



BioStratigraphics
Consulting Micropaleontology

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ARCO

NORTH ALEUTIAN SHELF COST NO. 1

JOB #05820107

RADIOLARIA REPORT

Received
DISTRICT
OIL AND GAS OFFICE

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Minerals Management Service
Alaska

Interpreted by:

Stanley A. Kling

Biostratigrapher Consultant



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January 26, 1983

ARCO Exploration Company
P.O. Box 360
Anchorage, Alaska 99510

ATTENTION: Mr. David M. Hite


SUBJECT: Radiolarian Report - ARCO North Aleutian
Shelf C.O.S.T. No. 1, Bering Sea, Alaska


Submitted here is the Radiolarian Report for the
ARCO North Aleutian Shelf C.O.S.T. No. 1 well.

The samples were processed and examined by BioStratigraphics, San Diego, California. The resultant analysis was based on the study of recovered radiolarians.

Please call us if you wish to discuss further any of our results.

Sincerely,


Stanley A. Kling
Biostratigrapher Consultant


A.D. Warren
Senior Biostratigrapher
Manager

SAK:ADW/jam

CONTENTS

SUMMARY.....2
INTRODUCTION.....2
 Scope.....2
 Procedures.....2
 Format.....3
BIOSTRATIGRAPHIC RESULTS.....3
CONCLUSIONS.....4

SUMMARY

Only a few specimens of Radiolaria were recovered from foraminifera preparations in the North Aleutian Shelf C.O.S.T. No. 1 well. None was age-diagnostic.

INTRODUCTION

Scope

BioStratigraphics prepared and analyzed 175 samples of ditch cuttings, 152 sidewall cores, and 145 conventional core samples from the North Aleutian Shelf C.O.S.T. No. 1 well for radiolarians. Ditch cutting samples were composited over 90 foot intervals.

Procedures

Samples were disaggregated in water with hydrogen peroxide and sieved on a mesh with 74-micrometer openings. The retained fractions were mounted on glass slides for examination in transmitted light.

Format

Results are presented in a following section. Data are combined for intervals over which no significant change was noted. This is followed by a Conclusions section.

Estimates of relative abundance of species are abbreviated as follows: abundant (A), common (C), few (F), rare (R), and very rare (V).

BIOSTRATIGRAPHIC RESULTS

Occurrences of Radiolaria in radiolarian preparations are compiled below for the individual samples in which they were found. Other samples were barren of radiolarians.

Radiolarians were also encountered in foraminifera preparations. These were checked and found to contain no diagnostic species. Readers are referred to the foraminifera report for these occurrences.

Sidewall Core

1545'

<u>Age.</u>	Indeterminate
<u>Species.</u>	Unidentified altered spongodiscids
<u>Remarks.</u>	Altered radiolarians at this depth are probably reworked.

Core 1

3392.8'

<u>Age.</u>	Indeterminate
<u>Species.</u>	Stylodictya validispina (V).

Sidewall Cores

10,730', 10,829'

<u>Age.</u>	Indeterminate
<u>Species.</u>	Questionable radiolarians, altered.

Ditch Cuttings

11,670-11,760'

<u>Age.</u>	Indeterminate
<u>Species.</u>	Cenosphaera? sp. (V).

CONCLUSIONS

Recovery of radiolarians was negligible in the North Aleutian Shelf C.O.S.T. No. 1 well. No age-diagnostic forms were identified.