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3	Bureau of Ocean Energy Management
4	Scoping Meeting
5	Gulf of Mexico
6	Geological and Geophysical (G&G) Activities
7	Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)
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15	Gulfport, Mississippi
16	Marriott Gulfport Beachfront Hotel
17	June 13, 2013
18	6:30 p.m.
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24	Reported by: Patsy C. Poteat, CCR
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1 2	Appearances:
3	Beth Nord
4	Gary Goeke
5	
6	Howard Page
7	Bob Davidge
8	Also Present:
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10	Tamara Artz
11	Travis Olivier
12	Cathy Rosa
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MS. NORD:

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Good evening. Thanks for joining us this evening. You have arrived at the scoping meeting for the Gulf of Mexico, G&G EIS. As you can see from the first slide, we're on our fourth meeting in a series of seven across the Gulf of Mexico Region. And we have our final meeting up in Silver Spring, Maryland, where our headquarters and the National Marine Fisheries Service headquarters is located, or in the general D.C. area.

Next slide, please. We're here to talk about an EIS document that we are going to bepreparing. We have two agencies that are going to be co-leads on this EIS: the Bureau of Ocean and Energy Management, which is who we are with, which is a division of the Department of Interior. And our mission is to oversee the safe and environmentally responsible development of the Outer Continental Shelf. We are working on our EIS with the National Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA. And their mission is to protect

the nation's living resources, and not just in the Gulf of Mexico, but in the marine environments.

Go ahead. Again, here's our mandate. And basically we're to make resources in the Outer Continental Shelf available and expeditiously and orderly develop those resources, subject to environmental safeguards. And that's why we are involved in the EIS process.

Okav. The National Environmental Policy Act is the over-arching environmental law that deals with protecting the environment and relates to federal agencies considering actions, performing federal actions. requires us to identify and assess alternatives to the proposed action. Ιt also requires us to get input from the public for decision-making and to incorporate environmental and other technical information into our documents. And another main thing that we need to do is to coordinate and consult with other federal, state, and local agencies.

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To develop the EIS, the general process is identifying the purpose and need, alternatives, impacting factors, potentially affected environmental and socioeconomic resources. We also need to consider cumulative impacts, identify mitigation measures, measures where we can reduce the impact in our proposed alternatives. And we need to establish consultation and coordination with state, federal, and local agencies.

The Council on Environmental Quality is the federal agency that has identified the framework and the regulations for how federal agencies implement NEPA. see, we have a step-wise process, shown on the right-hand side of the slide in green, and it talks about preparing a notice of intent, it shows scoping, draft EIS, comment period, and finally EIS and decision-making.

And you can see, we're early in the process here. We're starting scoping.

interested parties, industry. And what 1 2 we're going to do with our scoping 3 information is, we're going to use that information to help us make our decision 4 in an informed manner. We're going to 5 6 identify resources that are necessary to 7 evaluate, because they're likely to be impacted, and eliminate other resources 8 that may not be significant. And we're 9 going to use -- We're going to identify 10 information that may not be available. 11 Okay. So, again, we're early in the 12 process. You saw that we were the second 13 box as we dropped -- stepped through. 14 15 And scoping -- The purpose of scoping is to gather input. So we're hoping that 16 these meetings that we're having across 17 the Gulf and in the D.C. area will allow 18 19 us to get information, both from the public and from federal, state, and local 2.0 21 agencies and other interested parties and 2.2. organizations and industry. We talked earlier about some of the 2.3 consultations that we will be conducting 24 25 as a part of the EIS preparation.

1	NEPA, there are which is kind of the
2	umbrella environmental law we have
3	some of the other environmental laws that
4	we are going to be coordinating for.
5	Most of these relate to activities with
6	National Marine Fisheries Service, or
7	NOAA, Marine Mammal Protection Act,
8	National Marine Sanctuary Act,
9	Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation
10	Act.
11	But we also have consultations that
12	we do with other agencies, state agencies
13	like the Coastal Zone Management Act,
14	Endangered Species Act. We coordinate
15	both with National Marine Fisheries
16	Service and Fish and Wildlife Service.
17	So all these consultations will be
18	incorporated into what we're doing with
19	the EIS.
20	Go ahead. Okay. So what types of

Go ahead. Okay. So what types of activities are we talking about when we talk about geophysical and geological surveys? So this is an example of a seismic survey that would be considered a geophysical survey. And what we have is

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a vessel that is towing an acoustic sound source. And we have receivers that are also being towed by the same vessel. The sound source is emitting sounds. They're bouncing off the bottom, the subsurface, and they are being reflected up and information is gathered — received by the receivers.

This would be a very basic type of seismic survey. Some of the larger surveys that go on currently in the Gulf of Mexico employ multiple vessels, multiple tow lines. They don't necessarily go in a straight line. of them do coil surveys, where they are actually running in spirals. So this just shows you a basic example of that type of survey. They utilize many different types of sound-producing sources. Or some activities -- You may have heard of air guns or other high-resolution geophysical devices. our EIS would be covering a variety of activities, in a variety of sensors.

So what are these G&G activities used

1	for? They're used to generate data for
2	oil and gas exploration and development.
3	They're used to generate data for
4	renewable energy, siting sites,
5	identifying what is below the water on
6	the sea floor that would identify if an
7	area is suitable for, say, a platform for
8	a windmill to be built on related to
9	renewables.
10	We also have marine mineral

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We also have marine mineral investigations. That would be looking at what's on the sea floor to see if the sand or the gravel is suitable, let's say, for a coastal restoration or a beach nourishment project. So the G&G activities cover a variety of activities and program areas that BOEM oversees.

Okay. Go ahead. And this is just a listing of some of the geophysical and geological surveys. 2D, 3D, 4D seismic, high-resolution seismic, nodes and ocean bottom cables. That's where you would have your receivers actually strung out on the bottom instead of being towed by a vessel.

1	And then geological surveys would
2	be cores, box cores, piston cores. So
3	that would be for mechanical removal of
4	some of the sand from the bottom.
5	And then another type of survey that
6	we would likely be analyzing in the EIS
7	are some emerging technologies. And one
8	of those is called marine vibroseis.
9	Go ahead. The area that we would be
10	evaluating in the Programmatic EIS is the
11	area outlined in white. It includes the
12	three Gulf of Mexico planning areas: the
13	western, central, and eastern planning
14	area, as well as state water bottoms,
15	excluding estuaries along the Coast. So
16	we're not just looking at federal waters;
17	we're going to be actually looking at
18	some state waters as well. The red
19	dotted line shows the federal-state line.
20	So you can see that the white line
21	extends further inshore than out.
22	Go ahead. Okay. Why are we doing
23	this EIS? We need to assess the
24	programmatic impacts of multiple G&G
25	activities in the Gulf of Mexico so that

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we can use this information for future permitting and approvals for G&G activities.

We need to identify monitoring and mitigation activities that we may need to implement in conjunction with these activities to reduce impacts. And we need to have information available so that our partner, National Marine Fisheries Service, can do what we're making under the Marine Mammal Protection Act to actually approve impacts associated with seismic activities.

Go ahead. Okay. So as I said
before, we issue permits for authorized
activities, for G&G activities, oil and
gas, marine mineral and renewable and the
National Marine Fisheries Service permits
what are called Incidental Take
Authorizations under the Marine Mammal
Protection Act. And that relates to
impacting marine mammals. In this case,
it would likely be disturbance of the
marine mammals from the sounds generated
by the acoustic sources. And the goal is

1	to develop this EIS so that we can use it
2	as our over-arching document,
3	environmental documents for permitting.
4	And they can use it as their over-arching
5	document to develop the rulemaking.
6	Go ahead. Okay. So what kind of
7	information are we looking for from you,
8	or what kind of things could you help us
9	with? One of the things that we talked
10	about earlier is that we look at
11	potential resources to analyze. A NEPA
12	document is not necessarily encyclopedic.
13	So what we would like to do is lay out
14	what potential resources could be
15	impacted, and then identify ones that
16	could be impacted significantly.
17	Resources that we typically analyze
18	in the Gulf of Mexico region are listed
19	on the screen. And that is one of the
20	ways that we could get public input in
21	the scoping process, if you have any
22	additional resources that you think
23	should be analyzed and addressed in the
24	EIS, or resources that you see on the
25	list but you think are especially

1	significant that we should identify.
2	Go ahead. Another area where we're
3	looking for information or help is
4	identifying impacting factors. And,
5	again, this is a list of potential
6	impacting factors that we anticipate, you
7	know, for this project. But do you have
8	any other impacting factors that you've
9	identified? We already said that
10	acoustic sound sources and impacts to
11	marine mammals were possible with our
12	activities. There's also vessel
13	equipment noise that are associated with
14	these kind of activities. We could be
15	impacting commercial and recreational
16	fishing. There will be sea floor
17	disturbance if we're coring or doing box
18	cores. So, again, this is an area where
19	we could get input from the public or
20	industry.
21	Go ahead. As a part of the NEPA
22	process, we need to consider and evaluate
23	not just a proposed action or preferred
24	alternative, but a variety of
25	alternatives. So we have to evaluate a

no-action alternative as well as a 1 2 proposed action and then other 3 alternatives so that we can move through the process and fairly look at options 4 5 before making a final decision about what 6 the federal action is going to be. Other alternatives that are potential for this project is various mitigation 8 measures and technologies that would 9 reduce impacts, in conjunction with 10 performing the G&G activities. 11 Go ahead. Some examples of 12 mitigation measures that could be 13 analyzed and then potentially ultimately 14 included in a preferred alternative are 15 listed on the slide. And it talks about 16 passive acoustic monitoring, which is 17 identifying if they're using sound to 18 19 identify if there are marine mammals in an area even if you can't visually see 2.0 21 them on a surface. 2.2. Separation distances for concurrent surveys. So that's keeping those boats 2.3 or those vessels that we saw on that 24 25 slide apart so that the sounds that

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they're making aren't impacting the same area. Lowest practicable sound source level. Minimizing the sounds that are coming out the devices. And then also things like avoiding sensitive benthic communities.

Next slide. Right now, we have our tentative schedule posted. There are many opportunities to participate in this process. They're indicated in red on the slide. And so right now we're in the scoping meeting is one opportunity. But, also, we have a public comment period that is associated with the scoping meetings that is between May 10 and July 9. So that you can have an opportunity, if you would like to provide comments, if you don't want to speak tonight, through another method that we'll talk about later.

And then as we develop the document and put out a draft EIS, there's an opportunity to comment on that. And actually, there's another opportunity when we publish the final EIS. So

1	there's many opportunities to
2	participate.
3	Go ahead. What we have set up is a
4	station for comments. However, we don't
5	have anybody signed up at this time to
6	provide comments.
7	MR. GOEKE:
8	Oh, we do.
9	MS. NORD:
10	Oh, we do? Okay. Super! So we have
11	Mr. Howard Page.
12	MR. HOWARD PAGE:
13	Go ahead? Three minutes?
14	MS. NORD:
15	Come on up. We'll have the
16	microphone on. And please address Gary.
17	MR. HOWARD PAGE:
18	Yes, my name is Howard Page. And I
19	work with a group called the Steps of
20	Coalition here on the Gulf Coast. And
21	the thing I would like to focus on is
22	sensitivity to the impacts of the BP
23	spill. So, you have some very thoughtful
24	considerations of marine mammals and sea
25	turtles and benthic environments, of

these activities in general. But I think
we should be aware that we have some
injured populations. And until the NRDA
work is done, which is going to actually
take quite a long time But as NRDA
does their work, we really don't know
what the impacts were yet.

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So, for example, the marine mammals. Not only do we always need to be sensitive of how this sonic activity affects whales and dolphins, but we need to recognize that these populations have somehow been harmed by the BP spill, and very likely at least we've seen a lot of dolphin mortality — unusual dolphin mortality here on the Coast.

And so I would ask that that be considered, that in the future, since we're recovering from the impacts of the BP spill that we be aware that we have not healthy populations that we need to be cautious with; we actually have some injured and recovering populations.

And I would especially ask that that be looked at with benthic areas. Because

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I think that's the most out-of-sight out-of-mind populations. And there's a great deal of concern that the oil and dispersants went down to the benthic layer and still may be down at the benthic layer.

And what I understand is, some of the species in the benthic layer grow very slowly and live very long. And so -- And we know less about them than we know about other parts of the ecosystem. So I would ask that any studies that we do really look at what harm has been done to the benthic layer, what was probably the healthy, you know, -- the healthy situation before the spill, what has been harmed. And I think that's the -- We know the least about them. And I just have this big concern that there's discussants and oil still down there. And we really don't know what value they add to the ecosystem. And they probably do add some pretty significant values. That we look carefully at the benthic populations.

1	And then I'd like to finish by saying
2	that I support all the mitigation
3	measures that I heard about, sonic uses.
4	And I know, it would seem like you would
5	want to do what's effective but minimize
6	the volume of the sound and be careful
7	that the marine mammals aren't in the
8	area and sea turtles aren't in the area,
9	as best you can.
10	But one thing I didn't see, and you
11	probably do consider this, but in
12	addition to the individual events, I
13	would ask that you look at the frequency
14	and duration. So how often Even
15	assuming that these are relatively
16	healthy activities that you're doing or
17	harmless, I'm sorry, activities to the
18	populations, but even assuming that
19	you've taken some caution to look at how
20	often these populations are exposed and
21	how long these populations are exposed.
22	Thank you.
23	MR. GOEKE:
24	Good points. Thank you.
25	

1	MS. NORD:
2	Thank you. Okay. We didn't have
3	anybody else sign up, but, sir, you just
4	came in. Did you want to sign up to
5	speak or
6	MR. BOB DAVIDGE:
7	No. I work for BP, and I come to the
8	various I don't know if you even want
9	to know. My name is Bob Davidge.
10	MR. GOEKE:
11	If you wouldn't mind coming to the
12	microphone so that we can all hear you.
13	Thank you.
14	MR. BOB DAVIDGE:
15	Since you asked me to come up here, I
16	apologize for coming late. I went to the
17	Coliseum because that's where the Restore
18	Council meeting was the other night. I
19	just got programmed and realized when
20	everybody was crossing the street for the
21	fair, I was in the wrong place.
22	I'm Bob Davidge. I work for BP. I
23	live here on the Coast. And I've been
24	with them since the oil spill. I was
25	with the casinos before that. And I'm

1	here because it's my community. It's my
2	Gulf of Mexico. I raised my family here.
3	I care. And they certainly support me
4	and my efforts here. And if you have
5	some questions, I'll try to help the best
6	I can. But sorry about coming in late.
7	MS. NORD:
8	Oh, that's okay.
9	MR. BOB DAVIDGE:
10	Thank you for doing this.
11	MS. NORD:
12	Sure. Okay. What we're going to do
13	is, we're going to just take a 15-minute
14	break. But before we do that, let's
15	quick go to the next two slides.
16	Okay. So if you don't want to
17	comment on the microphone today, that's
18	fine. That's no problem. We've got a
19	lot of different opportunities to
20	comment. The comment period is going to
21	be until July 9. We have an email
22	address that's listed on that slide. We
23	also have regulations.gov. The
24	directions on how to find those are
25	listed in the special information sheet

that you guys already have in the packets 1 2 that you received. And then the third 3 old reliable way to send comments is always snail mail. So the mailing 4 5 address is there. And I don't know if you notice, you have a comment sheet in your package. If you want to use that, there's already an address put on the 8 back so you can use that for additional 9 10 comments, if you have any. One more slide, please. We also have 11 a website set up that has more 12 information about the different survey 13 techniques, devices, information about 14 15 the mitigation measures that are

currently in use in the Gulf of Mexico. So if you would like to get some more specific information, you can go to that site. And if you want to get on our EIS

mailing list, you see that other address

below.

Again, your information packets have a variety of information. And the information about commenting is on there so you don't have to scramble to write

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1	all those addresses down.
2	Okay. We're going to take a
3	15-minute break. We'll come back. If
4	you have questions in the meantime, talk
5	to Gary, me. Tamara is in the audience.
6	We'll go off the record.
7	(Recess)
8	MS. NORD:
9	Okay. We're going to go back on the
10	record. Did we have anybody that wanted
11	to come up and speak again? Howard, did
12	you want to come back up?
13	MR. HOWARD PAGE:
14	I did want to say one more thing on
15	the record.
16	MS. NORD:
17	Sure.
18	MR. HOWARD PAGE:
19	Howard Page with the Steps of
20	Coalition. I did want to add that I
21	understand that this year was the highest
22	year of domestic oil production that
23	we've had. And it was also the highest
24	increase in domestic oil production that
25	we've had. And based on that, I want to

1	take from that that we don't have owners'
2	regulations so that we're safe in having
3	regulation of these activities. So even
4	with the status quo, we're having huge
5	increases and plenty of production. So I
6	wanted to I'm sorry. There was
7	something else I was trying to think of.
8	Thank you.
9	MR. GOEKE:
10	Good. Thank you.
11	MS. NORD:
12	Okay. Did anybody else have any
13	other comments?
14	Like I said, look at your information
15	packets. There's all the email addresses
16	and ways to comment on there as well as
17	if you want to sign up for the EIS list.
18	So thank you, everybody, for coming,
19	and we're going to close the meeting.
20	Thank you.
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CERTIFICATE
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 3
      STATE OF ALABAMA
      COUNTY OF MOBILE )
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 5
            I, Patsy C. Poteat, CCR, as Commissioner,
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 7
      hereby certify that the above proceedings were taken
      down by me and transcribed by me using computer-aided
 8
 9
      transcription and that the above is a true and
      correct transcript of said proceedings taken down by
10
      me and transcribed by me.
11
12
            I further certify that I am neither of kin nor
      of counsel to any of the parties nor in anywise
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14
      financially interested in the outcome of this case.
            I further certify that I am duly licensed by
15
16
      the Alabama Board of Court Reporting as a Certified
17
      Court Reporter as evidenced by the ACCR number
18
      following my name found below.
            So certified on this, the 13th day of June,
19
20
      2013.
21
22
23
      Commission Expires:
                                 Patsy C. Poteat, ACCR #236
24
      December 18, 2016
                                 Freelance Court Reporter
25
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