Phalaropus fulicarius	Red Phalarope	Not a BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Mergus serrator	Red-breasted Merganser	Not a BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Melanerpes erythrocephalus	Red-headed Woodpecker	BCC	May 10 to Sep 10
Phalaropus lobatus	Red-necked Phalarope	Not a BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Gavia stellata	Red-throated Loon	BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Larus delawarensis	Ring-billed Gull	Not a BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Thalasseus maximus	Royal Tern	Not a BCC	Apr 15 to Aug 31
Arenaria interpres morinella	Ruddy Turnstone	BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Euphagus carolinus	Rusty Blackbird	BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Ammodramus maritimus	Seaside Sparrow	BCC	May 10 to Aug 20

Species	Common Name	Status	Breeding Season
Calidris pusilla	Semipalmated Sandpiper	BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Limnodromus griseus	Short-billed Dowitcher	BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Bubo scandiacus	Snowy Owl	BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Melanitta perspicillata	Surf Scoter	Not a BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Numenius phaeopus	Whimbrel	BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Melanitta fusca	White-winged Scoter	Not a BCC	Breeds elsewhere
Tringa semipalmata	Willet	BCC	Apr 20 to Aug 5
Hylocichla mustelina	Wood Thrush	BCC	May 10 to Aug 31

#### 2.2 NJDEP Landscape Project

The New Jersey Landscape Project was developed to guide strategic wildlife habitat conservation. It is an ecosystemlevel approach with the goal of long-term protection for imperiled species and their important habitats within New Jersey (NJDFW 2018). Habitat is ranked 1 through 5 based on the Landscape Project criteria:

- Rank 1 Habitat specific requirements
- Rank 2 Special Concern
- Rank 3 State Threatened
- Rank 4 State Endangered
- Rank 5 Federal Listed

Records of federally listed species occur within some Rank 4 and Rank 5 sections. For specific ESA species documented within the Cardiff Study Area, a request for information from USFWS would initially be required through the IPaC online tool (Section 2.1) however, many federal listed species are also state listed species. The review of the NJ Landscape Project is a publicly available database that provides specific species of NJ Conservation focus that have been documented within specific, mapped habitats. The Natural Heritage Database is a continuously updated inventory of rare plants and animal species and representative ecological communities in New Jersey. It is the state's most comprehensive, centralized source of information on rare plants, animals, and natural communities. (NJDEP 2020). A consultation request was submitted to NJDEP NHP to provide information on the presence of threatened and endangered species within the Cardiff Study Area.

The review of the NJ Landscape Project and the NHP response provided a species list of NJ Conservation focus that have been documented within mapped habitats. Species that are documented within the Cardiff Study Area are listed in Table 3 and the NHP response is presented in Appendix B.

Species	Common Name	NJ State Conservation Status <sup>1</sup>	Typical Habitat	Habitat Type Mapped in Cardiff Study Area <sup>2</sup>
Strix varia	Barred Owl	Т	<b>General</b> : Dense woodland and forests, swamps, wooded river valleys, frequently in areas bordering streams, marshes and meadows. Also commonly found in upland areas. Preference is given to areas large mature forests with trees that provide suitable nesting cavities and that contain an open understory (NatureServe o 2020).	BS, NBS
Nycticorax nycticorax	Nycticorax         Black- Crowned         T         Feeding: along the edges of ponds or creeks and in marshes.           Nycticorax         Crowned         T         Nesting and Roosting: Forests, scrub/shrub, marshes and ponds that provide cover. Open		F	
Rynchops niger	Black Skimmer	E	<b>Nesting</b> : from Sandy Hook to Cape May along the Atlantic Coast. Nest in open sandy beaches, inlets, and offshore islands with sparse vegetation. May also nest on wrack mats on marsh islands. <b>Foraging</b> : shallow-water tidal creeks, inlets and ponds. Coastal and estuarine habitats are used throughout the year (CWF a 2020).	F
Bubulcus ibis	Cattle Egret	Т	<b>General:</b> Only occur in New Jersey in the summer months. Preferred habitat consists of wet agricultural land and marshy areas. <b>Nesting:</b> nest in colonies often with other species starting in March to mid-April. The season usually ends by mid-September (CWF 2012).	F
Hydroprogne caspia	Caspian Tern	SC	<ul> <li>Nesting: salt marshes, coastal estuaries with a preference for open, flat and sparsely vegetated areas. May nest on sand, pebbly shores or marshy soil.</li> <li>Winter: beaches, impoundments, isolated spits, and managed wetlands (CWF b 2020).</li> </ul>	F
Sterna hirundo	Common Tern	SC	<b>Nesting</b> : in colonies on barrier islands, barrier beaches, promontories attached to the mainland, salt marshes and occasionally freshwater marshes on substrates of sand, shell, cobble or gravel with sparse vegetation. Will occasionally nest in artificial substrate if natural ones are not available.	F

#### Table 3. Results of NJDEP Landscape Project (Atlantic Coastal and Pinelands)

Species	Common Name	NJ State Conservation Status <sup>1</sup>	Typical Habitat	Habitat Type Mapped in Cardiff Study Area <sup>2</sup>
			<b>Staging</b> (rest and feed): inlets and offshore areas on undisturbed beaches and sand flats near tidal inlets (CWF c 2020).	
Plegadis falcinellus	Glossy Ibis	SC	Nesting: in colonies with other species on the ground of marshes or in small trees and bushes near water. General: found in marshes, swamps, lagoons, pond margins, lakes, flooded pastures and in fresh, brackish or salt water (NatureServe I 2020).	F
Ardea herodias	Great Blue Heron	SC	General: freshwater and brackish marshes, lake edges, rivers, bays, lagoons, ocean beaches, fields and meadows. Nesting: high in trees in swamps and forested areas. Occasionally on bushes or the ground. Generally located close to foraging habitats (NatureServe a 2020).	F
Gelochelidon nilotica	Gull-Billed Tern	SC	<b>General</b> : coastlines, salt marshes, estuaries, plowed fields, and occasionally along rivers, lakes, and in freshwater marshes. <b>Breeding</b> : sandy barrier islands, beaches and sandy shores of saline marshes and dredge spoil islands. (NatureServe h 2020).	F, NC
Sternula antillarum	Least Tern	E	<b>Breeding</b> : seacoasts, beaches, bays, estuaries, lakes and rivers. Nests in shallow depression on level ground in sparsely vegetated areas on sandy/gravelly beaches and banks of rivers or lakes. Will habitat artificial areas similar to the natural ones like dredge spoil areas and flat rooftops covered with gravel. Nests are generally found in areas above the high tide mark on beaches (NatureServe n 2020).	F
Egretta caerulea	Little Blue Heron	SC	<b>General</b> : marshes, ponds, lakes, meadows, mudflats, streams, and other bodies of calm shallow water. Prefers freshwater areas. <b>Nesting</b> : above the ground or water in trees and shrubs. (NatureServe d 2020).	F
Myotis septentrionalis	Northern Myotis	E	Summer Habitat: roost underneath bark, in cavities or in crevices of both live and dead trees. May also roost in caves and mines Winter: hibernate in caves and mines with large passages, large entrances, constant temperature and high humidity Feeding: understory of forested hillsides and ridges (USFWS b 2020).	ASS

Species	Common Name	NJ State Conservation Status <sup>1</sup>	Typical Habitat	Habitat Type Mapped in Cardiff Study Area <sup>2</sup>
Pandion haliaetus	Osprey	Т	<b>General</b> : primarily located along rivers, lakes, reservoirs and seacoasts. Typically build nests consisting of sticks on living or dead trees and will also utilize man-made structures such as utility poles. Nests are usually located near or above water (NatureServe k 2020).	F, N
Falco peregrinus	Peregrine Falcon	E	General: various open situations especially where there are suitable nesting cliffs. When not breeding occurs in areas where prey concentrate (farmlands, marshes, lakeshores, river mouths, tidal flats, dunes and beaches, cities). Nesting: often on a ledge or hole on a face of a rocky cliff or crag. River banks, open bogs, large stick nests of other species, tree hollows, and man- made structures. Ideal locations include undisturbed areas with a wide view, near water and close to plentiful prey. Man-made sites include tall buildings, bridges, rock quarries and raised platforms (NatureServe g 2020).	UN
Egretta thula	Snowy Egret	SC	General: Marshes, lakes, ponds, and shallow coastal habitats. Nesting: trees or shrubs over water or ground. Will occasionally nest on the ground or in marsh vegetation (NatureServe e 2020).	F
Clemmys guttata	Spotted Turtle	SC	General: unpolluted, shallow bodies of water that have a soft bottom and aquatic vegetation. Small marshes, marshy pasture, bogs, fens, woodland streams, swamps, small ponds, vernal pools, and lake margins. Can occur in brackish tidal streams. Favorable areas are ponds surrounded by generally undisturbed meadow or undergrowth. Will move seasonally among different wetland types and spend significant amounts of time on land during summer. Hibernation: muddy bottoms of waterways or bogs in communal hibernacula. With water depths ranging from 22 to 37 inches with a slow but steady flow of water. Can also occur where there is a water flow through densely vegetated wetlands with a deep and soft mucky substrate. Nesting: well drained soils or marshy pastures with grass of sedge tussock or mossy hummocks, in open areas at the edge of thick vegetation or similar areas that are exposed to sun. Favorable nesting sites are in sandy, sparsely vegetated	ОН

Species	Common Name	NJ State Conservation Status <sup>1</sup>	Typical Habitat	Habitat Type Mapped in Cardiff Study Area <sup>2</sup>
			strips and washouts along agricultural fields (NatureServe c 2020).	
Egretta tricolor	Tricolored Heron	SC	<b>General</b> : Marshes, ponds, rivers, islands and found in salt and freshwater habitats. <b>Nesting</b> : usually near salt water in thickets of tidal marshes and rushes of freshwater marshes (NatureServe f 2020).	F
Helmitheros vermivorum	Worm- Eating Warbler	SC	<b>Breeding</b> : Well-drained upland deciduous forests with understory patches of shrubs, drier portions of stream swamps with an understory of mountain laurel, deciduous woods near streams, heavily associated with hillsides. Nests on the ground against roots or stems of shrubs or saplings in a small cavity. Nests can also be found against rock outcrops. <b>Non-Breeding</b> : various forests, woodlands, scrub and thicket habitats. In winter it lives in undergrowth and subcanopy layers of forests (NatureServe i 2020).	BS
Nyctanassa violacea	Yellow- Crowned Night- Heron	Т	General: marshes, swamps, lakes, mainly coastal habitats. Nesting: Trees in wooded areas near water, occasionally in shrubs or on the ground NatureServe j 2020).	F

1: NJ State Conservation Status: SP = Special Concern, T = Threatened, E = Endangered

2: Habitat Type Mapped in Cardiff Study Area: ASS = Active Season Sighting, BS = Breeding Sighting, F = Foraging, N = Nest, NC = Nesting Colony NBS = Non-Breeding Sighting, OH = Occupied Habitat, UN = Urban Nest (Atlantic City)

#### 2.3 Descriptions of Habitat Types Mapped within the Cardiff Study Area

The Cardiff Study Area ranges from shallow, flat shorelines to dunes, to the east to open-water back bay tidal marshes, to deciduous and mixed forests along the onshore interconnection cable corridors and substations. This section describes the common characteristics of coastal terrestrial habitats that occur within and directly adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.

 Deciduous and Mixed Forest/Scrub Shrub/Herbaceous Field: Deciduous and mixed forests are the dominant habitat type in this region of New Jersey. Forested land is relatively young (two-thirds is less than 60 years old) and encompasses approximately 45% of the State of New Jersey (2.1 million acres); however, these areas are not distributed evenly across all counties. The average forest patch size in Atlantic County is about 53 acres (USDA 2004). The most common cover type of forest in the state is an Oak/Hickory forest which consists of common species such as White Oak (*Quercus alba*), northern red oak (*Quercus rubra*), hickory (*Carya* sp.), white ash (*Fraxinus americana*), yellow poplar (*Liriodendron tulipifera*), and red maple (*Acer rubrum*). The shrub understory is also characteristic for the region and includes species such as: huckleberry (*Gaylussacia* sp.), blueberry (*Vaccinium* sp.), sweet pepperbush (*Clethra alnifolia*), and sheep laurel (*Kalmia angustifolia*). Some wildlife species that prefer younger deciduous forests include: American goldfinch (*Carduelis tristis*), cedar waxwing (*Bombycilla cedrorum*), and eastern cottontail (USDA 2004). More mature forests are more likely to house black bears (*Ursus americanus*), porcupines (*Erethizon dorsatum*), and pileated woodpeckers (*Dryocopus pileatus*).

- Freshwater rivers and other waterbodies are also part of the deciduous forest patches that provide habitat for fish and freshwater wetlands. Some common species of fish that are found throughout freshwater, perennial streams include: Large/smallmouth bass (*Micropterus salmoides/Micropterus dolomieu*), northern pike (*Esoc lucius*), yellow perch (*Perca flavescens*), and carp (*Cyprinus carpio*) among many others.
- Typical scrub-shrub/herbaceous fields in New Jersey occur along and are generally associated with active, fallow or abandoned agricultural practices. This habitat provides suitable habitat to grassland bird species and a diversity of herbaceous and woody shrub vegetation; however, these habitats are not suitable for many wildlife species along the edges, particularly where active human influence is persistent such as highways, railroads and other forms of residential, commercial, and industrial development.
- Pinelands Mixed Forest: The Pinelands is a designated and protected ecoregion in southern New Jersey that consists of approximately 1.1 million acres in portions of Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, and Ocean counties. These mixed forest communities contain low to high density stands of pine trees (mostly pitch pine [*Pinus rigida*]) with ribbons of Atlantic cedar (*Chamaecyparis thyoides*) and other hardwood trees found in deciduous forests and wetlands (State of New Jersey 2021a). A unique characteristic of the Pinelands ecoregion is the natural conditions that allow for regular and cyclical forest fires to occur. These fires are a necessary component to maintain the characteristic of the Pinelands vegetation. This community is comprised of over 850 species of plants including many rare plants only found within the Pinelands. Rare and unique flora depend on the frequency of fires to maintain the required soil nutrients. The Pinelands also supports 39 species of mammals, 299 birds, 59 reptile and amphibians, and 91 fish species (State of New Jersey 2021b). Common species present within this habitat type include: beavers (*Castor canadensis*), gray fox (*Urocyon cinereoargenteus*), raccoon, white-tail deer, pine warbler (*Dendroica pinus*), carpenter frog (*Rana virgatipes*), four-toed salamander (*Hemidactylium scutatum*), green frog (*Rana clamitans*), and northern black racer snake (*Coluber constrictor*), among others (Pinelands Alliance 2021).

- The Pinelands reserve is managed by the Pinelands Commission and is defined by three separate zones: protected areas, managed use areas, and zones of cooperation. The only portion of the Cardiff Study Area that occurs within the Pinelands is the onshore facilities of Cardiff within Egg Harbor Township, west of the Garden State Parkway. The Pinelands ecosystem extends beyond the boundaries of the reserve. Forested wetlands characteristic of the Pinelands ecosystem occurs adjacent to the Cardiff Onshore Study Area and have been previously discussed under the deciduous/mixed forest habitat type.
- Within the overall Pinelands ecosystem, forty-three animal species are known to occur within the Pinelands are listed as threatened or endangered by the New Jersey Division of Fish and Wildlife.
   Because the location of the onshore facilities are in developed/disturbed areas, very few of these species, or their critical habitat, are documented within the Cardiff Study Area.
- Tidal Marsh/Back-Bay/Coastal River: Tidal salt marshes can be found throughout coastal New Jersey and contain numerous plant and animal species, particularly avian and fish species, that have adapted to saline conditions and temperature extremes (MTEC 1995). Tidal marsh creeks have tidal currents that continuously deposit sediment and nutrients from bays into rivers making the salinity change rapidly from salt to brackish water. This deposition of sediment and nutrients also allows specially adapted plant species to thrive in these areas.
  - Plant species typical of these back-bays and salt marshes include: Annual salt marsh aster (*Aster subulatus*), Big cordgrass (*Spartina cynosuroides*), saltmarsh cordgrass (*Spartina alterniflora*), salt hay (*Spartina patens*) marsh elder (*Iva frutescens*), and common reed (*Phragmites australis*) (MTEC 1995).
  - Common wildlife species, including fish, that occur within these areas include white perch (*Morone americana*), striped bass (*Morone saxatilis*), bluefish (*Pomatomus saltatrix*), alewife (*Alosa pseudoharengus*), blueback herring (*Alosa aestivalis*) diamondback terrapin (*Malaclemys terrapin*), snapping turtle (*Chelydra serpentina*), mud turtle (*Kinosternon subrubrum*), raccoon (*Procyon lotor*), and muskrat (*Ondatra zibethicus*). The striped bass, alewife and blueback herring are among a small group of fish that are anadromous, living predominantly in marine or brackish waters but migrate into fresh water in the spring to spawn.
  - Salt marsh habitats provide nesting and foraging habitat for resident and seasonal avian species. In addition, during of the spring and fall migration, many avian species use this habitat as a stopover to rest and feed. Some representative bird species found in these coastal habitats include American bittern (*Botaurus lentiginosus*), great blue heron (*Ardea herodias*), snowy egret (*Egretta thula*), willet (*Catoptrophourus semipalmatus*), laughing gull (*Larus atricilla*), and seaside sparrow

(*Ammospiza maritima*), among many others. In addition to common bird species found in salt marsh habitats, there are a number of federal and state-listed threatened and endangered species known to utilize these habitats.

Although not within the Cardiff Study Area, dune and beach habitat occur immediately adjacent to the east of the eastern extent of the Cardiff Study Area in Atlantic City, New Jersey.

- Shoreline: The sandy, coastal shoreline consists of dunes made up of the foredune and secondary dunes leading seaward to the beach berm or backshore (the flat, dry section of the beach normally used for recreation above the high tide line), to the foreshore (area that is exposed to constant wave action, intertidal areas between mean low water to the high tide zone) continuing under water to the nearshore area, submerged area below mean water to 29.5 feet (Wootton, L, Miller J, Miller C, Peek M, Williams A, Rowe P. 2016). These coastal, terrestrial habitats are subject to constant change due to wave and wind action, currents, and storm activities. The constant change, open environment, lack of freshwater, and sparse vegetation makes this habitat inhospitable to most species except those specifically adapted to these conditions or for species who utilize the area as transients for foraging purposes such as gulls (*Larus* spp), sand crabs (*Emerita* spp.) and plovers/lapwings (*Charadrius* spp.).
- **Dune**: Westward of the shoreline is the dune habitat. Dunes, much like a typical beach profile, are also constantly changing in response to short- and long-term processes associated with wind and wave action, storms, and seasonal variations. Throughout New Jersey, dune heights reach eight to 15 feet high and lie above the backshore of the beach (Wootton, L, Miller J, Miller C, Peek M, Williams A, Rowe P. 2016).
  - Common wildlife species that inhabit dunes are whitetail deer (*Odocoileus virginianus*), rabbits (*Sylvilagus floridanus*), common terns (*Sterna* spp.), and other ground-nesting shorebirds among many others. These species typically graze, nest or rest amongst the American beachgrass (*Ammophila breviligulata*), seaside goldenrod (*Solidago sempervirens*), and Asiatic sand sedge (*Carex kobomugi*). Although dunes along the coast make up a very narrow stretch of land in NJ, a small number of highly specialized species with adaptations to thrive in such harsh conditions inhabit these areas. Due to their specialized adaptations and the limited available habitat, many are either state or federally listed threatened or endangered species.

#### 3.0 Field Investigations

Field investigations of vernal pools was conducted within the Cardiff Study Area by EDR on April 2, 2020 and habitat assessment studies were conducted between June 22 and June 24, 2020. During field studies wildlife species observed, including threatened and endangered species, within the Cardiff Study Area were noted.

#### 3.1 Vernal Pool Methodology

Vernal Pool Surveys consisted of systematically investigating the entire Cardiff Study Area. For each potential vernal pool area, data was collected that included photographs, documenting existing conditions within and adjacent to potential vernal pool areas, and collecting geographic location data for vernal pool features (as applicable) using a Global Positioning System [GPS] with reported sub-meter accuracy. Vernal pools were identified based on a variety of biological, hydrological, and physical characteristics including:

- 1. Evidence suggesting inundation for at least two consecutive months between March and September
- 2. Hydrological isolation (no permanent inlets or outlets of flowing surface water)
- 3. Observed absence of fish species within the pool
- 4. Presence of standing water
- 5. Sparse or no vegetation growing within pool
- 6. Water-stained leaves within/adjacent to the pool
- 7. Evidence of moss trim lines/buttressing/watermarks on nearby trees
- 8. Connectivity to adjacent upland forest habitat
- 9. The presence of obligate and/or facultative indicator species within and/or near the pools

#### 3.2 Habitat Suitability Assessment Methodology

Habitat surveys were performed within the Cardiff Study Area and immediately adjacent areas. Visual assessments were conducted to determine the type of habitats observed based on vegetation community types, as well as immediately adjacent areas wherever possible. Wildlife species observed during field investigations, including threatened and endangered species, were GPS located and habitat usage noted.

#### 4.0 RESULTS

This section presents the habitats observed within the Cardiff Study Area and summarizes the results of the vernal pool survey and an assessment of the observed habitats to support regulated wildlife species.

#### 4.1 Habitat Types within Cardiff Study Area

The overall Cardiff Study Area occurs within established linear development ROW's such as roadways, railroads, transmission line ROWs, and recreational trails. As a result, many of the habitats observed have experienced some level of past and ongoing disturbance, particularly established populations of non-native invasive species. The following habitat types were observed within the Cardiff Study Area:

- Developed/Disturbed Areas: This type of habitat included areas such as roads, recreational trails, railroad corridors, buildings (residential, commercial, or industrial) maintained landscapes, and other areas associated with the built environment.
- Forest Mixed: this habitat type generally occurred inland along the pedestrian bike path/transmission line ROW and was dominated by white oak (*Quercus alba*), pitch pine (*Pinus rigida*), black gum (*Nyssa sylvatica*), red oak (*Quercus rubra*), black oak (*Quercus velutina*), and red maple (*Acer rubrum*) in the canopy. The understory was dominated by pitch pine, spicebush (*Lindera benzoin*), honeysuckle (*Lonicera japonica*), raspberry (*Rubus idaeus*), and Eastern red cedar (*Juniperus virginiana*). The herbaceous layer was dominated by grasses, round greenbrier (*Smilax rotundifolia*), Canada goldenrod (*Solidago canadensis*), and spotted knapweed (*Centaurea stoebe*).
- Shrub Deciduous: this habitat type generally occurred inland along the pedestrian bike path. The shrub layer was dominated by black oak saplings, wild cherry saplings (*Prunus avium*), as well as shining sumac (*Rhus copallinum*), sassafras saplings (*Sassafras albidum*), and silver maple saplings (*Acer saccharinum*). The understory was dominated by wild grape (*Vitis* sp.), pokeweed (*Phytolacca decandra*), and goldenrod.
- Shrub Mixed: This habitat area occurred in disturbed sites within the Cardiff Study Area, particularly within the maintained portions of the ACE transmission line ROW and was dominated by Eastern red cedar, tree of heaven, and multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*) in the shrub layer. The herbaceous layer was dominated by poison ivy (*Toxicodedron radicans*), Virginia creeper (*Parthenocissus quinquefolia*), and Japanese honeysuckle.
- Shrub-Evergreen: This habitat type occurred primarily in upland areas adjacent to tidal wetland areas along
  artificial berms such as the railroad and roadway corridors. The shrub layer was dominated by Eastern red
  cedar and high tide bush (*lva frutescens*). The herbaceous layer was dominated by common reed (*Phragmites
  australis*), poison ivy, and goldenrod.

- Herbaceous Field: This habitat type was mainly located in heavily disturbed areas within the ROW. Dominant herbaceous species included grasses, Chinese bush clover (*Lespedeza cuneata*), roundleaf greenbrier, deer tongue (*Dichanthelium clandestinum*), Canada goldenrod, mugwort (*Artemisia vulgaris*), wrinkle-leaf goldenrod (*Solidago rugosa*), spotted knapweed, white clover (*Trifolium repens*), asters (*Symphyotrichum novae*), poison ivy, pokeweed, crown vetch (*Securigera varia*), Virginia creeper, and wild grape. Shrubs occurred occasionally and usually in small patches and included red cedar, multiflora rose and holly (*Ilex aquifolium*). Trees lined the outskirts of the fields and were dominated by red oak, white oak, black oak, sassafras and wild cherry.
- Forested Wetlands: Mainly found in wooded areas within a gully along the pedestrian bike path. The canopy
  is dominated by red maples; spicebush, black gum, red maple saplings, and blueberry (*Vaccinium corymbosum*) in the understory. The herbaceous layer is dominated by a sparse cover of cinnamon fern
  (*Osmundastrum cinnamomeum*) and black gum seedlings.
- Shrub-Scrub Wetlands: Occurred along the ACE transmission line ROW and in disturbed areas. The shrub layer was dominated by Eastern red cedar and multiflora rose. Herbaceous species consisted of grasses, Virginia creeper and poison ivy.
- Herbaceous Wetlands occurred throughout the Cardiff Study Area and consisted of freshwater and tidal wetland areas within the Cardiff Study Area.
  - Tidal areas were dominated by smooth cordgrass (*Spartina alterniflora*), glasswort (*Salicornia depressa*), seaside goldenrod (*Solidago sempervirens*), saltmeadow cordgrass (*Spartina patens*), sea lavender (*Limonium carolinianum*), and common reed.
  - Freshwater areas were dominated by reed canary grass (*Phalaris arundinacea*), broadleaf cattail (*Typha latifolia*), marsh-mallow (*Althaea officinalis*) and hairgrass (*Deschampsia cespitosa*)
- Streams: Mill Branch and an additional unnamed tributary are channelized swales that flow via culverts under a pedestrian bike path from north to south
- Rivers/Thorofare's: The Inside Thorofare, the Beach Thorofare, and the Great Thorofare are within the Cardiff Study Area and are all interconnected and influenced by the Atlantic Ocean tidal fluctuations.
- Ponded Areas: Open water areas influenced by tidal fluctuations and man-made barriers.

Developed/Disturbed areas were the most abundant within the Cardiff Study Area (56.0%). The remainder of habitat types occurred along roadways, railroads, transmission line ROWs, as well as pedestrian/bike lanes and therefore few species were observed. Wildlife species that were observed include transient individuals flying overhead and included species such as: herring gull (*Larus argentatus*), laughing gull (*Leucophaeus atricilla*), house sparrow (*Passer domesticus*), mourning dove (*Zenaida macroura*) and other common avian species adapted to developed/disturbed habitat types. A pair of horseshoe crabs (*Limulidae* spp) were observed on the bank of a tidal tributary along the railroad

spur and electric transmission line. No reptile, amphibian or mammal species were observed. No federal or state listed threatened and endangered species were observed within the Cardiff Study Area during field studies. Each of these habitats' location and extent within the Cardiff Study Area is shown on the mapping presented in Appendix D.

#### 4.2 Vernal Pool Survey Results

An evaluation based on the methodology presented in Section 3.1 determined a lack of vernal pool habitat within the Cardiff Study Area.

#### 4.3 Suitability of Observed Habitat for Federal and State-Listed Threatened and Endangered Species

As described in Section 4.1, the majority of the habitat observed within the Cardiff Study Area is disturbed and influenced by human activity and/or degraded due to non-native invasive species and does not provide critical habitat for any of the federal or state listed threatened and endangered species documented to occur in this area. USFWS defines critical habitat as areas that are essential to the conservation of an endangered or threatened species and that may require special management and protection. Table 4 summarizes the federal and state listed threatened and endangered species and provides an assessment if any critical habitat was observed within the Cardiff Study Area based on the requirements presented in Tables 1 and 3.

Species	Common Name	Federal/State Status	Critical Habitat in Cardiff Study Area	Comments
Myotis septentrionalis	Northern long- eared Bat	Federal – Threatened State - Endangered	No	Individuals could utilize the Cardiff Study Area for foraging opportunities.
Laterallus jamaicensis ssp. jamaicensis	Eastern black rail	Federal – Proposed Threatened	No	Tidal wetlands adjacent to Cardiff Study Area could support this species, but not within Cardiff Study Area.
Charadrius melodus	Piping Plover	Federal – Threatened	No	Habitat does not occur within or adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.
Calidris canutus rufa	Red knot	Federal – Threatened	No	Habitat does not occur within or adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.
Rhynchospora knieskernii	Knieskern's beaked-rush	Federal – Threatened	No	Habitat does not occur within or adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.
Amaranthus pumilus	Seabeach amaranth	Federal – Threatened	No	Habitat does not occur within or adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.
Aeschynomene virginica	Sensitive joint- vetch	Federal – Threatened	No	Habitat does not occur within or adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.
Helonia bulltata	Swamp pink	Federal – Threatened	No	Habitat does not occur within or adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.

Table 4	Federal and State	Listed Species -	- Critical Habitat	Assessment Summary	,
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Species	Common Name	Federal/State Status	Critical Habitat in Cardiff Study Area	Comments
Strix varia	Barred owl	State – Threatened	Yes	Breeding Habitat occurs within Cardiff Study Area. Only large contiguous forest breeding habitat occurs around the Cardiff Substation, adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.
Nycticorax	Black-crowned night-heron	State – Threatened	No	Foraging habitat occurs within and adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.
Rynchops niger	Black skimmer	State – Endangered	No	Foraging habitat occurs within and adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.
Bubulcus ibis	Cattle egret	State Threatened	No	Foraging habitat occurs within and adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.
Hydroprogne caspia	Caspian tern	State – Special Concern	No	Foraging habitat occurs within and adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.
Sterna hirundo	Common tern	State – Special Concern	No	Foraging habitat occurs within and adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.
Plegadis falcinellus	Glossy ibis	State – Special Concern	No	Foraging habitat occurs within and adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.
Ardea herodias	Great Blue Heron	State – Special Concern	No	Foraging habitat occurs within and adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.
Gelochelidon nilotica	Gull-Billed Tern	State – Special Concern	No	Foraging habitat occurs within and adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.
Sternula antillarum	Least Tern	State – Endangered	No	Foraging habitat occurs within and adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.
Egretta caerulea	Little Blue Heron	State – Special Concern	No	Foraging habitat occurs within and adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area.
Pandion haliaetus	Osprey	State - Threatened	Potentially	Transmission structures associated with ACE transmission line provide opportunity for osprey to nest within the Cardiff Study Area. Nests were not observed with the Cardiff Study Area at the time of field investigations.
Falco peregrinus	Peregrine Falcon	State – Endangered	Potentially	The tall buildings of Atlantic City provide opportunity for nesting pairs within proximity to the Cardiff Study Area. No nests or nesting pairs were observed within the Cardiff Study Area at the time of field investigations.

Species	Common Name	Federal/State Status	Critical Habitat in Cardiff Study Area	Comments
Egretta thula	Snowy Egret	State – Special Concern	No	Foraging habitat occurs within and adjacent to Cardiff Study Area.
Clemmys guttata	Spotted Turtle	State – Special Concern	No	No areas of perennial freshwater wetlands were observed within the Cardiff Study Area.
Egretta tricolor	Tricolored Heron	State – Special Concern	No	Foraging habitat occurs within and adjacent to Cardiff Study Area.
Helmitheros vermivorum	Worm-Eating Warbler	State – Special Concern	No	Foraging habitat occurs within and adjacent to Cardiff Study Area.
Nyctanassa violacea	Yellow-Crowned Night-Heron	State – Threatened	No	Foraging habitat occurs within and adjacent to Cardiff Study Area. Three individuals were observed within and adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area foraging in the tidal creeks at the time of field investigations.

Although no critical habitat was identified within the Cardiff Study Area, many of these species (particularly avian species) could occur within the Cardiff Study Area as transient individuals for foraging opportunities or during migrations. Least tern, yellow-crowned night heron, great blue heron, common tern and osprey were all observed within and adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area, largely exhibit foraging behaviors.

#### 4.4 Habitat Suitability for Migratory and Resident Wildlife Species

As previously described, the Cardiff Study Area is characterized by significant development and disturbed vegetation habitats. While these habitats do not provide critical habitat for any federal or state listed threatened and endangered species, these habitats provide nesting, cover, foraging and other life cycle stages for species adapted to human development and disturbance.

Migratory bird species identified in Section 2.1 could occur within the Cardiff Study Area during their spring and autumn migration and use the forested and tidal wetland areas within the Cardiff Study Area. Species using habitats within the Cardiff Study Area would be temporary and for short durations.

Resident wildlife species occur through the Cardiff Study Area in developed and natural areas. These species are well adapted to use of disturbed and natural habitats and transition between these areas as needed.

#### 5.0 CONCLUSIONS

EDR conducted a vernal pool survey in April 2020 and a habitat suitability assessment in June 2020. Based on the vernal pool survey, no areas satisfied the criteria of being classified as a vernal pool habitat. The habitat suitability assessment identified 12 habitat types within the Cardiff Study Area. The most abundant habitat type was developed/disturbed (56.0%) due to the location of the Cardiff Study Area within highway and railroad corridors and within the urban landscape of Atlantic City, City of Pleasantville and Egg Harbor Township. The remainder of the habitat types are considered marginal because of the edge effect being within or adjacent to existing linear development (e.g., highways, railroads, utility transmission lines, and pedestrian/bike lanes) and other commercial, residential, and industrial development. These habitats have been disturbed from previous development and is subject to ongoing disturbance in the form of high-traffic use of roads, railroads and pedestrian/bike lanes.

The habitats observed were not determined to be critical habitat for any of the federal or state listed threatened and endangered species; however, several state-listed species were observed foraging within or directly adjacent to the Cardiff Study Area. Wildlife species that were observed include transient individuals flying overhead and included species such as: herring gull (*Larus argentatus*), laughing gull (*Leucophaeus atricilla*), house sparrow (*Passer domesticus*), mourning dove (*Zenaida macroura*) and other common avian species adapted to developed/disturbed habitat types. Barred owl is documented to use the forested areas surrounding the Cardiff Substation as nesting habitat. Continued discussions with the USFWS and NJDEP DFW will need to occur to determine the need for any avoidance/mitigation measures.

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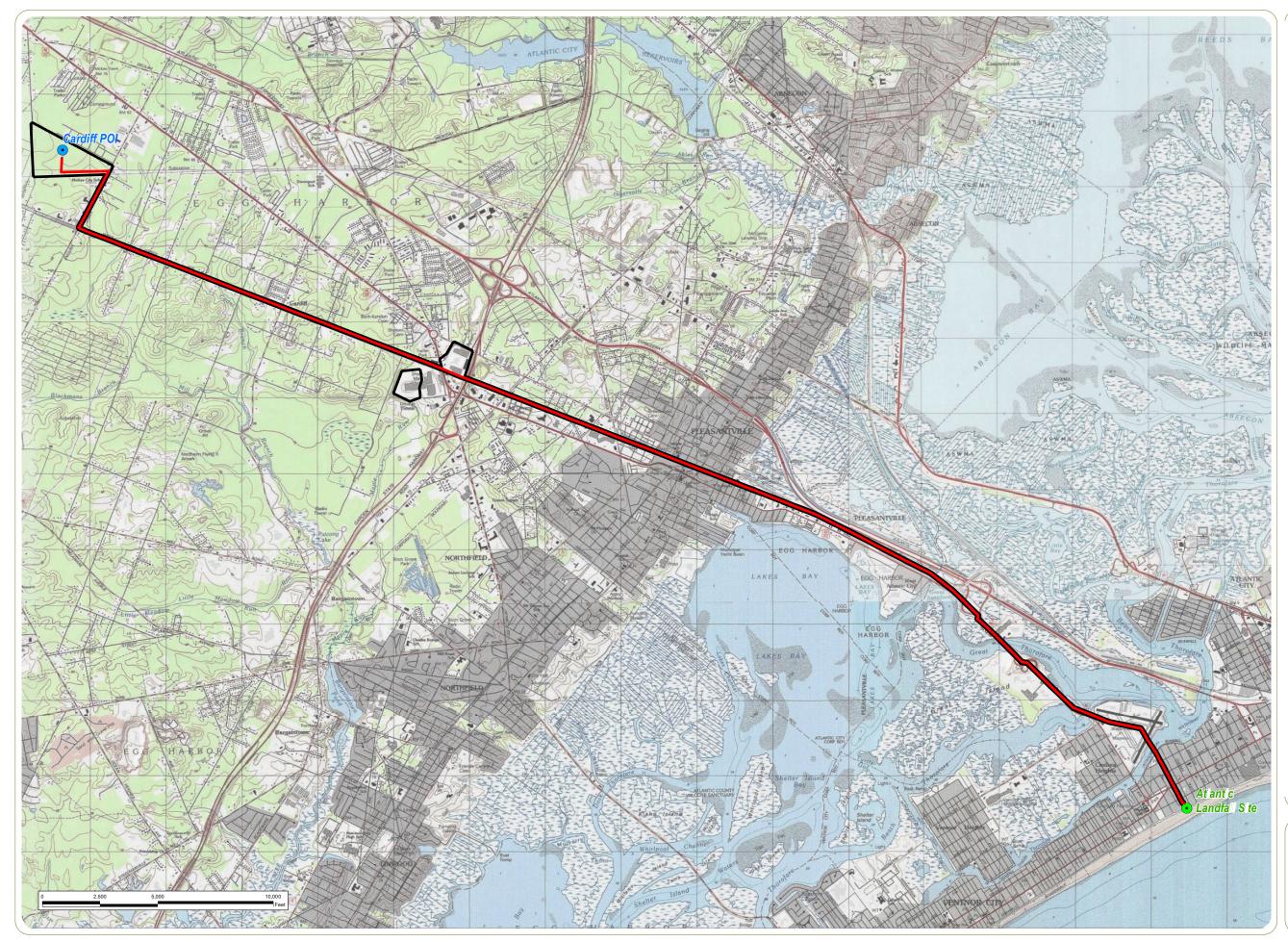
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Wootton L, Miller J, Miller C, Peek M, Williams A, Rowe P. 2016. Sea Grant Consortium Dune Manual. New Jersey (US): New Jersey Sea Grant Consortium; [accessed 2020 Jan 26]. http://njseagrant.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/07/Dune-Manual-Pgs-compressed.pdf.

## **APPENDIX A**

Figures

Figure 1: Project Location Map



## Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind -Cardiff Onshore Cable Route

Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey

### Figure 1 Project Location Map



Cardiff Interconnection Route

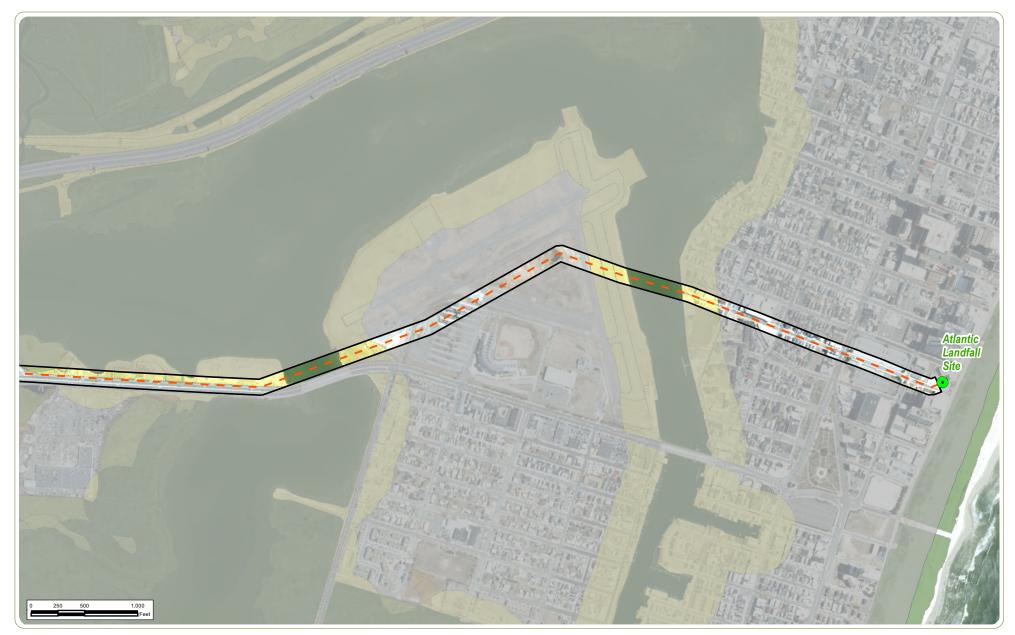




Notes: 1. Basemap: ESRI ArcGIS Online "USA Topo Maps" map service. 2. This map was generated in ArcMap on March 8, 2021. 3. This is a color graphic. Reproduction in grayscale may misrepresent the data.



Figure 2: Landscape Project Mapping



#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Figure 2 - Landscape Project Mapping Sheet 1 of 7

**Sheet 1 of 7 Notes: 1.** Basemap: NJ Office of GIS 2015 Natural Color Imagery **2**. This map was generated in ArcMap on March 8, 2021. **3.** This is a color graphic. Reproduction in grayscale may misrepresent the data.



Onshore Route
 Study Area
 Landscape Project - Species Based Habitat
 Rank1 - Habitat Specific Requirements
 Rank 2 - Special Concern
 Rank 3 - State Threatened
 Rank 4 - State Endangered
 Rank 5 - Federally Listed





# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Figure 2 - Landscape Project Mapping Sheet 2 of 7

Notes: 1. Basemap: NJ Office of GIS 2015 Natural Color Imagery 2. This map was generated in ArcMap on March 4, 2021. 3. This is a color graphic. Reproduction in grayscale may misrepresent the data.



- Onshore Route \_ Study Area Landscape Project - Species Based Habitat Rank1 - Habitat Specific Requirements Rank 2 - Special Concern Rank 3 - State Threatened Rank 4 - State Endangered Rank 5 - Federally Listed





# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Figure 2 - Landscape Project Mapping Sheet 3 of 7

Notes: 1. Basemap: NJ Office of GIS 2015 Natural Color Imagery 2. This map was generated in ArcMap on January 20, 2021. 3. This is a color graphic. Reproduction in grayscale may misrepresent the data.

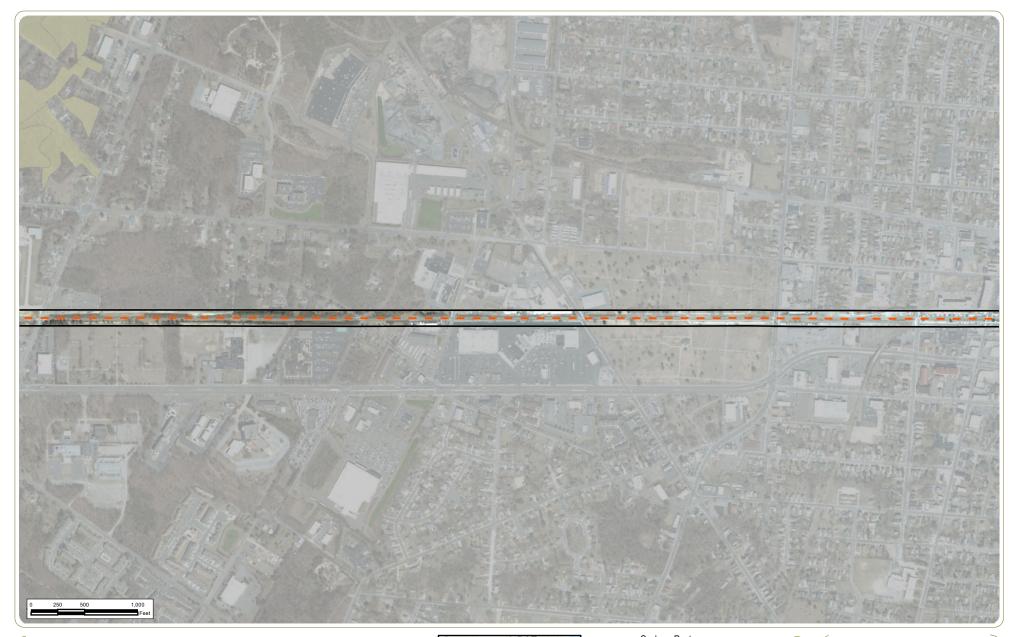


- Onshore Route -Study Area Landscape Project - Species Based Habitat Rank1 - Habitat Specific Requirements Rank 2 - Special Concern Rank 3 - State Threatened Rank 4 - State Endangered Rank 5 - Federally Listed

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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Figure 2 - Landscape Project Mapping Sheet 4 of 7

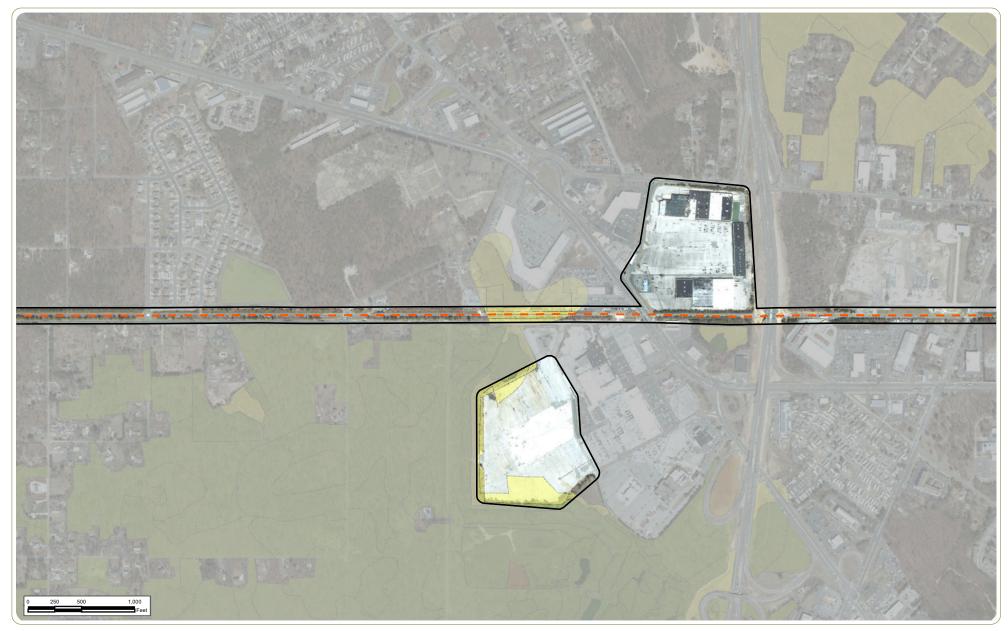
Notes: 1. Basemap: NJ Office of GIS 2015 Natural Color Imagery 2. This map was generated in ArcMap on January 20, 2021. 3. This is a color graphic. Reproduction in grayscale may misrepresent the data.



Onshore Route Study Area Landscape Project - Species Based Habitat Rank1 - Habitat Specific Requirements Rank 2 - Special Concern Rank 3 - State Threatened Rank 4 - State Endangered Rank 5 - Federally Listed

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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Figure 2 - Landscape Project Mapping Sheet 5 of 7

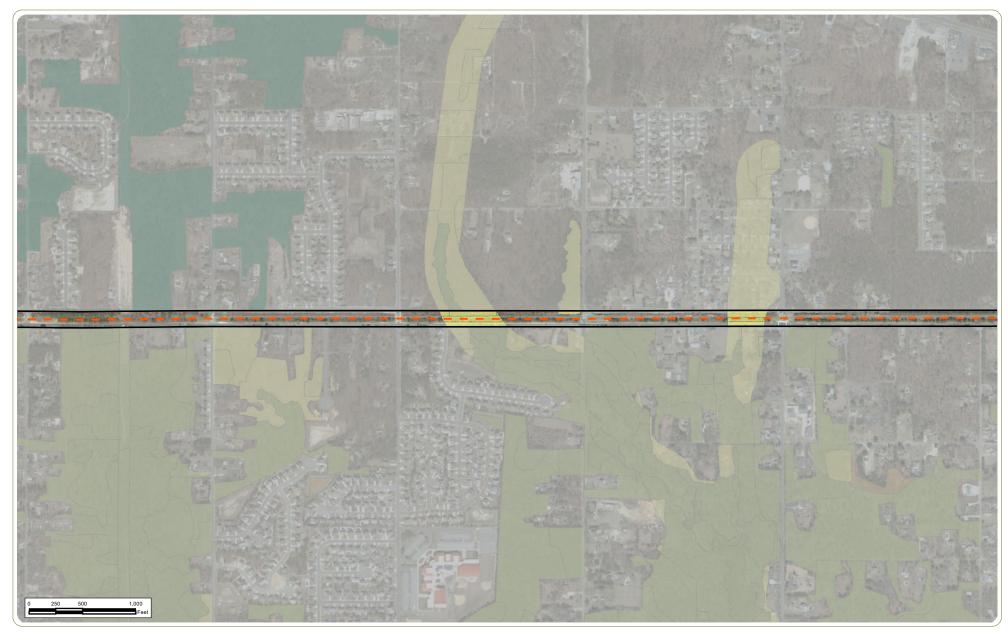
Notes: 1. Basemap: NJ Office of GIS 2015 Natural Color Imagery 2. This map was generated in ArcMap on January 20, 2021. 3. This is a color graphic. Reproduction in grayscale may misrepresent the data.



Onshore Route Study Area Landscape Project - Species Based Habitat Rank1 - Habitat Specific Requirements Rank 2 - Special Concern Rank 3 - State Threatened Rank 4 - State Endangered Rank 5 - Federally Listed

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#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Figure 2 - Landscape Project Mapping

Figure 2 - Landscape Project Mapping Sheet 6 of 7

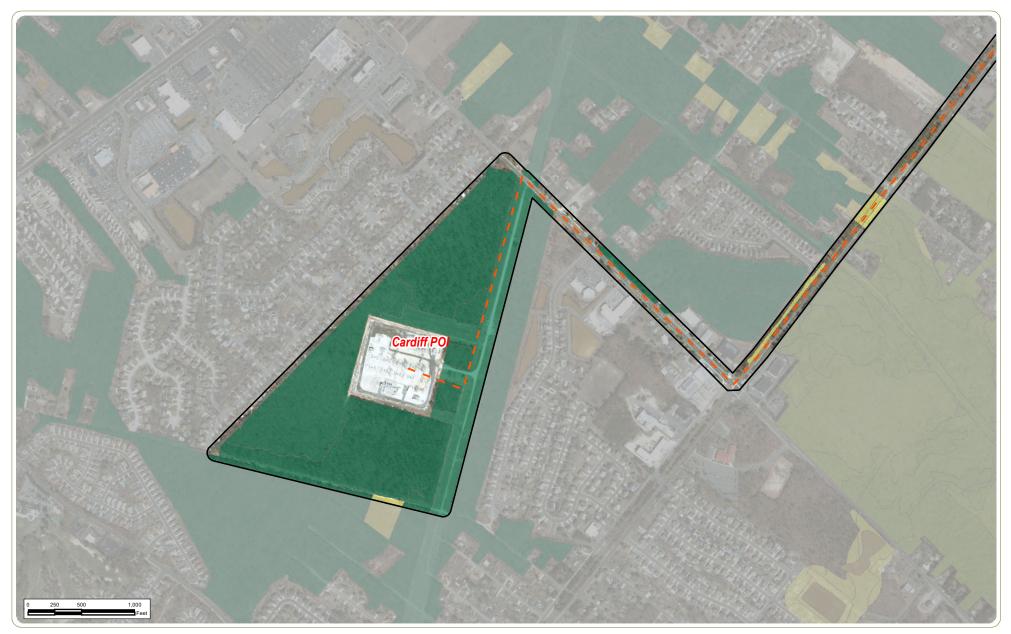
Notes: 1. Basemap: NJ Office of GIS 2015 Natural Color Imagery 2. This map was generated in ArcMap on January 20, 2021. 3. This is a color graphic. Reproduction in grayscale may misrepresent the data.



Onshore Route
 Study Area
 Landscape Project - Species Based Habitat
 Rank1 - Habitat Specific Requirements
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#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Figure 2 - Landscape Project Mapping Sheet 7 of 7

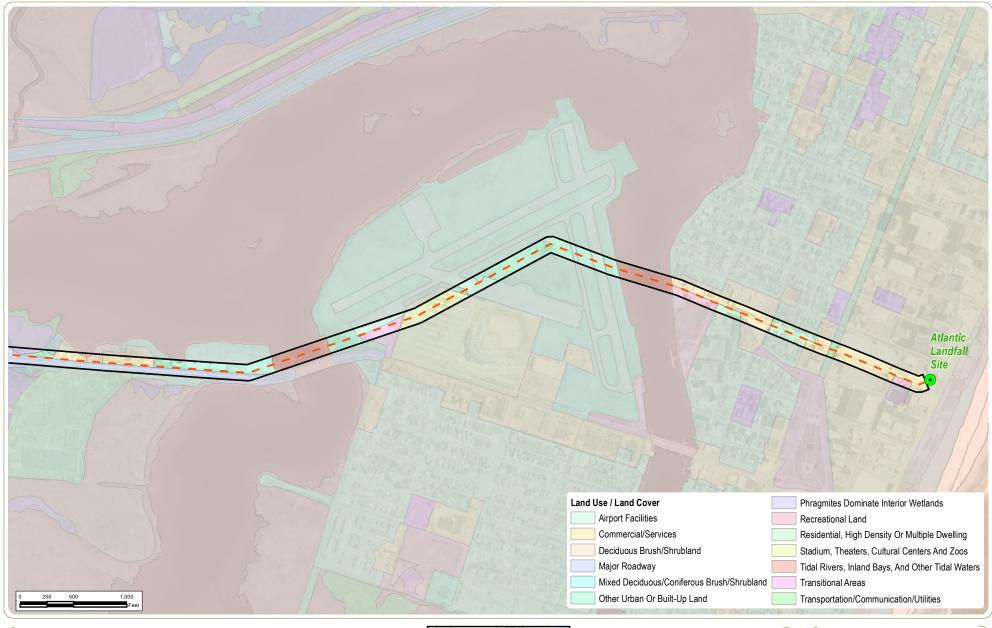
Notes: 1. Basemap: NJ Office of GIS 2015 Natural Color Imagery 2. This map was generated in ArcMap on January 20, 2021. 3. This is a color graphic. Reproduction in grayscale may misrepresent the data.



Onshore Route
 Study Area
 Landscape Project - Species Based Habitat
 Rank1 - Habitat Specific Requirements
 Rank 2 - Special Concern
 Rank 3 - State Threatened
 Rank 4 - State Endangered
 Rank 5 - Federally Listed

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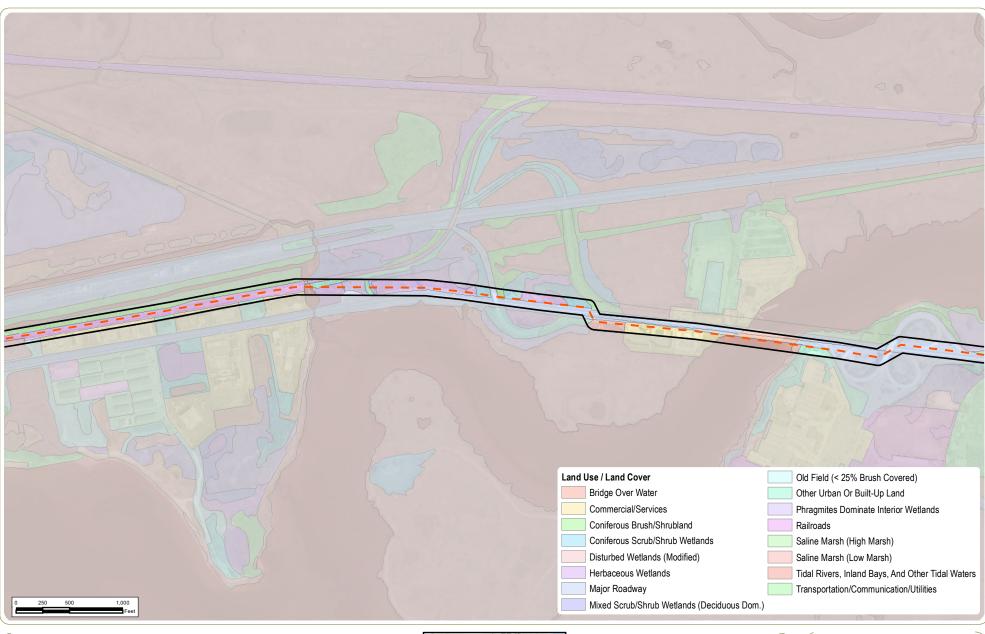
# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Figure 3 - Land Use/Land Cover Sheet 1 of 7

Notes: 1. Basemap: NJ Office of GIS 2015 Natural Color Imagery 2. This map was generated in ArcMap on March 8, 2021. 3. This is a color graphic. Reproduction in grayscale may misrepresent the data.



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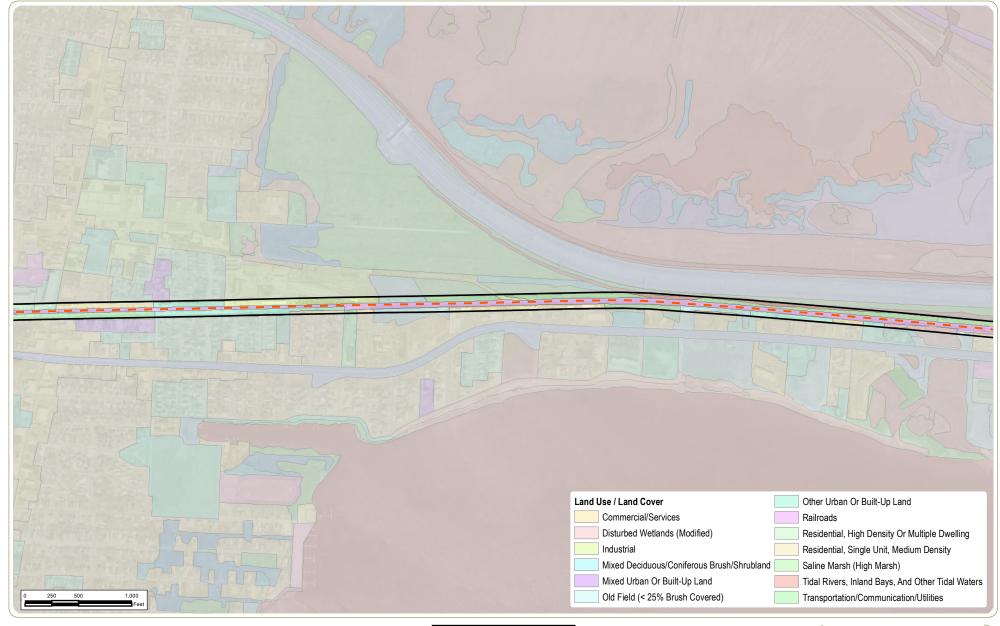
# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Figure 3 - Land Use/Land Cover Sheet 2 of 7

**Notes: 1.** Basemap: NJ Office of GIS 2015 Natural Color Imagery **2**. This map was generated in ArcMap on March 4, 2021. **3.** This is a color graphic. Reproduction in grayscale may misrepresent the data.



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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Figure 3 - Land Use/Land Cover Sheet 3 of 7

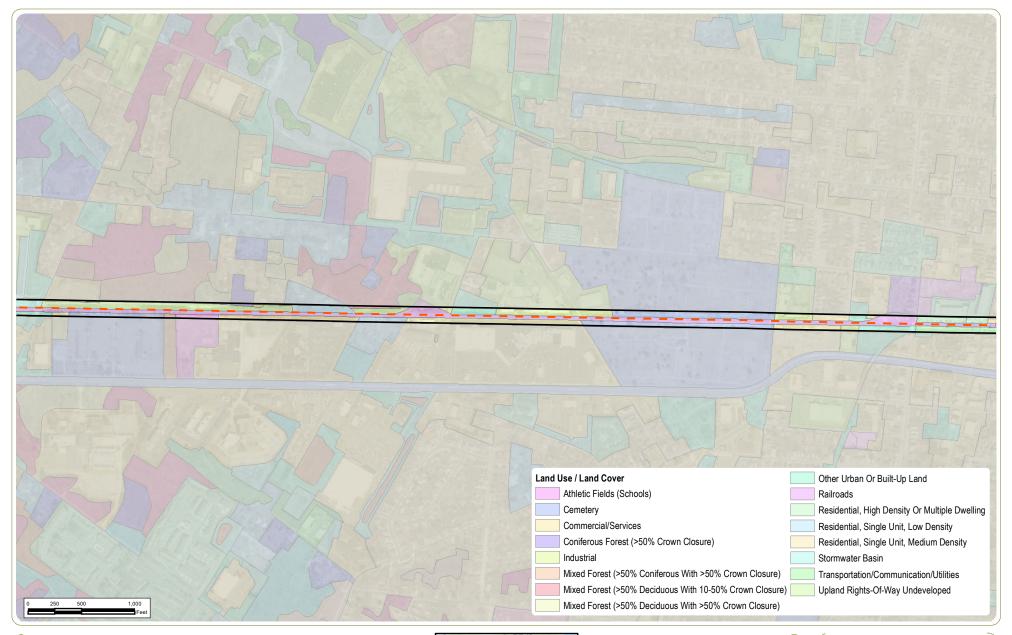
Notes: 1. Basemap: NJ Office of GIS 2015 Natural Color Imagery 2. This map was generated in ArcMap on January 20, 2021. 3. This is a color graphic. Reproduction in grayscale may misrepresent the data.



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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey

Figure 3 - Land Use/Land Cover Sheet 4 of 7

Notes: 1. Basemap: NJ Office of GIS 2015 Natural Color Imagery 2. This map was generated in ArcMap on January 20, 2021. 3. This is a color graphic. Reproduction in grayscale may misrepresent the data.



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#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Figure 3 - Land Use/Land Cover Sheet 5 of 7

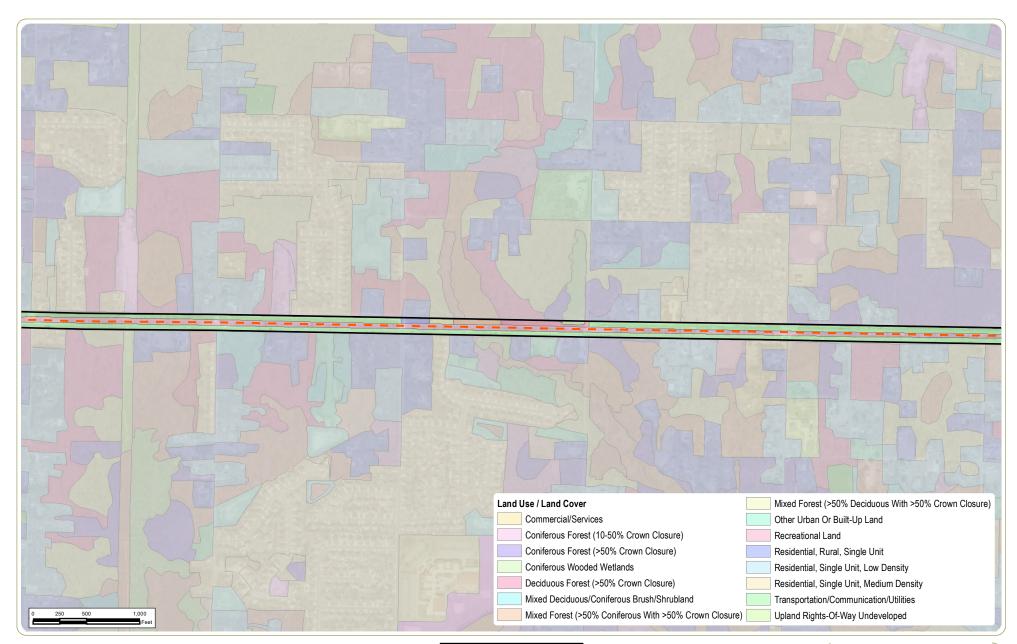
Notes: 1. Basemap: NJ Office of GIS 2015 Natural Color Imagery 2. This map was generated in ArcMap on January 20, 2021. 3. This is a color graphic. Reproduction in grayscale may misrepresent the data.



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#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Figure 3 - Land Use/Land Cover

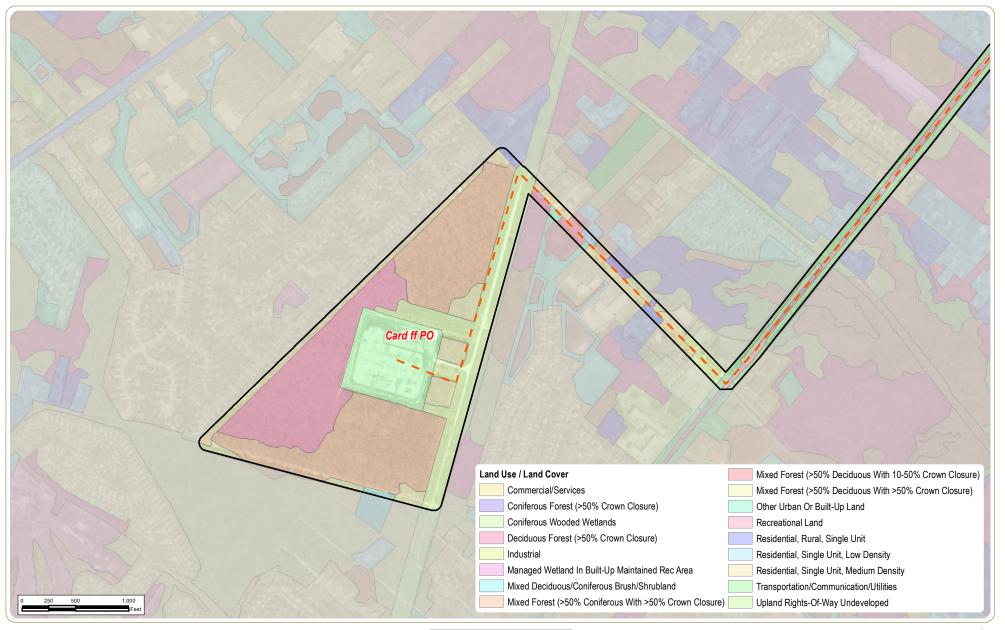
Figure 3 - Land Use/Land Cover Sheet 6 of 7

Notes: 1. Basemap: NJ Office of GIS 2015 Natural Color Imagery 2. This map was generated in ArcMap on January 20, 2021. 3. This is a color graphic. Reproduction in grayscale may misrepresent the data.



Onshore Route
 Study Area

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#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Figure 3 - Land Use/Land Cover

#### Figure 3 - Land Use/Land Cover Sheet 7 of 7

Notes: 1. Basemap: NJ Office of GIS 2015 Natural Color Imagery 2. This map was generated in ArcMap on January 20, 2021. 3. This is a color graphic. Reproduction in grayscale may misrepresent the data.



Onshore Route
 Study Area



## APPENDIX B

USFWS IPaC, NHP Consultation Results, and NJDEP Landscape Project Records



# United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE New Jersey Ecological Services Field Office 4 E. Jimmie Leeds Road, Suite 4 Galloway, NJ 08205 Phone: (609) 646-9310 Fax: (609) 646-0352 http://www.fws.gov/northeast/njfieldoffice/Endangered/consultation.html



In Reply Refer To: Consultation Code: 05E2NJ00-2020-SLI-1613 Event Code: 05E2NJ00-2020-E-03501 Project Name: Atlantic Shores - Cardiff September 18, 2020

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project location, and/or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed, and candidate species that may occur in your proposed action area and/or may be affected by your proposed project. This species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under Section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*)

If the enclosed list indicates that any listed species may be present in your action area, please visit the New Jersey Field Office consultation web page as the next step in evaluating potential project impacts: <u>http://www.fws.gov/northeast/njfieldoffice/Endangered/consultation.html</u>

On the New Jersey Field Office consultation web page you will find:

- habitat descriptions, survey protocols, and recommended best management practices for listed species;
- recommended procedures for submitting information to this office; and
- links to other Federal and State agencies, the Section 7 Consultation Handbook, the Service's wind energy guidelines, communication tower recommendations, the National Bald Eagle Management Guidelines, and other resources and recommendations for protecting wildlife resources.

The enclosed list may change as new information about listed species becomes available. As per Federal regulations at 50 CFR 402.12(e), the enclosed list is only valid for 90 days. Please return to the ECOS-IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation to obtain an updated species list. When using ECOS-IPaC, be careful about drawing the boundary of your Project Location. Remember that your action area under the ESA is not limited to just the footprint of the project. The action area also includes all areas that may be indirectly affected

through impacts such as noise, visual disturbance, erosion, sedimentation, hydrologic change, chemical exposure, reduced availability or access to food resources, barriers to movement, increased human intrusions or access, and all areas affected by reasonably forseeable future that would not occur without ("but for") the project that is currently being proposed.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal and non-Federal project proponents to consider listed, proposed, and candidate species early in the planning process. Feel free to contact this office if you would like more information or assistance evaluating potential project impacts to federally listed species or other wildlife resources. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any correspondence about your project.

## Attachment(s):

- Official Species List
- USFWS National Wildlife Refuges and Fish Hatcheries
- Migratory Birds
- Wetlands

# **Official Species List**

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

#### New Jersey Ecological Services Field Office

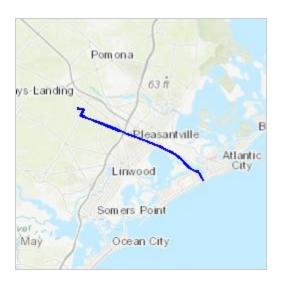
4 E. Jimmie Leeds Road, Suite 4 Galloway, NJ 08205 (609) 646-9310

# **Project Summary**

Consultation Code:	05E2NJ00-2020-SLI-1613
Event Code:	05E2NJ00-2020-E-03501
Project Name:	Atlantic Shores - Cardiff
Project Type:	POWER GENERATION
Project Description:	Background research for the approximately 12-mile long and assumed 150-foot wide Cardiff onshore cable route from the landfall of the submarine export cable at Sovereign Ave in the Atlantic City to the Point of Interconnection (POI) at the Cardiff Substation located in Egg Harbor Township

## Project Location:

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: <u>https://www.google.com/maps/place/39.38943500244642N74.51823245778417W</u>



Counties: Atlantic, NJ

# **Endangered Species Act Species**

There is a total of 8 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries<sup>1</sup>, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

## Mammals

NAME	STATUS
Northern Long-eared Bat <i>Myotis septentrionalis</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9045</u>	Threatened
Birds	
NAME	STATUS
Eastern Black Rail <i>Laterallus jamaicensis ssp. jamaicensis</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/10477</u>	Proposed Threatened
<ul> <li>Piping Plover Charadrius melodus</li> <li>Population: [Atlantic Coast and Northern Great Plains populations] - Wherever found, except those areas where listed as endangered.</li> <li>There is <b>final</b> critical habitat for this species. Your location is outside the critical habitat.</li> <li>Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6039</u></li> </ul>	Threatened
Red Knot <i>Calidris canutus rufa</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1864</u>	Threatened

# **Flowering Plants**

NAME	STATUS
Knieskern's Beaked-rush <i>Rhynchospora knieskernii</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3280</u>	Threatened
Seabeach Amaranth Amaranthus pumilus No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8549</u>	Threatened
Sensitive Joint-vetch Aeschynomene virginica No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/855</u>	Threatened
Swamp Pink Helonias bullata No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/4333</u>	Threatened

## **Critical habitats**

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.

# USFWS National Wildlife Refuge Lands And Fish Hatcheries

Any activity proposed on lands managed by the <u>National Wildlife Refuge</u> system must undergo a 'Compatibility Determination' conducted by the Refuge. Please contact the individual Refuges to discuss any questions or concerns.

THERE ARE NO REFUGE LANDS OR FISH HATCHERIES WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA.

# **Migratory Birds**

Certain birds are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty  $Act^{1}$  and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection  $Act^{2}$ .

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to migratory birds, eagles, and their habitats should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described <u>below</u>.

- 1. The <u>Migratory Birds Treaty Act</u> of 1918.
- 2. The <u>Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act</u> of 1940.
- 3. 50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)

The birds listed below are birds of particular concern either because they occur on the <u>USFWS</u> <u>Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) list or warrant special attention in your project location. To learn more about the levels of concern for birds on your list and how this list is generated, see the FAQ <u>below</u>. This is not a list of every bird you may find in this location, nor a guarantee that every bird on this list will be found in your project area. To see exact locations of where birders and the general public have sighted birds in and around your project area, visit the <u>E-bird data</u> <u>mapping tool</u> (Tip: enter your location, desired date range and a species on your list). For projects that occur off the Atlantic Coast, additional maps and models detailing the relative occurrence and abundance of bird species on your list are available. Links to additional information about Atlantic Coast birds, and other important information about your migratory bird list, including how to properly interpret and use your migratory bird report, can be found <u>below</u>.

For guidance on when to schedule activities or implement avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds on your list, click on the PROBABILITY OF PRESENCE SUMMARY at the top of your list to see when these birds are most likely to be present and breeding in your project area.

NAME	BREEDING SEASON
American Oystercatcher <i>Haematopus palliatus</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8935</u>	Breeds Apr 15 to Aug 31
Bald Eagle Haliaeetus leucocephalus This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1626	Breeds Oct 15 to Aug 31

NAME	BREEDING SEASON
Black Scoter <i>Melanitta nigra</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds elsewhere
Black Skimmer Rynchops niger This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5234	Breeds May 20 to Sep 15
Black-billed Cuckoo Coccyzus erythropthalmus This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9399	Breeds May 15 to Oct 10
Bobolink Dolichonyx oryzivorus This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds May 20 to Jul 31
Bonaparte's Gull <i>Chroicocephalus philadelphia</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds elsewhere
Brown Pelican <i>Pelecanus occidentalis</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6034</u>	Breeds Jan 15 to Sep 30
Buff-breasted Sandpiper Calidris subruficollis This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9488	Breeds elsewhere
Canada Warbler <i>Cardellina canadensis</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds May 20 to Aug 10
Clapper Rail <i>Rallus crepitans</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA	Breeds Apr 10 to Oct 31
Common Eider Somateria mollissima This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds Jun 1 to Sep 30

NAME	BREEDING SEASON
Common Loon gavia immer This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/4464</u>	Breeds Apr 15 to Oct 31
Common Tern Sterna hirundo This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/4963</u>	Breeds May 10 to Sep 10
Double-crested Cormorant <i>phalacrocorax auritus</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3478</u>	Breeds Apr 20 to Aug 31
Dunlin <i>Calidris alpina arcticola</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA	Breeds elsewhere
Eastern Whip-poor-will <i>Antrostomus vociferus</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds May 1 to Aug 20
Golden Eagle Aquila chrysaetos This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1680</u>	Breeds elsewhere
Golden-winged Warbler Vermivora chrysoptera This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8745</u>	Breeds May 1 to Jul 20
Great Black-backed Gull <i>Larus marinus</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds Apr 15 to Aug 20
Gull-billed Tern <i>Gelochelidon nilotica</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9501</u>	Breeds May 1 to Jul 31

NAME	BREEDING SEASON
Herring Gull <i>Larus argentatus</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds Apr 20 to Aug 31
Hudsonian Godwit <i>Limosa haemastica</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds elsewhere
Kentucky Warbler <i>Oporornis formosus</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds Apr 20 to Aug 20
King Rail <i>Rallus elegans</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8936</u>	Breeds May 1 to Sep 5
Least Tern <i>Sterna antillarum</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA	Breeds Apr 20 to Sep 10
Lesser Yellowlegs <i>Tringa flavipes</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9679</u>	Breeds elsewhere
Long-tailed Duck Clangula hyemalis This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/7238</u>	Breeds elsewhere
Nelson's Sparrow <i>Ammodramus nelsoni</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds May 15 to Sep 5
Northern Gannet <i>Morus bassanus</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds elsewhere
Parasitic Jaeger <i>Stercorarius parasiticus</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds elsewhere

NAME	BREEDING SEASON
Prairie Warbler <i>Dendroica discolor</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds May 1 to Jul 31
Prothonotary Warbler <i>Protonotaria citrea</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds Apr 1 to Jul 31
Purple Sandpiper <i>Calidris maritima</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds elsewhere
Red Phalarope <i>Phalaropus fulicarius</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds elsewhere
Red-breasted Merganser <i>Mergus serrator</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds elsewhere
Red-headed Woodpecker <i>Melanerpes erythrocephalus</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds May 10 to Sep 10
Red-necked Phalarope <i>Phalaropus lobatus</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds elsewhere
Red-throated Loon <i>Gavia stellata</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds elsewhere
Ring-billed Gull <i>Larus delawarensis</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds elsewhere
Royal Tern <i>Thalasseus maximus</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds Apr 15 to Aug 31

NAME	BREEDING SEASON
Ruddy Turnstone Arenaria interpres morinella This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA	Breeds elsewhere
Rusty Blackbird <i>Euphagus carolinus</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds elsewhere
Seaside Sparrow <i>Ammodramus maritimus</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds May 10 to Aug 20
Semipalmated Sandpiper <i>Calidris pusilla</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds elsewhere
Short-billed Dowitcher Limnodromus griseus This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9480</u>	Breeds elsewhere
Snowy Owl <i>Bubo scandiacus</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds elsewhere
Surf Scoter <i>Melanitta perspicillata</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds elsewhere
Whimbrel Numenius phaeopus This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9483	Breeds elsewhere
White-winged Scoter <i>Melanitta fusca</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds elsewhere
Willet <i>Tringa semipalmata</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds Apr 20 to Aug 5
Wood Thrush <i>Hylocichla mustelina</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds May 10 to Aug 31

# **Probability Of Presence Summary**

The graphs below provide our best understanding of when birds of concern are most likely to be present in your project area. This information can be used to tailor and schedule your project activities to avoid or minimize impacts to birds. Please make sure you read and understand the FAQ "Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report" before using or attempting to interpret this report.

## Probability of Presence (

Each green bar represents the bird's relative probability of presence in the 10km grid cell(s) your project overlaps during a particular week of the year. (A year is represented as 12 4-week months.) A taller bar indicates a higher probability of species presence. The survey effort (see below) can be used to establish a level of confidence in the presence score. One can have higher confidence in the presence score if the corresponding survey effort is also high.

How is the probability of presence score calculated? The calculation is done in three steps:

- 1. The probability of presence for each week is calculated as the number of survey events in the week where the species was detected divided by the total number of survey events for that week. For example, if in week 12 there were 20 survey events and the Spotted Towhee was found in 5 of them, the probability of presence of the Spotted Towhee in week 12 is 0.25.
- 2. To properly present the pattern of presence across the year, the relative probability of presence is calculated. This is the probability of presence divided by the maximum probability of presence across all weeks. For example, imagine the probability of presence in week 20 for the Spotted Towhee is 0.05, and that the probability of presence at week 12 (0.25) is the maximum of any week of the year. The relative probability of presence on week 12 is 0.25/0.25 = 1; at week 20 it is 0.05/0.25 = 0.2.
- 3. The relative probability of presence calculated in the previous step undergoes a statistical conversion so that all possible values fall between 0 and 10, inclusive. This is the probability of presence score.

## Breeding Season (=)

Yellow bars denote a very liberal estimate of the time-frame inside which the bird breeds across its entire range. If there are no yellow bars shown for a bird, it does not breed in your project area.

## Survey Effort ()

Vertical black lines superimposed on probability of presence bars indicate the number of surveys performed for that species in the 10km grid cell(s) your project area overlaps. The number of surveys is expressed as a range, for example, 33 to 64 surveys.

## No Data (-)

A week is marked as having no data if there were no survey events for that week.

## **Survey Timeframe**

Surveys from only the last 10 years are used in order to ensure delivery of currently relevant information. The exception to this is areas off the Atlantic coast, where bird returns are based on all years of available data, since data in these areas is currently much more sparse.

		probability of presen	ce 📕 breeding season	survey effort — no data
SPECIES American Oystercatcher BCC Rangewide (CON)	JAN FEB MAR	APR MAY JUN	JUL AUG SEP	OCT NOV DEC
Bald Eagle Non-BCC Vulnerable			++0+00000000000000000000000000000000000	
Black Scoter Non-BCC Vulnerable	<b>#</b> #+# <b>####</b> ##+#	<b> +</b> ₩++ +++++	╴║┾┼┽╶┼┼║┽╶┼┼┼┥	++++       ++
Black Skimmer BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++ ++++			<b>Ⅲ</b> ┼₩┼ ┼┼┼┼ ┼┼┼┼
Black-billed Cuckoo BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++ ++++	· ++++ + <mark>+</mark> ++ ∎+++	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	<mark>┼</mark> ┨┽┽ ┽┽┽┽ ┽┽┽┽
Bobolink BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++ ++++	╴┼┼┼┼╶┼ <mark>╪</mark> ╋╂╴ <del>╏</del> ╏╏╴	· X+++ ++XX XX+	#+++ ++++
Bonaparte's Gull Non-BCC Vulnerable	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	. ₩┼┼┼ ₩┼┼┼ ++++	╴┼┼┼┼╶┼┼┼┤║	<b>  ++++ ⊪+++ +++</b> +
Brown Pelican Non-BCC Vulnerable	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++		<b>I</b> -++ <b>-</b> ++ <b>1</b> -+++	+++++
Buff-breasted Sandpiper BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++ ++++	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	+++++++++	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Canada Warbler BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++ ++++	╴┼┼┼┼╶┼ <mark>╪</mark> ╪╂╴╂┼┠┥	<mark>╶┼┼┼┼</mark> ┼╢┼┼┼┤	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
Clapper Rail BCC - BCR	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++			<b></b>
Common Eider Non-BCC Vulnerable	<b>****</b>	· +++++ <mark>++-</mark> -	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	++1+
Common Loon Non-BCC Vulnerable		<b>│┼╪║╪╺┿╪╪╪╶┼┼┼</b> ┤	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	<mark>┼┼╪║</mark> ┼╪┼║┼┼║║
Common Tern Non-BCC Vulnerable	++++ ++++	· ++++ <b>QI + Q X</b>	III + IIII I + + -	- ++++ ++++
Double-crested Cormorant Non-BCC Vulnerable	\$8+8 <b>+</b> \$\$8 888			
Dunlin BCC - BCR			++## ++## ###	

SPECIES Eastern Whip-poor- will BCC Rangewide (CON)	JAN ++++	FEB ++++	MAR ++++	APR ++++	MAY	JUN	JUL ++++	AUG ++++	SEP ∎+++	ост ++++	NOV ++++	DEC - ++++
Golden Eagle Non-BCC Vulnerable	++++	∎+++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	+++	+	++++
Golden-winged Warbler BCC Rangewide (CON) Great Black-backed	++++	++++	++++	++++			++++	++++	┼┼╪┼	++++	++++	· + + + +
Gull Non-BCC Vulnerable										1111		
Gull-billed Tern BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++	++++	++++	+++					++++	┼┼║┼	++++	- ++++
Herring Gull Non-BCC Vulnerable								1111				
Hudsonian Godwit BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	+++#	∎┼┼ᄈ	++++	++++	- ++++
Kentucky Warbler BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++	++++	++++	++++	<b>  </b>	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	- ++++
King Rail BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++	++++	++++	++++	┼∎╂┼	++++	++++	++++	<u>+</u> +++	++++	++++	- ++++
Least Tern BCC - BCR	++++	++++	++++	++ <mark>+</mark> ∔	<b>↓</b> ↓↓↓	┼₡ҴҴ	1+11		<del>↓</del> <u></u> ↓∔	++++	++++	- ++++
Lesser Yellowlegs BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++	++++	┼┼┼║			<b> </b> ++ <b> </b>					₽₽₽₽	•
Long-tailed Duck Non-BCC Vulnerable	<b> </b>		<b> </b>	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	+++	++
Nelson's Sparrow BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++	++++	++++	++++	┼╪┽┼	++++	++++	++++	<mark>+</mark> +++	┼┼┼║	┼║┼┤	- ++++
Northern Gannet Non-BCC Vulnerable	∎+++	+++∎	┼┼ᄜᄈ	┼╪╪┼	<b>₩</b> <u>+</u> ++	++++	++++	+#++	++++	++++	₩ <b>∐</b> +∥	++++
Parasitic Jaeger Non-BCC Vulnerable	++++	++++	++++	++-+	-++-	++	+-++	-++++	-++++	++	1	++
Prairie Warbler BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++	++++	++++	++	<b>₽₽₽</b> +	++++	++++	┼◍ॖॖॖॖॖॏॏ	■Ⅲ单十	+##+	++++	- ++++
Prothonotary Warbler BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++	++++	++++	++++	$\left  \right  \left  \right $	++++	++++	+   ++	++++	++++	++++	- ++++
Purple Sandpiper BCC Rangewide (CON)	+++	1+11	+	++-+	-++-	++	+-++	-++++	-++++	++	1+	1-1
Red Phalarope Non-BCC Vulnerable	++++	++++	++++	++++	<b>#</b> +++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	- ++++
Red-breasted Merganser Non-BCC Vulnerable					<b>#</b> +++	++++	++++	++++	++++	┼┼┼║	+	<b>#</b> [+]
Red-headed Woodpecker BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++	++++	┼┼鯽ᄈ	┼┼┼╪	┼╪╋╪┼	++++	<b>∔∎</b> +∔	++++	<mark>┼┼</mark> ф┼	₩+++	++++	- + <mark>1</mark> ++

SPECIES	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC
Red-necked Phalarope Non-BCC Vulnerable	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	┼┼║┼	+⊪∔∔	++++	++++	++++
Red-throated Loon BCC Rangewide (CON)	<b>*</b> +++		*	┼╪╪╟┼	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	⊯∎∔≢	++
Ring-billed Gull Non-BCC Vulnerable						+ <b>]]]</b>						
Royal Tern Non-BCC Vulnerable	++++	++++	++++	+	<b>┿┿</b> ┼┼		<b>[</b> ++#	┼┼║║	I		₩+++	++++
Ruddy Turnstone BCC - BCR	∎++∎	++++	₩++₩	++++	¢∐∎∎		+++		**+*	₩+₩+	₩₩┼₩	++
Rusty Blackbird BCC Rangewide (CON)	<b>₩</b> ++ <b>₩</b>	+++∎		++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	+	++
Seaside Sparrow BCC Rangewide (CON)	<b>#</b> +++	++++	++++	┼╫║║			11+1	‡∐∎		║┼┼║	₩+++	+++
Semipalmated Sandpiper BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++	++++	++++	++		<b>    </b> +					+++#	++++
Short-billed Dowitcher BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++	++++	++++	┼╪╪║						<b>.</b>	┼┼┼ф	++++
Snowy Owl BCC Rangewide (CON)	111+	++∎+	+++#	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	+++	+
Surf Scoter Non-BCC Vulnerable	∎∎++	++   +	+++	┼╪╪┼	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	┼┼┼║	++++
Whimbrel BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++	++++	++++	┼╪╪║		++++			I	++++	++++	++++
White-winged Scoter Non-BCC Vulnerable	₩₩++	₩++Ш	₩┼┼₩	++++	┼╪┼┼	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++	₩+++	++++
Willet BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++	++#+	++++	+					###B	++##	++++	++++
Wood Thrush BCC Rangewide (CON)	++++	++++	++++	┼┼┼╪	₽ <mark>₽₽</mark> ₽	++++	1+++	++++	++++	++++	++++	++++

## Additional information can be found using the following links:

- Birds of Conservation Concern <u>http://www.fws.gov/birds/management/managed-species/</u> <u>birds-of-conservation-concern.php</u>
- Measures for avoiding and minimizing impacts to birds <u>http://www.fws.gov/birds/</u> <u>management/project-assessment-tools-and-guidance/</u> conservation-measures.php
- Nationwide conservation measures for birds <u>http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/pdf/management/nationwidestandardconservationmeasures.pdf</u>

## **Migratory Birds FAQ**

# Tell me more about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds.

<u>Nationwide Conservation Measures</u> describes measures that can help avoid and minimize impacts to all birds at any location year round. Implementation of these measures is particularly important when birds are most likely to occur in the project area. When birds may be breeding in the area, identifying the locations of any active nests and avoiding their destruction is a very helpful impact minimization measure. To see when birds are most likely to occur and be breeding in your project area, view the Probability of Presence Summary. <u>Additional measures</u> and/or <u>permits</u> may be advisable depending on the type of activity you are conducting and the type of infrastructure or bird species present on your project site.

# What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The Migratory Bird Resource List is comprised of USFWS <u>Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (<u>BCC</u>) and other species that may warrant special attention in your project location.

The migratory bird list generated for your project is derived from data provided by the <u>Avian</u> <u>Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. The AKN data is based on a growing collection of <u>survey</u>, <u>banding</u>, <u>and citizen science datasets</u> and is queried and filtered to return a list of those birds reported as occurring in the 10km grid cell(s) which your project intersects, and that have been identified as warranting special attention because they are a BCC species in that area, an eagle (<u>Eagle Act</u> requirements may apply), or a species that has a particular vulnerability to offshore activities or development.

Again, the Migratory Bird Resource list includes only a subset of birds that may occur in your project area. It is not representative of all birds that may occur in your project area. To get a list of all birds potentially present in your project area, please visit the <u>AKN Phenology Tool</u>.

# What does IPaC use to generate the probability of presence graphs for the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The probability of presence graphs associated with your migratory bird list are based on data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. This data is derived from a growing collection of <u>survey</u>, <u>banding</u>, <u>and citizen science datasets</u>.

Probability of presence data is continuously being updated as new and better information becomes available. To learn more about how the probability of presence graphs are produced and how to interpret them, go the Probability of Presence Summary and then click on the "Tell me about these graphs" link.

# How do I know if a bird is breeding, wintering, migrating or present year-round in my project area?

To see what part of a particular bird's range your project area falls within (i.e. breeding, wintering, migrating or year-round), you may refer to the following resources: <u>The Cornell Lab</u> <u>of Ornithology All About Birds Bird Guide</u>, or (if you are unsuccessful in locating the bird of

interest there), the <u>Cornell Lab of Ornithology Neotropical Birds guide</u>. If a bird on your migratory bird species list has a breeding season associated with it, if that bird does occur in your project area, there may be nests present at some point within the timeframe specified. If "Breeds elsewhere" is indicated, then the bird likely does not breed in your project area.

#### What are the levels of concern for migratory birds?

Migratory birds delivered through IPaC fall into the following distinct categories of concern:

- 1. "BCC Rangewide" birds are <u>Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) that are of concern throughout their range anywhere within the USA (including Hawaii, the Pacific Islands, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands);
- 2. "BCC BCR" birds are BCCs that are of concern only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA; and
- 3. "Non-BCC Vulnerable" birds are not BCC species in your project area, but appear on your list either because of the <u>Eagle Act</u> requirements (for eagles) or (for non-eagles) potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities (e.g. offshore energy development or longline fishing).

Although it is important to try to avoid and minimize impacts to all birds, efforts should be made, in particular, to avoid and minimize impacts to the birds on this list, especially eagles and BCC species of rangewide concern. For more information on conservation measures you can implement to help avoid and minimize migratory bird impacts and requirements for eagles, please see the FAQs for these topics.

#### Details about birds that are potentially affected by offshore projects

For additional details about the relative occurrence and abundance of both individual bird species and groups of bird species within your project area off the Atlantic Coast, please visit the <u>Northeast Ocean Data Portal</u>. The Portal also offers data and information about other taxa besides birds that may be helpful to you in your project review. Alternately, you may download the bird model results files underlying the portal maps through the <u>NOAA NCCOS Integrative Statistical</u> <u>Modeling and Predictive Mapping of Marine Bird Distributions and Abundance on the Atlantic</u> <u>Outer Continental Shelf</u> project webpage.

Bird tracking data can also provide additional details about occurrence and habitat use throughout the year, including migration. Models relying on survey data may not include this information. For additional information on marine bird tracking data, see the <u>Diving Bird Study</u> and the <u>nanotag studies</u> or contact <u>Caleb Spiegel</u> or <u>Pam Loring</u>.

#### What if I have eagles on my list?

If your project has the potential to disturb or kill eagles, you may need to <u>obtain a permit</u> to avoid violating the Eagle Act should such impacts occur.

## Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report

The migratory bird list generated is not a list of all birds in your project area, only a subset of birds of priority concern. To learn more about how your list is generated, and see options for identifying what other birds may be in your project area, please see the FAQ "What does IPaC

use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location". Please be aware this report provides the "probability of presence" of birds within the 10 km grid cell(s) that overlap your project; not your exact project footprint. On the graphs provided, please also look carefully at the survey effort (indicated by the black vertical bar) and for the existence of the "no data" indicator (a red horizontal bar). A high survey effort is the key component. If the survey effort is high, then the probability of presence score can be viewed as more dependable. In contrast, a low survey effort bar or no data bar means a lack of data and, therefore, a lack of certainty about presence of the species. This list is not perfect; it is simply a starting point for identifying what birds of concern have the potential to be in your project area, when they might be there, and if they might be breeding (which means nests might be present). The list helps you know what to look for to confirm presence, and helps guide you in knowing when to implement conservation measures to avoid or minimize potential impacts from your project activities, should presence be confirmed. To learn more about conservation measures, visit the FAQ "Tell me about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds" at the bottom of your migratory bird trust resources page.

# Wetlands

Impacts to <u>NWI wetlands</u> and other aquatic habitats may be subject to regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, or other State/Federal statutes.

For more information please contact the Regulatory Program of the local <u>U.S. Army Corps of</u> <u>Engineers District</u>.

Please note that the NWI data being shown may be out of date. We are currently working to update our NWI data set. We recommend you verify these results with a site visit to determine the actual extent of wetlands on site.

ESTUARINE AND MARINE DEEPWATER

- <u>E1UBLx</u>
- <u>E1UBL6</u>

ESTUARINE AND MARINE WETLAND

- <u>E2EM1P</u>
- <u>E2EM5P</u>
- <u>E2SS1/EM1P</u>
- <u>E2EM1Pd</u>

FRESHWATER EMERGENT WETLAND

• <u>PEM1E</u>

FRESHWATER FORESTED/SHRUB WETLAND

- <u>PFO1/SS1E</u>
- <u>PFO1D</u>
- <u>PFO1E</u>
- <u>PFO4D</u>

RIVERINE

- <u>R5UBH</u>
- <u>R4SBC</u>
- <u>R5UBFx</u>



State of New Jersey

MAIL CODE 501-04 DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION OF PARKS & FORESTRY NEW JERSEY FOREST SERVICE OFFICE OF NATURAL LANDS MANAGEMENT P.O. BOX 420 TRENTON, NJ 08625-0420 Tel. (609) 984-1339 Fax (609) 984-0427

CATHERINE R. McCABE Commissioner

December 7, 2020

Scott McBurney EDR 121 Midland Road Wrightstown, PA 18940

PHILIP D. MURPHY

SHEILA Y. OLIVER

Lt. Governor

Governor

Re: Cardiff Onshore Cable Route and Substations Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville and Atlantic Cities, Atlantic County

Dear Mr. McBurney:

Thank you for your data request regarding rare species information for the above referenced project site.

Searches of the Natural Heritage Database and the Landscape Project (Version 3.3) are based on a representation of the boundaries of your project site in our Geographic Information System (GIS). We make every effort to accurately transfer your project bounds from the topographic map(s) submitted with the Natural Heritage Data Request Form into our Geographic Information System. We do not typically verify that your project bounds are accurate, or check them against other sources.

We have checked the Landscape Project habitat mapping and the Biotics Database for occurrences of any rare wildlife species or wildlife habitat on the referenced site. The Natural Heritage Database was searched for occurrences of rare plant species or ecological communities that may be on the project site. Please refer to Table 1 (attached) to determine if any rare plant species, ecological communities, or rare wildlife species or wildlife habitat are documented on site. A detailed report is provided for each category coded as 'Yes' in Table 1.

We have also checked the Landscape Project habitat mapping and Biotics Database for occurrences of rare wildlife species or wildlife habitat in the immediate vicinity (within ¼ mile) of the referenced site. Additionally, the Natural Heritage Database was checked for occurrences of rare plant species or ecological communities within ¼ mile of the site. Please refer to Table 2 (attached) to determine if any rare plant species, ecological communities, or rare wildlife species or wildlife habitat are documented within the immediate vicinity of the site. Detailed reports are provided for all categories coded as 'Yes' in Table 2. These reports may include species that have also been documented on the project site.

We have also checked the Landscape Project habitat mapping and Biotics Database for all occurrences of rare wildlife species or wildlife habitat within one mile of the referenced site. Please refer to Table 3 (attached) to determine if any rare wildlife species or wildlife habitat is documented within one mile of the project site. Detailed reports are provided for each category coded as 'Yes' in Table 3. These reports may include species that have also been documented on the project site.

For requests submitted in order to make a riparian zone width determination as part of a Flood Hazard Area Control Act (FHACA) rule application, we report records for all rare plant species and ecological communities tracked by the Natural Heritage Program that may be on, or in the immediate vicinity of, your project site. A subset of these plant species are also covered by the FHACA rules when the records are located within one mile of the project site. One mile searches for FHACA plant species will only report precisely located occurrences for those wetland plant species identified under the FHACA regulations as being critically dependent on the watercourse. Please refer to Table 3 (attached) to determine if any precisely located rare wetland plant species covered by the FHACA rules have been documented. Detailed reports are

provided for each category coded as 'Yes' in Table 3. These reports may include species that have also been documented on, or in the immediate vicinity of, the project site.

The Natural Heritage Program reviews its data periodically to identify priority sites for natural diversity in the State. Included as priority sites are some of the State's best habitats for rare and endangered species and ecological communities. Please refer to Tables 1, 2 and 3 (attached) to determine if any priority sites are located on, in the immediate vicinity, or within one mile of the project site.

A list of rare plant species and ecological communities that have been documented from the county (or counties), referenced above, can be downloaded from http://www.state.nj.us/dep/parksandforests/natural/heritage/countylist.html. If suitable habitat is present at the project site, the species in that list have potential to be present.

Status and rank codes used in the tables and lists are defined in EXPLANATION OF CODES USED IN NATURAL HERITAGE REPORTS, which can be downloaded from http://www.state.nj.us/dep/parksandforests/natural/heritage/nhpcodes\_2010.pdf.

Beginning May 9, 2017, the Natural Heritage Program reports for wildlife species will utilize data from Landscape Project Version 3.3. If you have questions concerning the wildlife records or wildlife species mentioned in this response, we recommend that you visit the interactive web application at the following URL, https://njdep.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=0e6a44098c524ed99bf739953cb4d4c7, or contact the Division of Fish and Wildlife, Endangered and Nongame Species Program at (609) 292-9400.

For additional information regarding any Federally listed plant or animal species, please contact the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, New Jersey Field Office at http://www.fws.gov/northeast/njfieldoffice/endangered/consultation.html.

PLEASE SEE 'CAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS ON NHP DATA', which can be downloaded from http://www.state.nj.us/dep/parksandforests/natural/heritage/newcaution2008.pdf.

Thank you for consulting the Natural Heritage Program. The attached invoice details the payment due for processing this data request. Feel free to contact us again regarding any future data requests.

Sincerely,

Robert J. Cartica Administrator

c: NHP File No. 20-3907445-20596

# Table 1: On Site Data Request Search Results (6 Possible Reports)

<u>Report Name</u>	<b>Included</b>	Number of Pages
1. Possibly on Project Site Based on Search of Natural Heritage Database: Rare Plant Species and Ecological Communities Currently Recorded in the New Jersey Natural Heritage Database	No	0 pages included
2. Natural Heritage Priority Sites On Site	No	0 pages included
3. Rare Wildlife Species or Wildlife Habitat on the Project Site Based on Search of Landscape Project 3.3 Species Based Patches	Yes	2 page(s) included
4. Vernal Pool Habitat on the Project Site Based on Search of Landscape Project 3.3	No	0 pages included
5. Rare Wildlife Species or Wildlife Habitat on the Project Site Based on Search of Landscape Project 3.3 Stream Habitat File	No	0 pages included
6. Other Animal Species On the Project Site Based on Additional Species Tracked by Endangered and Nongame Species Program	No	0 pages included

## Rare Wildlife Species or Wildlife Habitat on the Project Site Based on Search of Landscape Project 3.3 Species Based Patches

Class	Common Name	Scientific Name	Feature Type	Rank	Federal Protection Status	State Protection Status	Grank	Srank
Amphibia								
	Pine Barrens Treefrog	Hyla andersonii	Breeding Sighting	3	NA	State Threatened	G4	S2
Aves								
	Bald Eagle	Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Foraging	4	NA	State Endangered	G5	\$1B,\$2N
	Barred Owl	Strix varia	Breeding Sighting	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S2N
	Barred Owl	Strix varia	Non-breeding Sighting	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S2N
	Black Skimmer	Rynchops niger	Foraging	4	NA	State Endangered	G5	S1B,S1N
	Black-crowned Night- heron	Nycticorax nycticorax	Foraging	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S3N
	Caspian Tern	Hydroprogne caspia	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Cattle Egret	Bubulcus ibis	Foraging	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S3N
	Common Tern	Sterna hirundo	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Common Tern	Sterna hirundo	Nesting Colony	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Glossy Ibis	Plegadis falcinellus	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Great Blue Heron	Ardea herodias	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Gull-billed Tern	Gelochelidon nilotica	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S3N

# Rare Wildlife Species or Wildlife Habitat on the Project Site Based on Search of Landscape Project 3.3 Species Based Patches

Class	Common Name	Scientific Name	Feature Type	Rank	Federal Protection Status	State Protection Status	Grank	Srank
	Gull-billed Tern	Gelochelidon nilotica	Nesting Colony	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	\$3B,\$3N
	Least Tern	Sternula antillarum	Foraging	4	NA	State Endangered	G4	S1B,S1N
	Little Blue Heron	Egretta caerulea	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S3N
	Osprey	Pandion haliaetus	Foraging	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S4N
	Osprey	Pandion haliaetus	Nest	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S4N
	Peregrine Falcon	Falco peregrinus	Urban Nest	4	NA	State Endangered	G4	S1B,S3N
	Snowy Egret	Egretta thula	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Tricolored Heron	Egretta tricolor	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S3N
	Worm-eating Warbler	Helmitheros vermivorum	Breeding Sighting	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Yellow-crowned Night- heron	Nyctanassa violacea	Foraging	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S2N
Mammalia	Northern Myotis	Myotis septentrionalis	Active Season Sighting	5	Federally Listed Threatened	NA	G1G2	S1
Reptilia	Spotted Turtle	Clemmys guttata	Occupied Habitat	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3

# Table 2: Vicinity Data Request Search Results (6 possible reports)

<u>Report Name</u>	<b>Included</b>	Number of Pages
1. Immediate Vicinity of the Project Site Based on Search of Natural Heritage Database: Rare Plant Species and Ecological Communities Currently Recorded in the New Jersey Natural Heritage Database	No	0 pages included
2. Natural Heritage Priority Sites within the Immediate Vicinity	No	0 pages included
3. Rare Wildlife Species or Wildlife Habitat Within the Immediate Vicinity of the Project Site Based on Search of Landscape Project 3.3 Species Based Patches	Yes	3 page(s) included
4. Vernal Pool Habitat In the Immediate Vicinity of Project Site Based on Search of Landscape Project 3.3	Yes	1 page(s) included
5. Rare Wildlife Species or Wildlife Habitat In the Immediate Vicinity of the Project Site Based on Search of Landscape Project 3.3 Stream Habitat File	No	0 pages included
6. Other Animal Species In the Immediate Vicinity of the Project Site Based on Additional Species Tracked by Endangered and Nongame Species Program	No	0 pages included

Class	Common Name S	Immediat	Rare Wildlife Species or Wildlife Habitat Within the Immediate Vicinity of the Project Site Based on Search of Landscape Project 3.3 Species Based Patches						
		Scientific Name	Feature Type	Rank	Federal Protection Status	State Protection Status	Grank	Srank	
Amphibia									
	Pine Barrens Treefrog	Hyla andersonii	Breeding Sighting	3	NA	State Threatened	G4	<b>S</b> 2	
	Pine Barrens Treefrog	Hyla andersonii	Occupied Habitat	3	NA	State Threatened	G4	S2	
lves									
	Bald Eagle	Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Foraging	4	NA	State Endangered	G5	S1B,S2N	
	Barred Owl	Strix varia	Breeding Sighting	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S2N	
	Barred Owl	Strix varia	Non-breeding Sighting	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S2N	
	Black Skimmer	Rynchops niger	Foraging	4	NA	State Endangered	G5	S1B,S1N	
	Black-crowned Night- heron	Nycticorax nycticorax	Foraging	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S3N	
	Black-crowned Night- heron	Nycticorax nycticorax	Nesting Colony	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S3N	
	Caspian Tern	Hydroprogne caspia	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N	
	Cattle Egret	Bubulcus ibis	Foraging	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S3N	
	Common Tern	Sterna hirundo	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N	
	Common Tern	Sterna hirundo	Nesting Colony	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N	
	Glossy Ibis	Plegadis falcinellus	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N	
	Great Blue Heron	Ardea herodias	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N	

		Immediat	/ildlife Species or ` e Vicinity of the P ndscape Project 3	f				
Class	Common Name	Scientific Name	Feature Type	Rank	Federal Protection Status	State Protection Status	Grank	Srank
	Gull-billed Tern	Gelochelidon nilotica	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S3N
	Gull-billed Tern	Gelochelidon nilotica	Nesting Colony	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S3N
	Least Tern	Sternula antillarum	Foraging	4	NA	State Endangered	G4	S1B,S1N
	Little Blue Heron	Egretta caerulea	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S3N
	Northern Harrier	Circus cyaneus	Breeding Sighting	4	NA	State Endangered	G5	S1B,S3N
	Osprey	Pandion haliaetus	Foraging	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S4N
	Osprey	Pandion haliaetus	Nest	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S4N
	Peregrine Falcon	Falco peregrinus	Urban Nest	4	NA	State Endangered	G4	S1B,S3N
	Snowy Egret	Egretta thula	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Snowy Egret	Egretta thula	Nesting Colony	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Tricolored Heron	Egretta tricolor	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S3N
	Wood Thrush	Hylocichla mustelina	Breeding Sighting	2	NA	Special Concern	G4	S3B,S4N
	Worm-eating Warbler	Helmitheros vermivorum	Breeding Sighting	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Yellow-crowned Night-heron	Nyctanassa violacea	Foraging	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S2N
	Yellow-crowned Night-heron	Nyctanassa violacea	Nesting Colony	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S2N

		Immedia	Vildlife Species or te Vicinity of the P ndscape Project 3.	roject Site	Based on Search o	f		
Class	Common Name	Scientific Name	Feature Type	Rank	Federal Protection Status	State Protection Status	Grank	Srank
Mammalia								
	Fin Whale	Balaenoptera physalus	Live Individual Sighting	5	Federally Listed Endangered	State Endangered	G3G4	S1
	Humpback Whale	Megaptera novaeangliae	Live Individual Sighting	5	Federally Listed Endangered	State Endangered	G4	S1
	North Atlantic Right Whale	Eubalaena glacialis	Live Individual Sighting	5	Federally Listed Endangered	State Endangered	G1	S1
	Northern Myotis	Myotis septentrionalis	Active Season Sighting	5	Federally Listed Threatened	NA	G1G2	S1
Reptilia								
	Atlantic Leatherback	Dermochelys coriacea	Occupied Habitat	5	Federally Listed Endangered	State Endangered	G2	S1
	Atlantic Loggerhead	Caretta caretta	Occupied Habitat	5	Federally Listed Threatened	State Endangered	G3	S1
	Spotted Turtle	Clemmys guttata	Occupied Habitat	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	<b>S</b> 3

Vernal Pool Habitat
In the Immediate Vicinity of
Project Site Based on Search of
Landscape Project 3.3
Vernal Pool Habitat ID

254

Potential vernal habitat area

Vernal Pool Habitat Type

Total number of records: 1

# Table 3: Within 1 Mile for Riparian Zone Width Determination(6 possible reports)

<u>Report Name</u>	<b>Included</b>	Number of Pages
1. Rare Plant Species Occurrences for Riparian Zone Width Determination (Flood Hazard Area Control Act Rule Appplication) - Within One Mile of the Project Site Based on Search of Natural Heritage Database	Yes	1 page(s) included
2. Natural Heritage Priority Sites for Riparian Zone Width Determination - Within One Mile of the Project Site	No	0 pages included
3. Rare Wildlife Species or Wildlife Habitat for Riparian Zone Width Determination - Within One Mile of the Project Site Based on Search of Landscape Project 3.3 Species Based Patches	Yes	4 page(s) included
4. Vernal Pool Habitat for Riparian Zone Width Determination - Within One Mile of the Project Site Based on Search of Landscape Project 3.3	Yes	1 page(s) included
5. Rare Wildlife Species or Wildlife Habitat for Riparian Zone Width Determination - Within One Mile of the Project Site Based on Search of Landscape Project 3.3 Stream Habitat File	No	0 pages included
6. Other Animal Species for Riparian Zone Width Determination - Within One Mile of the Project Site Based on Additional Species Tracked by Endangered and Nongame Species Program	Yes	1 page(s) included

		(Flood 1	Rare Plant Species Occurrences for Riparian Zone Width Determination (Flood Hazard Area Control Act Rule Appplication) Within One Mile of the Project Site Based on Search of Natural Heritage Database					
Scientific Name	Common Name	Federal Protection Status	State Protection Status	Regional Status	Grank	Srank	Identified	Last Observed
Vascular Plants								
Eupatorium resinosum	Pine Barren Boneset		Е	LP, HL	G3	S2	Y	1999-10-01
Total number of reco	ords: 1							

	[]	Rare Wildlife Species or Wildlife Habitat for Riparian Zone Width Determination Within One Mile of the Project Site Based on Search of Landscape Project 3.3 Species Based Patches						
Class	Common Name	Scientific Name	Feature Type	Rank	Federal Protection Status	State Protection Status	Grank	Srank
Amphibia								
	Marbled Salamander	Ambystoma opacum	Occupied Habitat	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3
	Marbled Salamander	Ambystoma opacum	Vernal Pool Breeding	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3
	Pine Barrens Treefrog	Hyla andersonii	Breeding Sighting	3	NA	State Threatened	G4	S2
	Pine Barrens Treefrog	Hyla andersonii	Occupied Habitat	3	NA	State Threatened	G4	S2
	Pine Barrens Treefrog	Hyla andersonii	Vernal Pool Breeding	3	NA	State Threatened	G4	S2
ves								
	Bald Eagle	Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Foraging	4	NA	State Endangered	G5	S1B,S2N
	Barred Owl	Strix varia	Breeding Sighting	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S2N
	Barred Owl	Strix varia	Non-breeding Sighting	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S2N
	Black Skimmer	Rynchops niger	Foraging	4	NA	State Endangered	G5	S1B,S1N
	Black-crowned Night-heron	Nycticorax nycticorax	Foraging	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S3N

Monday, December 7, 2020

		Rare Wildlife Specie Based on Se						
Class	Common Name	Scientific Name	Feature Type	Rank	Federal Protection Status	State Protection Status	Grank	Srank
	Black-crowned Night-heron	Nycticorax nycticorax	Nesting Colony	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S3N
	Caspian Tern	Hydroprogne caspia	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Cattle Egret	Bubulcus ibis	Foraging	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S3N
	Common Tern	Sterna hirundo	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Common Tern	Sterna hirundo	Nesting Colony	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Cooper's Hawk	Accipiter cooperii	Breeding Sighting	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Cooper's Hawk	Accipiter cooperii	Nest	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Glossy Ibis	Plegadis falcinellus	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Glossy Ibis	Plegadis falcinellus	Nesting Colony	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Great Blue Heron	Ardea herodias	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Great Blue Heron	Ardea herodias	Nesting Colony	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Gull-billed Tern	Gelochelidon nilotica	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S3N
	Gull-billed Tern	Gelochelidon nilotica	Nesting Colony	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S3N
	Least Tern	Sternula antillarum	Foraging	4	NA	State Endangered	G4	\$1B,\$1N

	Rare Wildlife Species or Wildlife Habitat for Riparian Zone Width Determination Within One Mile of the Project Site Based on Search of Landscape Project 3.3 Species Based Patches							
lass	Common Name	Scientific Name	Feature Type	Rank	Federal Protection Status	State Protection Status	Grank	Srank
	Least Tern	Sternula antillarum	Nesting Colony	4	NA	State Endangered	G4	S1B,S1N
	Little Blue Heron	Egretta caerulea	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S3N
	Northern Harrier	Circus cyaneus	Breeding Sighting	4	NA	State Endangered	G5	S1B,S3N
	Osprey	Pandion haliaetus	Foraging	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S4N
	Osprey	Pandion haliaetus	Nest	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S4N
	Peregrine Falcon	Falco peregrinus	Urban Nest	4	NA	State Endangered	G4	S1B,S3N
	Snowy Egret	Egretta thula	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Snowy Egret	Egretta thula	Nesting Colony	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Tricolored Heron	Egretta tricolor	Foraging	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S3N
	Tricolored Heron	Egretta tricolor	Nesting Colony	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S3N
	Wood Thrush	Hylocichla mustelina	Breeding Sighting	2	NA	Special Concern	G4	S3B,S4N
	Worm-eating Warbler	Helmitheros vermivorum	Breeding Sighting	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3B,S4N
	Yellow-crowned Night-heron	Nyctanassa violacea	Foraging	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S2N

	[]	Rare Wildlife Species or Wildlife Habitat for Riparian Zone Width Determination Within One Mile of the Project Site Based on Search of Landscape Project 3.3 Species Based Patches						
Class	Common Name	Scientific Name	Feature Type	Rank	Federal Protection Status	State Protection Status	Grank	Srank
	Yellow-crowned Night-heron	Nyctanassa violacea	Nesting Colony	3	NA	State Threatened	G5	S2B,S2N
Mammalia								
	Fin Whale	Balaenoptera physalus	Live Individual Sighting	5	Federally Listed Endangered	State Endangered	G3G4	S1
	Humpback Whale	Megaptera novaeangliae	Live Individual Sighting	5	Federally Listed Endangered	State Endangered	G4	S1
	North Atlantic Right Whale	Eubalaena glacialis	Live Individual Sighting	5	Federally Listed Endangered	State Endangered	G1	S1
	Northern Myotis	Myotis septentrionalis	Active Season Sighting	5	Federally Listed Threatened	NA	G1G2	S1
Reptilia								
	Atlantic Leatherback	Dermochelys coriacea	Occupied Habitat	5	Federally Listed Endangered	State Endangered	G2	S1
	Atlantic Loggerhead	Caretta caretta	Occupied Habitat	5	Federally Listed Threatened	State Endangered	G3	S1
	Spotted Turtle	Clemmys guttata	Occupied Habitat	2	NA	Special Concern	G5	S3

# Vernal Pool Habitat for Riparian Zone Width Determination Within One Mile of the Project Site Based on Search of Landscape Project 3.3

Vernal Pool Habitat Type	Vernal Pool Habitat ID
Vernal habitat area	2665
Potential vernal habitat area	254
Potential vernal habitat area	275
Potential vernal habitat area	298
Total number of records: 4	

#### Other Animal Species for Riparian Zone Width Determination Within One Mile of the Project Site Based on Additional Species Tracked by Endangered and Nongame Species Program

Scientific Name	Common Name	Federal Protection Status	State Protection Status	Grank	Srank
Vertebrate Animals					
Heterodon platirhinos	Eastern Hognose Snake			G5	S3
Malaclemys terrapin terrapin	Northern Diamondback Terrapin			G4T4Q	\$3
Tursiops truncatus	Bottlenose Dolphin			G5	<b>S</b> 3
Total number of records: 3					

# New Jersey Landscape Regions Results

(Atlantic Coastal and Pinelands)

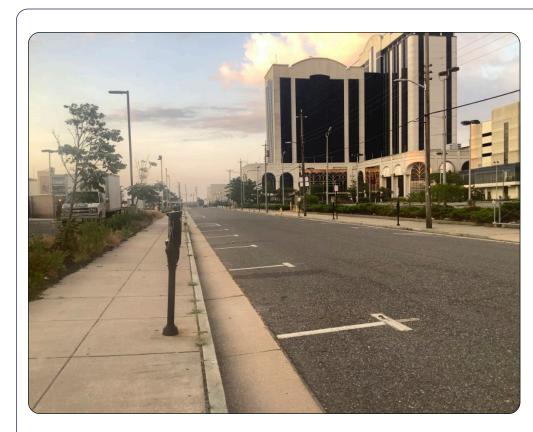
Rank	Cover Type	Land Use	Region	Federally Listed Species Present
1	Forest	Coniferous Brush/Shrubland	Atlantic Coastal	No
1	Forest	Coniferous Forest (>50% Crown Closure)	Pinelands	No
1	Forest	Deciduous Brush/Shrubland	Atlantic Coastal	No
1	Forest	Deciduous Forest (>50% Crown Closure)	Pinelands	No
1	Forest	Deciduous Forest (10-50% Crown Closure)	Pinelands	No
1	Forest	Mixed Deciduous/Coniferous Brush/Shrubland	Atlantic Coastal	No
1	Forest	Mixed Deciduous/Coniferous Brush/Shrubland	Pinelands	No
1	Forest	Mixed Forest (>50% Coniferous With >50% Crown Closure)	Pinelands	No
1	Forest	Mixed Forest (>50% Deciduous With >50% Crown Closure)	Pinelands	No
1	Forest	Old Field (< 25% Brush Covered)	Atlantic Coastal	No
1	Urban	Airport Facilities	Atlantic Coastal	No
1	Urban	Commercial/Services	Atlantic Coastal	No
1	Urban	Commercial/Services	Pinelands	No
1	Urban	Industrial	Atlantic Coastal	No
1	Urban	Other Urban Or Built-Up Land	Atlantic Coastal	No
1	Urban	Other Urban Or Built-Up Land	Pinelands	No
1	Urban	Railroads	Atlantic Coastal	No
1	Urban	Recreational Land	Atlantic Coastal	No
1	Urban	Recreational Land	Pinelands	No
1	Urban	Residential, High Density Or Multiple Dwelling	Atlantic Coastal	No
1	Urban	Residential, Rural, Single Unit	Pinelands	No
1	Urban	Residential, Single Unit, Medium Density	Atlantic Coastal	No
1	Urban	Transportation/Communication/Utilities	Atlantic Coastal	No

Rank	Cover Type	Land Use	Region	Federally Listed Species Present
1	Urban	Transportation/Communication/Utilities	Pinelands	No
1	Urban	Upland Rights-Of-Way Undeveloped	Pinelands	No
1	Wetlands	Coniferous Wooded Wetlands	Pinelands	No
3	Forest	Coniferous Forest (>50% Crown Closure)	Pinelands	No
3	Forest	Coniferous Forest (10-50% Crown Closure)	Pinelands	No
3	Forest	Deciduous Forest (>50% Crown Closure)	Pinelands	No
3	Forest	Mixed Forest (>50% Deciduous With >50% Crown Closure)	Pinelands	No
3	Forest	Mixed Forest (>50% Deciduous With 10-50% Crown Closure)	Pinelands	No
3	Urban	Transportation/Communication/Utilities	Atlantic Coastal	No
3	Urban	Upland Rights-Of-Way Undeveloped	Pinelands	No
3	Wetlands	Coniferous Scrub/Shrub Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal	No
3	Wetlands	Coniferous Wooded Wetlands	Pinelands	No
3	Wetlands	Mixed Scrub/Shrub Wetlands (Deciduous Dom.)	Atlantic Coastal	No
3	Wetlands	Phragmites Dominate Interior Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal	No
4	Water	Bridge Over Water	Atlantic Coastal	No
4	Water	Tidal Rivers, Inland Bays, And Other Tidal Waters	Atlantic Coastal	Yes
4	Water	Tidal Rivers, Inland Bays, And Other Tidal Waters	Atlantic Coastal	No
4	Wetlands	Deciduous Scrub/Shrub Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal	No
4	Wetlands	Herbaceous Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal	No
4	Wetlands	Mixed Scrub/Shrub Wetlands (Deciduous Dom.)	Atlantic Coastal	No
4	Wetlands	Phragmites Dominate Coastal Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal	No
4	Wetlands	Phragmites Dominate Interior Wetlands	Atlantic Coastal	No
4	Wetlands	Saline Marsh (High Marsh)	Atlantic Coastal	No
4	Wetlands	Saline Marsh (Low Marsh)	Atlantic Coastal	No
5	Forest	Coniferous Forest (>50% Crown Closure)	Pinelands	Yes

Rank	Cover Type	Land Use	Region	Federally Listed Species Present
5	Forest	Deciduous Forest (>50% Crown Closure)	Pinelands	Yes
5	Forest	Mixed Forest (>50% Coniferous With >50% Crown Closure)	Pinelands	Yes
5	Forest	Mixed Forest (>50% Deciduous With >50% Crown Closure)	Pinelands	Yes
5	Urban	Upland Rights-Of-Way Undeveloped	Pinelands	Yes

# **APPENDIX C**

Photo Documentation



Location: 39.35266944, -74.45039444

Habitat Type: Developed

**Description:** Urban Habitat in Atlantic City



#### Photo 2

Location: 39.3537, -74.45111944

Habitat Type: Developed

**Description:** Urban Habitat in Atlantic City

#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind Project - Cardiff Onshore Cable Route City of Atlantic City, Pleasantville Borough and Egg Harbor Township, Atlantic City, New Jersey Appendix C: Photo Documentation Sheet 1 of 13





Location: 39.392575, -74.52869444

Habitat Type: Developed

**Description:** Narrow Shrub and Herbaceous Habitat bordering Pedestrian Bike Path

#### Photo 4

Location: 39.39445556, -74.53472222

Habitat Type: Herbaceous Upland

**Description:** Herbaceous Meadow in Abandoned Railroad Bed

#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind Project - Cardiff Onshore Cable Route City of Atlantic City, Pleasantville Borough and Egg Harbor Township, Atlantic City, New Jersey Appendix C: Photo Documentation Sheet 2 of 13





Location: 39.40064722, -74.5549

Habitat Type: Herbaceous Upland

**Description:** Mowed Meadow along Abandoned Railroad Bed

#### Photo 6

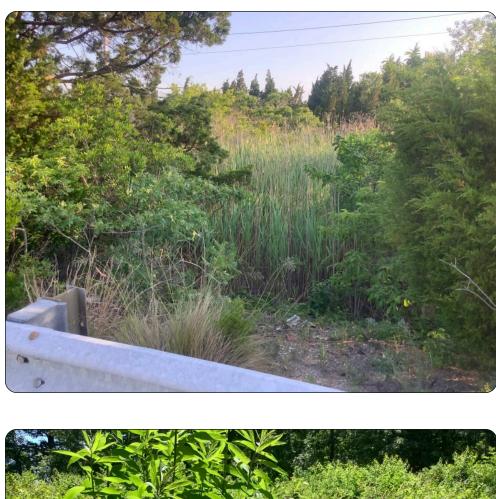
Location: 39.39100556, -74.52333056

Habitat Type: Herbaceous Upland

**Description:** Upland Herbaceous Habitat in Abandoned Railroad Bed, Bordered by Trees and Shrubs.

#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind Project - Cardiff Onshore Cable Route City of Atlantic City, Pleasantville Borough and Egg Harbor Township, Atlantic City, New Jersey Appendix C: Photo Documentation Sheet 3 of 13





Location: 39.37744444, -74.48638056

Habitat Type: Herbaceous Wetland

**Description:** Wetland Bordered by Shrub Habitat along Roadway

#### Photo 8

Location: 39.40438056, -74.56677222

Habitat Type: Herbaceous Wetland

Description: Freshwater Herbaceous Wetland

#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind Project - Cardiff Onshore Cable Route City of Atlantic City, Pleasantville Borough and Egg Harbor Township, Atlantic City, New Jersey Appendix C: Photo Documentation Sheet 4 of 13



<image>



Location: 39.42588056, -74.61401389

Habitat Type: Mixed Forest

**Description:** Mixed Forest Stand along Roadway

#### Photo 10

Location: 39.41922778, -74.61544167

Habitat Type: Mixed Forest

**Description:** Mixed Forest Stand along Roadway

#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind Project - Cardiff Onshore Cable Route City of Atlantic City, Pleasantville Borough and Egg Harbor Township, Atlantic City, New Jersey Appendix C: Photo Documentation Sheet 5 of 13





Location: 39.404675, -74.56800833

Habitat Type: Shrub Deciduous

**Description:** Deciduous Shrub and Herbaceous Habitat Adjacent to Cardiff Power Station

#### Photo 12

Location: 39.41371944, -74.59740556

Habitat Type: Shrub Deciduous

**Description:** Deciduous Shrub Habitat along Utility ROW

#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind Project - Cardiff Onshore Cable Route City of Atlantic City, Pleasantville Borough and Egg Harbor Township, Atlantic City, New Jersey Appendix C: Photo Documentation Sheet 6 of 13





Location: 39.41000833, -74.58545556

Habitat Type: Shrub Deciduous

#### **Description:**

Deciduous Shrub Habitat along Utility ROW between Forested Area and Pedestrian Bike Path



#### Photo 14

Location: 39.388175, -74.51403889

Habitat Type: Shrub Evergreen

**Description:** Evergreen Shrub Habitat along Abandoned Railroad Bed

#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind Project - Cardiff Onshore Cable Route City of Atlantic City, Pleasantville Borough and Egg Harbor Township, Atlantic City, New Jersey Appendix C: Photo Documentation Sheet 7 of 13





Location: 39.38483889, -74.5036

Habitat Type: Shrub Mixed

**Description:** Utility ROW Bordered by Shrub Habitat

#### Photo 16

Location: 39.40705, -74.57574444

Habitat Type: Shrub Mixed

**Description:** Mixed Shrub Habitat in Utility ROW along Pedestrian Bike Path

#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind Project - Cardiff Onshore Cable Route City of Atlantic City, Pleasantville Borough and Egg Harbor Township, Atlantic City, New Jersey Appendix C: Photo Documentation Sheet 8 of 13





Location: 39.37793333, -74.48718889

Habitat Type: Tidal Watercourse

**Description:** Tidal Stream Habitat



#### Photo 18

Location: 39.38241944, -74.49768056

Habitat Type: Tidal/Developed

**Description:** Utility ROW Bordered by Tidal Wetlands

#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind Project - Cardiff Onshore Cable Route City of Atlantic City, Pleasantville Borough and Egg Harbor Township, Atlantic City, New Jersey Appendix C: Photo Documentation Sheet 9 of 13





Location: 39.38214167, -74.49688611

Habitat Type: Tidal/Developed

Description: Utility ROW Bordered by Tidal Wetlands



#### Photo 20

Location: 39.37605278, -74.48462778

Habitat Type: Tidal/Herbaceous

**Description:** Tidal Herbaceous Wetland Habitat between Roadway and Thorofare

#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind Project - Cardiff Onshore Cable Route City of Atlantic City, Pleasantville Borough and Egg Harbor Township, Atlantic City, New Jersey Appendix C: Photo Documentation Sheet 10 of 13





Location: 39.41371111, -74.59740556

Habitat Type: Tidal/Shrub

**Description:** Shrub Habitat Abutting Freshwater Wetland Habitat



#### Photo 22

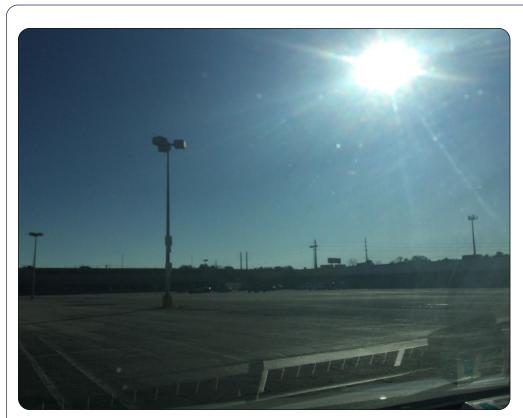
Location: 39.402817, -74.565842

Habitat Type: Developed

**Description:** Preferred Onshore Substation Location -Disturbed/Paved

#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind Project - Cardiff Onshore Cable Route City of Atlantic City, Pleasantville Borough and Egg Harbor Township, Atlantic City, New Jersey Appendix C: Photo Documentation Sheet 11 of 13





Location: 39.404442, -74.560639

Habitat Type: Developed

**Description:** Alternative Onshore Substation Location -Disturbed/Paved



#### Photo 24

Location: 39.432372, -74.624939

Habitat Type: Mixed Forest

**Description:** Northern portion of Cardiff POI Parcel facing South into mixed forest

#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind Project - Cardiff Onshore Cable Route City of Atlantic City, Pleasantville Borough and Egg Harbor Township, Atlantic City, New Jersey Appendix C: Photo Documentation Sheet 12 of 13





Location: 39.426406, -74.613472

Habitat Type: Mixed Forest

**Description:** Eastern portion of Cardiff POI Parcel west into mixed forest

Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind Project - Cardiff Onshore Cable Route City of Atlantic City, Pleasantville Borough and Egg Harbor Township, Atlantic City, New Jersey Appendix C: Photo Documentation Sheet 13 of 13



# APPENDIX D

Habitat Assessment Mapping



# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 1 of 30

Notes: 1. Basemap: NJ Office of GIS 2015 Natural Color Imagery 2. This map was generated in ArcMap on March 8, 2021. 3. This is a color graphic. Reproduction in grayscale may misrepresent the data.



**Onshore Route** Study Area

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**Onshore Route** Study Area

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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 3 of 30

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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 4 of 30

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- Onshore Route Study Area

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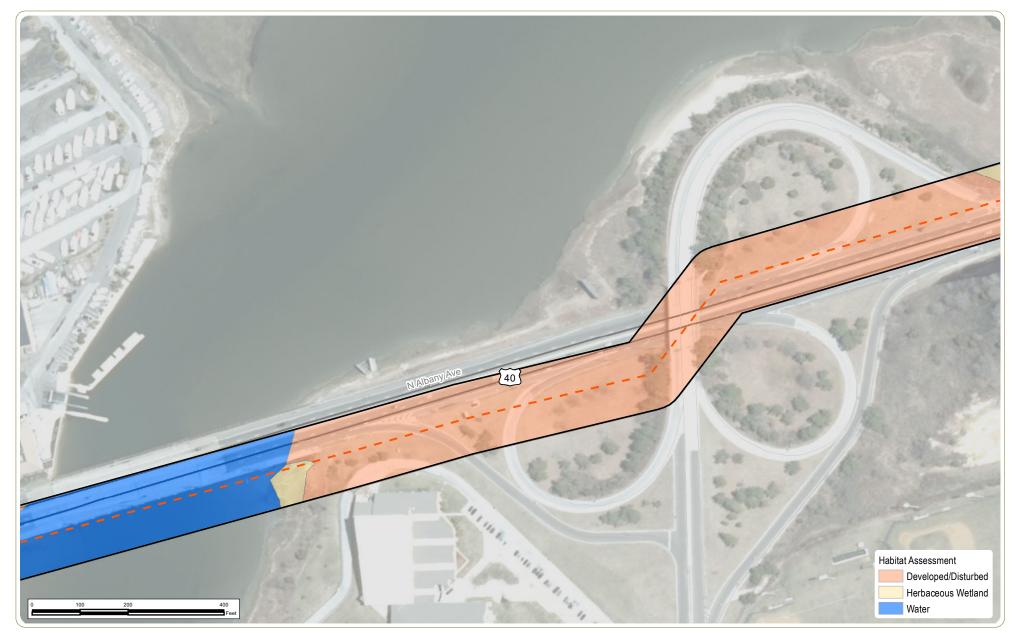
#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 5 of 30

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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 6 of 30

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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 7 of 30

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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 8 of 30

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#### Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey

Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 9 of 30

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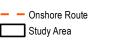




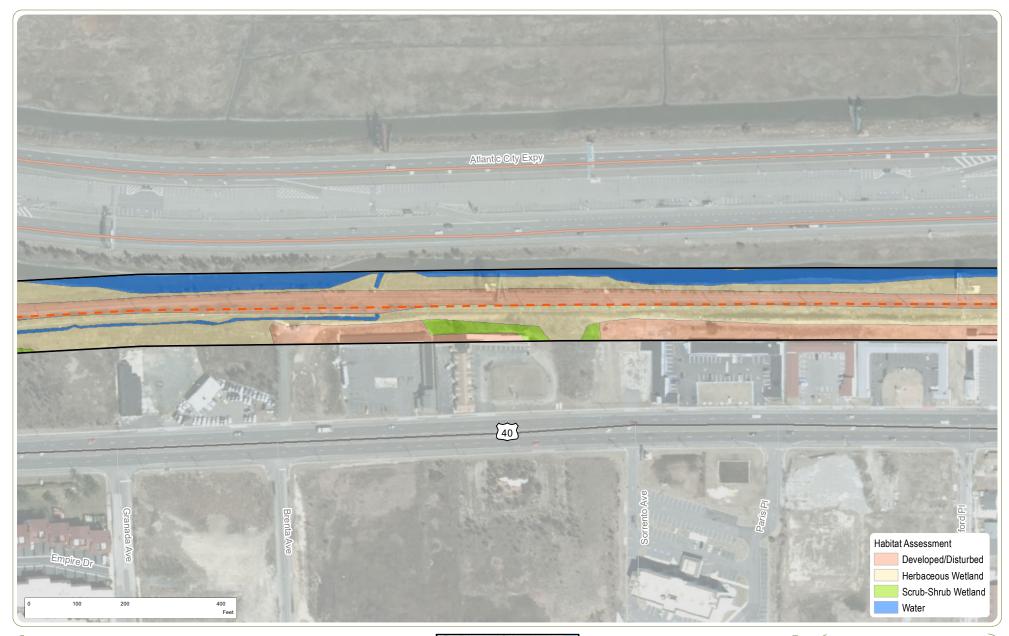
# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 10 of 30

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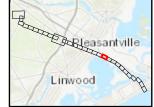






# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 11 of 30

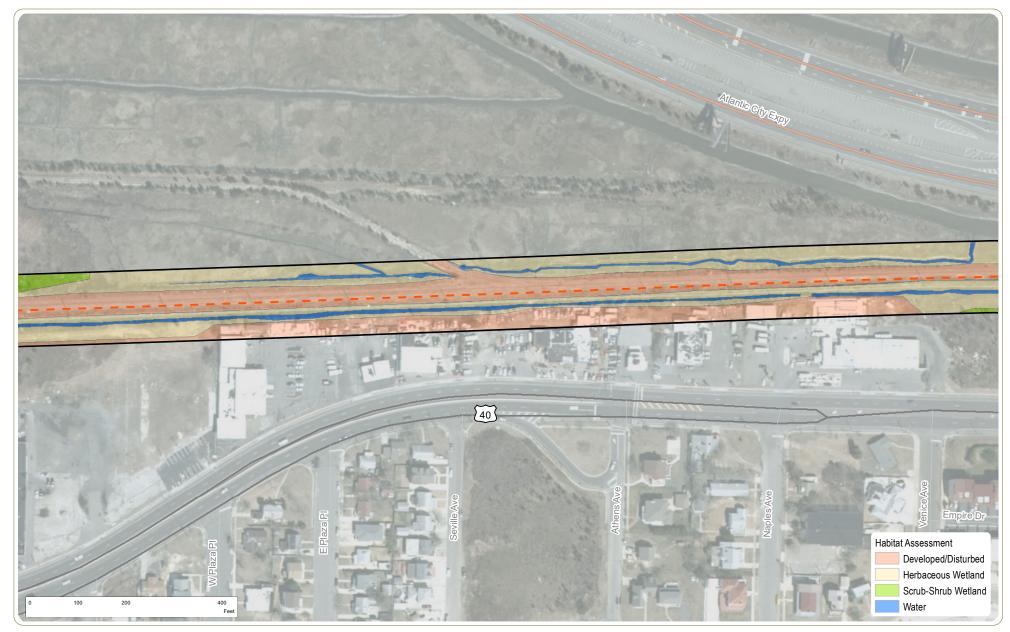
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**Onshore Route** Study Area

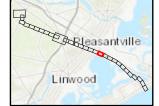
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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 12 of 30

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- Onshore Route Study Area

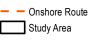
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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 13 of 30

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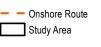




# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 14 of 30

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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 15 of 30

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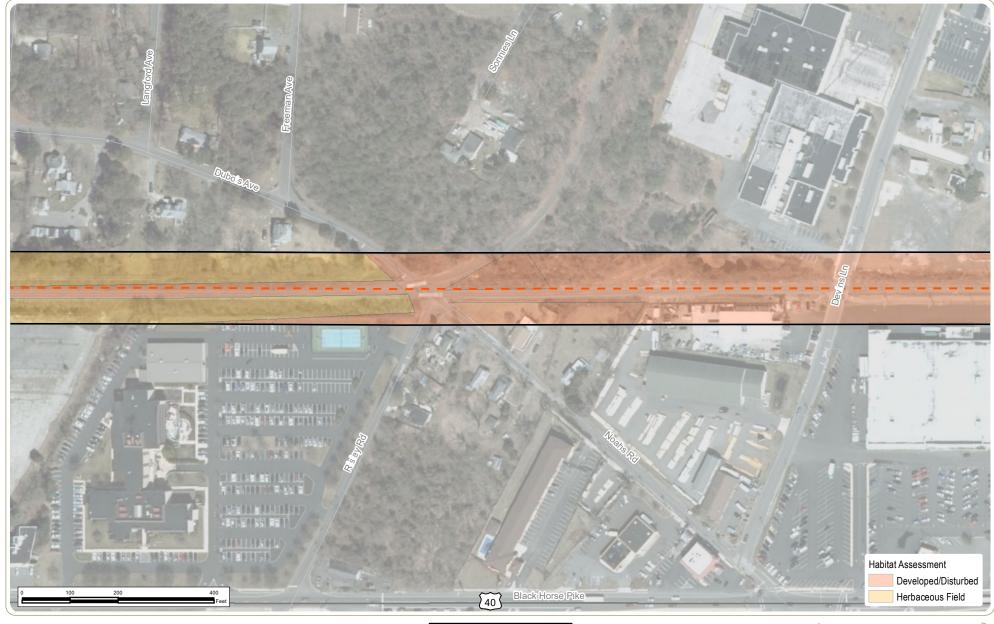


# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 16 of 30

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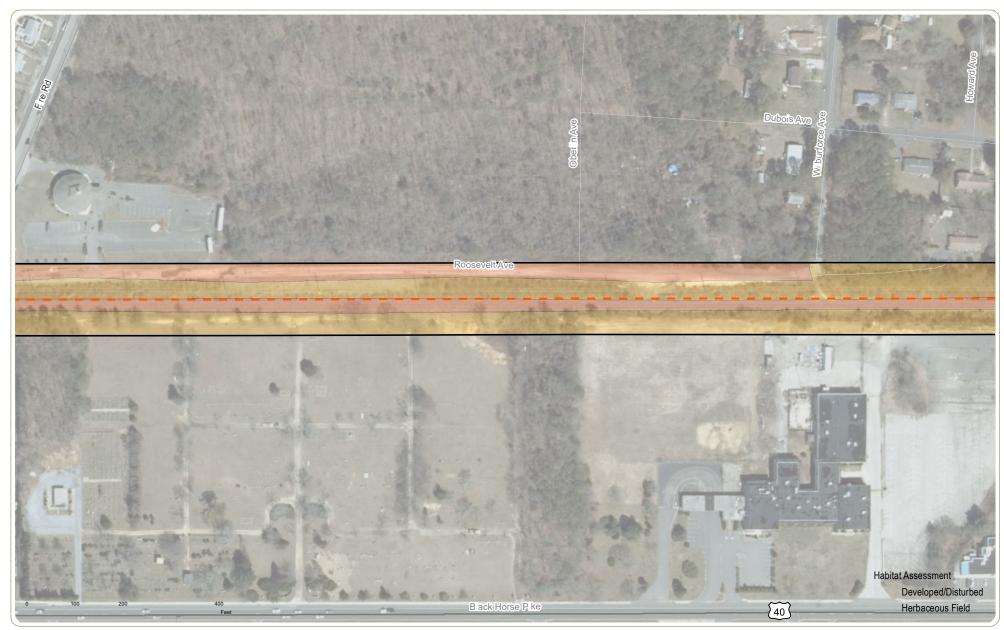


# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 17 of 30

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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 18 of 30

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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 19 of 30

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Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 20 of 30

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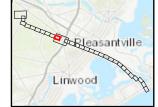






# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 21 of 30

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**Onshore Route** Study Area

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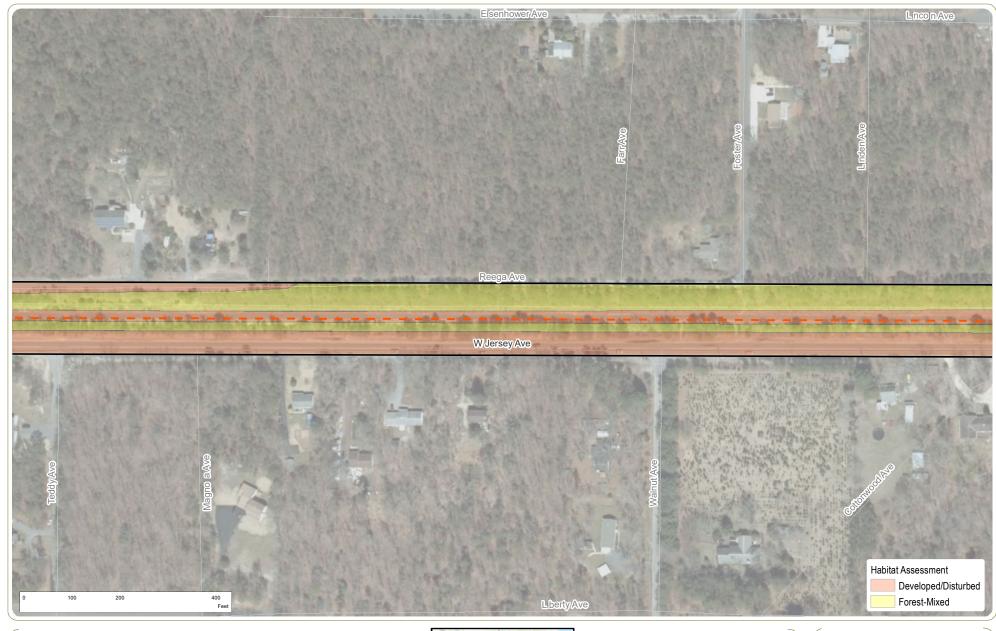


# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 22 of 30

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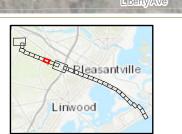






# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 23 of 30

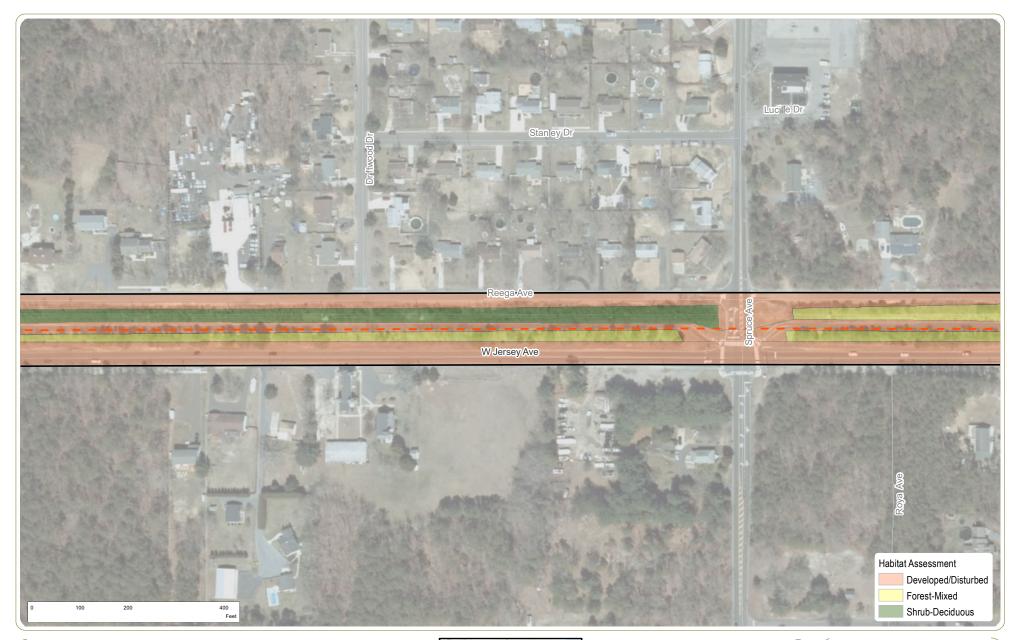
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**Onshore Route** Study Area

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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 24 of 30

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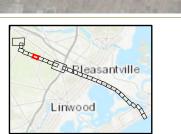
**Onshore Route** Study Area

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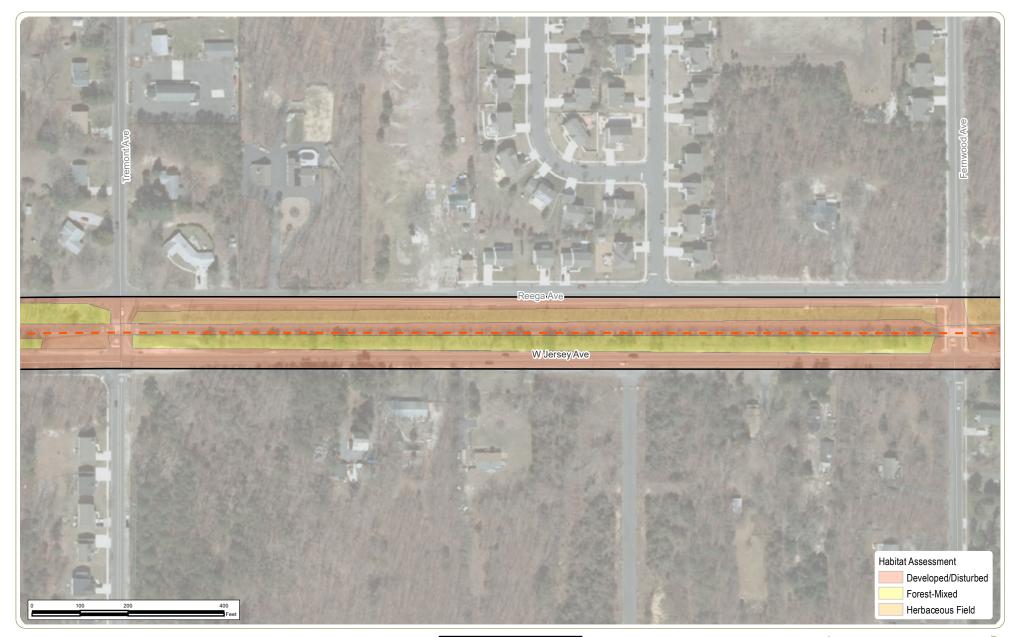


# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 25 of 30

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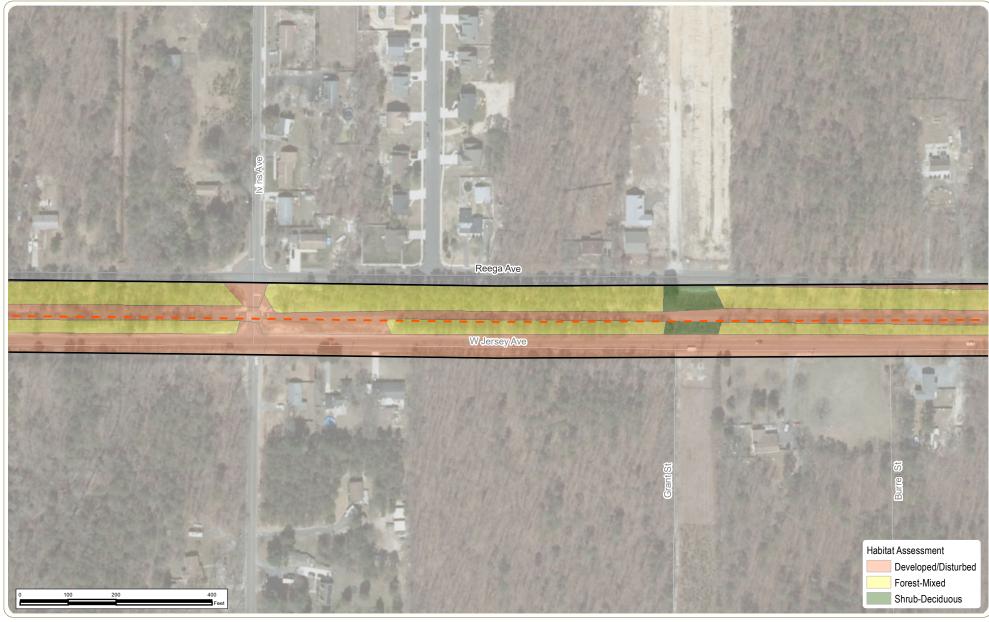


# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 26 of 30

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Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 27 of 30

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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 28 of 30

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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 29 of 30

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**Onshore Route** Study Area

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# Habitat Suitability Assessment Report Atlantic Shores Offshore Wind – Cardiff Onshore Cable Route Borough of Egg Harbor Township, Pleasantville City, and the City of Atlantic City Atlantic County, New Jersey Habitat Assessment Mapping Sheet 30 of 30

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